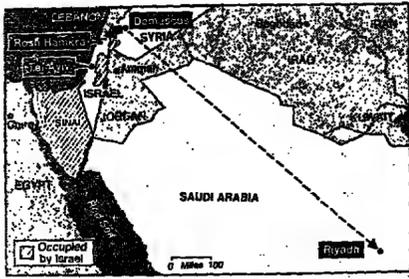
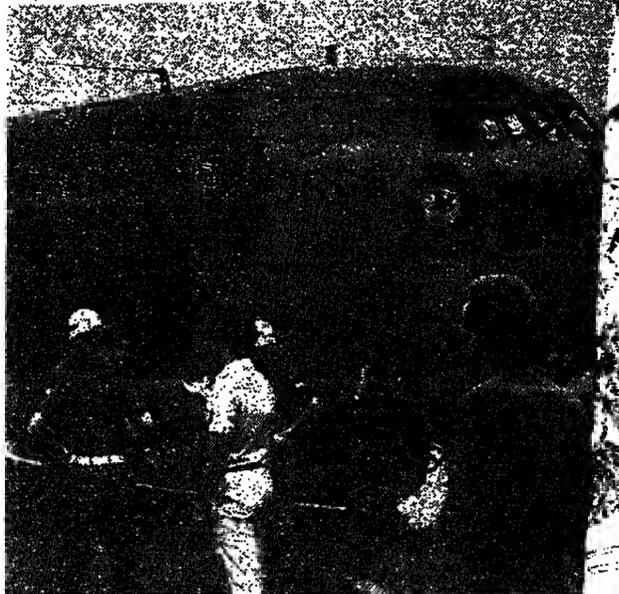


Saudi Arabian Plane Strays Over Israel and Is Forced Down



The New York Times/April 13, 1976
Saudi plane heading from Damascus for Riyadh strayed over Rosh Hanikra and was forced down at Tel Aviv.



United Press
Israeli military police and Air Force personnel stand by the Saudi Arabian transport that was forced down by Israeli fighters and landed at Ben-Gurion.

TEL AVIV, April 12—A Saudi Arabian military transport plane, bound from Damascus, Syria, strayed over northern Israel today and was forced by Israeli fighter craft to land at Tel Aviv.

Israeli officials said the plane and its occupants would be allowed to continue on their way after the completion of questioning, and the crew was expected to wait until morning to take off.

Of the 36 persons aboard the transport, a Lockheed C-130, three were Americans under contract to the manufacturer to provide training for the two-member Saudi crew and other Syrian airmen.

25 Are Syrian Soldiers

Twenty-five of the passengers were soldiers of the Saudi expeditionary force, which has served in Syria since the Middle East war of October 1973. The six others were identified as civilians, one of whom said he was a Pakistani student.

Israeli military headquarters here said the interception occurred in early afternoon over Rosh Hanikra, an Israeli settlement on the Mediterranean coast near the Lebanese border. On landing at Ben-Gurion International Airport here, the Saudi plane was surrounded by trucks and other vehicles to discourage any attempt to take off.

According to an Israeli who was present during the first questioning of the crew, the Americans, identified as Arthur Phillips, co-pilot; Larry Chrysler, flight engineer; and Charles Smith, cargo supervisor, said the plane, on a flight from Damascus to Riyadh, had strayed over Israel because the compass was defective. They reported that they discovered their navigational error only when Israeli jet fighters appeared around them.

The Saudi pilot, a major, argued violently with the Americans over who was responsible for the error, the Israeli source said.

The Americans were released to a United States Embassy representative and given lodging at homes of staff members.

The remaining occupants of the plane were accommodated in the officers' club of an Israeli Air Force base where they were questioned. Defense Minister Ehud Barak ordered their landing wheels as a sign that the craft should follow them, and the transport complied promptly.

Three years ago, the pilot of a Libyan airliner with 113 persons aboard refused instructions to land on being intercepted over the occupied Sinai Peninsula, and the plane was shot down. Two passengers and one member of the crew survived.

A Mail Plane, Saudis Say

JIDDA, Saudi Arabia, April 12—The Saudi Government radio station, in a brief account of the incident, asserted tonight that the transport involved had been a "military mail aircraft."

In its 10 P.M. English-language broadcast for foreigners here, the station said that "the Government of Saudi Arabia is taking the necessary measures to ensure the immediate release of the plane and its passengers" but did not elaborate.

The radio reported that a squadron of Israeli fighters had intercepted the plane while it was "on an ordinary flight from Damascus today noon," but did not indicate the plane's precise destination, its course, or its location when intercepted.

MAIL SUBSCRIPTION U.S. TERRITORIES:
Monday and Sunday, \$12.00; 52 issues, \$62.00.
Tuesday through Saturday, \$10.00; 52 issues, \$52.00.
Sunday only, \$12.00; 52 issues, \$62.00.
Daily, \$1.00; 365 issues, \$365.00.
Rates to other countries on request.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS is entitled exclusively to the use for reproduction of all news dispatches credited to it or not credited in this paper and local news or photographs or other matter herein. Rights of reproduction of all other matter herein are also reserved.

**lightest of the lightweights
OUR OWN MAKE SHIRTS
OF ALL-COTTON BATISTE**

Zephyrweight cotton batiste...the most comfortable shirting you can wear when the temperature climbs. We have cut and sewn this excellent fabric in our own workrooms on both our short and long sleeve models with our plain (Tennis) collar. White or blue. \$16

Mail orders invited or telephone 697-3131.

ESTABLISHED 1818
Brooks Brothers CLOTHING
Men's & Boys' Furnishings, Hats & Shoes

146 MADISON AVE., COR. 4th ST., NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017
111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10006
696 WHITE PLAINS ROAD, SCARSDALE, N.Y. 10583

Branches: ATLANTA, BOSTON, CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, DALLAS, DETROIT, HOUSTON, LOS ANGELES, PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURGH, ST. LOUIS, WASHINGTON, DC.

THE EUROPEAN LOOK

GLEN GUARD creates this outstanding fashion, with the new European look, for the sophisticated American man with a zest for living. Add Kolmer-Marcus impeccable fit and you've got the best of both worlds.

GLEN GUARD SUITS FROM \$285.
OTHER EUROPEAN LOOK SUITS FROM \$160.

Kolmer-Marcus
because "they won't let you wear it unless it fits."
Broadway at 37th / Open Thursdays to 7.
We honor American Express, Master Charge, BankAmericard.

The Capture of the Unicorn

Cartier captures the mythological symbol of purity in a striking crystal sculpture.

From the dramatic spiral horn to the long curving mane, every detail is carved by hand to create an impressive work of art. 5 1/4" high. 75. The Gift Salon.

Add sales tax where applicable and 2.00 each for handling beyond our delivery area.

Cartier
Fifth Avenue and 52nd Street, New York 10022 (212) 753-0111
PALM BEACH - PARIS - LONDON - MONTE CARLO - GENEVA
CANNES - MARRAKECH - HONG KONG - TOKYO
We honor the American Express Credit Card.

Yves Saint-Laurent

our man in Paris gives us adventurous new plaids, discreet small patterns, unexpected combinations of forms and colors. The ties you've been waiting for, 13.50 each in The Mon's Shop, Street Floor, Lord & Taylor, Fifth Avenue, and at all Lord & Taylor stores.

FR. TRIPLER & CO.
Established 1886

366 MADISON AVENUE AT 46TH STREET, NEW YORK 10017 • 1-212

SPRING'S LATEST VESTED LOC

The vested suit for spring and summer smooth polyester A cooling combination light in weight in color. Soft tan

Save At FLAKS-34 STREET

CLEARANCE SALE

CONVERTIBLE SOFAS

OUTSTANDING & UNBEATABLE VALUES
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

SEVERAL WRITE-UPS IN N.Y. MAGAZINE

THE ORIGINAL **Flaks** OUR ONLY LOCATION
49 East 34 St.
Between Park & Madison Aves.
Master Charge • BankAmericard

WELL KNOWN FOR OVER 25 YEARS
Daily to 7; Thurs. to 8; SATURDAY TO 6

★★★★★

STEAKS plus SPECIAL PASSOVER MENU

THE ASSEMBLY STEAKHOUSE
16 WEST 51 ST.
PRE-THEATRE DINNER \$10.95
Free Parking (Reservations)
Dinner • Lunch • Late Dinner • Closed Sundays

Good news for the indecisive!

The Four Seasons now offers:
Complete Dinner before-theatre, 5:00 pm til 7:00 pm.
Complete Dinner after-theatre, 10:00 pm til 11:00 pm.

\$13.50 prix fixe

THE FOUR SEASONS
49 E. 52nd St., PL 4-9494

Units Reported

Yves Saint-Laurent

Agrees

Societ Exit Visa

FR. TRIPLER & CO.

THE ASSEMBLY STEAKHOUSE

Good news for the indecisive!

Save At FLAKS-34 STREET

مكرامن الاصيل

West Bank Voting Is Lively but Peaceful

Special to The New York Times
HEBRON, Israeli-Occupied West Bank, April 12—Tens of thousands of Arabs cast their ballots today in elections for mayors and municipal councils that were widely expected to usher in a younger and more militant leadership on the occupied West Bank of the Jordan. The final results of the voting in 22 towns and villages will not be known until tomorrow, but young radicals sympathetic to the Palestine Liberation Organization and the resurgent West Bank Communist Party were the heavy favorites in many contests.

Despite blustery winds and rain in the morning, more than 72 percent of the 88,000 eligible voters had cast ballots by 6 P.M. This number included more than 34,000 women, who were voting for the first time. No incidents marred the balloting, the first since 1972 and the second since Israel occupied the Jordanian West Bank area in 1967.

Here and in Bethlehem, Ramallah and other West Bank towns, the voting went on throughout the day in a festive atmosphere. The women seemed to enjoy the process hugely. They turned out in proportionately heavy numbers, but, in accordance with Moslem custom, cast their ballots at separate polling places.

Most of the men of the West Bank seemed to accept women's suffrage, an Israeli innovation, but the men of Kabatie, a small village near Jenin, flatly refused to permit their women to vote or run for office. In the nearby village of Tubas, however, a 36-year-old woman was among the candidates for mayor.

The Israeli authorities, in deciding six months ago to hold new elections, hoped to win support for generally moderate leaders who would cooperate with the military administration. They provided a third negotiating alternative to Jordan and the Palestine Liberation Organization.

However, the recent riots and demonstrations on the West Bank and Israeli attempts to establish new settlements, intensified nationalist feeling among the voters.



Personal carrier moving down the main Beirut-Damascus road inside yesterday. Syrian troops were sighted digging in six miles inside Lebanon.

Syrian Units Reported in Lebanon

on Page 1, Col. 4
 he country, some that a Syrian led the siege of the town, Al-Qusse accounts, too, confirmed. at Damascus to Hafez al-Assad, the "the religion" in Lebanon. to move to protect anyone discriminate. relatively quiet violence along frontation line. sts said was ing forces e.g. slow-motion Syrian on Lebanon. on broke out Moslem and led to extend the 65-year-old Christian head due to state affairs, his signature order to permit. Kama! Jumblat, the standard-bearer of the left who has been at sharp odds with the 90 of the 98 Damascus leadership, last night members voted for a withdrawal of the to the Communist Syrian troops from Lebanon. permit the body. Though the leftist leaders President once participated, have denounced an



The New York Times, April 12, 1975. A Syrian patrol unit was based at Deir Zannin, and armored vehicles were reported at Merj'Uyun.

American mediation mission headed by a Middle East troubleshooter as a "plot against the nationalist movement and the Palestinian resistance," he nonetheless met today with the special envoy, L. Dean Brown.

"The Syrian presence may lead to an Israeli intervention," Mr. Jumblat declared after having met with Mr. Brown, who also lunched with Lebanese businessmen.

"That is," the leftist chief added, "if already there is no tacit agreement between Syria and the United States to pave the way for such a move."

Mr. Jumblat cabled the Arab League tonight and charged that Syrian troops were increasing in number in Lebanon and taking up positions at strategic road junctions, which it was ooted would prevent his leftist forces from pursuing a military thrust into the Christian heartland north of Beirut.

Israel Watching Closely
JERUSALEM, April 12 (Reuters)—Foreign Minister Yigal Allon told Parliament today that Israel was watching developments in Lebanon closely and was taking the necessary steps to insure its security.

BONWIT TELLER



Garbo. Dietrich. Lombard. And now you.
 The classic slouch. Recast for summer in raffia straw, set at a rakish angle and banded with natural gauze. 15.00
 By Marsha Akins, young star in residence at Makins Hats.
 Come and meet Marsha here, Wednesday, April 14th, with her Summer collection, from 12:00 to 4:00
 Hat Bar, First Floor
 Call (212) El. 5-2600 any hour. Add 1.35 outside delivery area, and sales tax where applicable. Fifth Avenue at 56th Street and all Bonwit stores.

Harassed, Agrees to Seek Soviet Exit Visa

SIMPLER
 April 12—Andrei Amalrik, a writer, imprisoned, has agreed to seek an exit visa from the Soviet Union, a campaign of harassment by the K.G.B. has led to suggestions that they are to Israel, the other day although they and intend to the Netherlands United States. decision taken near-old writer not want to or anywhere a man is born in a writer, to leave—not



Associated Press Andrei Amalrik

part of a communal apartment housing seven families. But the police ordered him out of the city, telling him he had no permission to live in Moscow. He took a room in a rural town near the capital, but came to Moscow often. In the following months, he said, he was arrested four times and held each time for several hours or overnight.

On the last occasion, Feb. 20, he said he was picked up at night by four men who put him in a car and took him to Kaluga, south of Moscow, then to another town called Borovsk, where he said he was interrogated by a prosecutor who hinted at his possible imprisonment.

"This was the beginning of the strongest pressure," Mr. Amalrik said. "When I returned to Moscow 24 hours later, three men followed me—I noticed them in the subway—and they said that I should just sit at home and if I went to see my friends, they would break account of his rural life, which he is the West is 'till the Soviet Union 1984?' anything for a month, I could not do any systematic work."

He called a K.G.B. (secret police) agent who had once interrogated him, he said, and he guesses the agent advised him to apply to emigrate to Israel. It was a suggestion that had been made before, Mr. Amalrik recalled—in January 1973, a few months before his exile ended.

After returning to Moscow, he applied unsuccessfully for temporary visits to the Netherlands, where he had been offered a chance to finish his college education, and in the United States, where Perwar University had invited him to give two lectures and Georgetown University had offered him a teaching post in a year. He was told he could not go to either country but Israel, he said.

the sensuous shirtdress

Soft and silken...so it just slides over you. That's the beauty of Crepe de chine, that easy, washable polyester variety. Here in an on-going shirtdress by Bern Conrad for Sois. Beige, black. 6 to 14. 42.00. New Editions, 2nd Floor, New York and all fashion branches.



bloomingdale's
 1000 Third Avenue, New York, 355-5900. Open late Monday and Thursday evenings.



It has the tie belt, belted sleeves, and epaulets of a real snappy trench. But it has the wet-look gloss of cre. I love when they combine two marvelous elements like that—it makes the coat all so special. Some of the warmest looks can be caught in the rain. Slate blue in rayon and polyurethane. 4 to 14 sizes. \$140. Rainboutique, Third Floor. Sorry, no mail or phone orders.

I'll be slick in the rain in my cre trench, and it's from **Saks Fifth Avenue**

NEW YORK • WHITE PLAINS • SPRINGFIELD • GARDEN CITY

Tiffany has many modest proposals

TIFFANY & CO.
 NEW YORK 5TH AVE. & 37TH ST. • ZIP: 10022 • TEL: (212) 756-8000
 ATLANTA • CHICAGO • HOUSTON • SAN FRANCISCO • BEVERLY HILLS
 Please add sales tax where applicable.
 American Express • BankAmericard • © Tiffany & Co.

Smart grooms buy her diamond ring at Tiffany.

NECK TIED
 An extraordinary body ornament for a bare, backless dress, perhaps... hand forged and beaten brass dipped in 18K gold for a dramatic and rather primitive shape tied on with a spectacular taffeta rope, 240.00. Come meet designer, Mary McFadden, in person, in New York tomorrow and Thursday from 11:00 to 3:00 and see her unique collection. Fashion Accessories, Street Floor

On the Plaza in New York and White Plains
BERGDORF GOODMAN

HANDMADE SILVER FLATWARE
 Trifid and our other 18 patterns are genuinely hand made to achieve a unique strength, durability and beauty not found in other silverware. Come in and see our flatware, it is not available elsewhere.

James Robinson
 INC.
 12 EAST 57th STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y. 10022 • PL 2-6166



FR TRIPLER

Chief of Israeli Foreign Office

Shlomo Avineri

By TERENCE SMITH
Special to The New York Times

JERUSALEM, April 12—Shlomo Avineri, the 42-year-old political scientist who assumed the post of Director-General of the Israeli Foreign Ministry today, has the gift of seeing the bright side of seemingly dark events. His own appointment as Israel's top diplomat is an example. The announcement, made in February by Foreign Minister Yigal Allon, provoked a storm of criticism in Parliament and the Cabinet.

The Israeli right, citing Mr. Avineri's views on negotiations with the Palestinians, demanded that the nomination be blocked and that Mr. Allon resign. Anything less, a leader of the right-wing Likud opposition bloc charged in Parliament, would be "planting a knife in the heart of the nation."

The furor continued for nearly a week until the appointment was finally approved by a split vote of 53 to 26 in Parliament, which normally would never discuss the nomination of a civil servant.

A Misquotation at the Core
Recalling his ordeal later, Mr. Avineri displayed the fine sense of irony that marks his speech and writing. "You see?" he said with a sly smile, "I'm the only director-general ever to have his appointment approved by the Parliament." In fact, the whole controversy had been generated by a misquotation. The newspaper Yediot Ahronot misquoted what Mr. Avineri had said about the Palestinian issue a few months earlier, and concluded that he

was in favor of negotiations with the Palestine Liberation Organization. The Government has so far refused to consider this and the right wing regards such a proposal as tantamount to treason. Actually, Mr. Avineri had argued in a radio interview that Israel should not deal with the P.L.O. in its present form. But he added that neither should the Government reject summarily the concept of negotiating at a future date with a responsible group of Palestinians who would recognize Israel as a sovereign state and agree to live in peace with Israel.

Viewed as a Centrist
The fact that even this carefully constructed formula should cause such an uproar shows how explosive the Palestinian issue has become in Israel today. The labeling of Mr. Avineri as a far-left stream thinking on the issue. Rather than a dove, Mr. Avineri is viewed by his friends and colleagues as a centrist who essentially supports the policies of Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and the Labor Party. Like Mr. Rabin, he believes that Israel should space out negotiations over the return of occupied Arab territory over several years, to extract the maximum return for territorial concessions and cushion the impact of the withdrawals on the Israeli public.

In his new job, Mr. Avineri would like to urge the Government to take a more positive attitude toward the Palestinian issue. His theory is that by offering to talk to any responsible Palestinian group that is willing to recognize the state, Israel can, as he says, "put the ball in the Arab court, where it really belongs."

Mr. Avineri's capacity to look for silver linings will help him in his new role. He is assuming office at a time when Israel is isolated diplomatically, pressed financially and more dependent than ever on the United States for aid and support.

Foreign Service Morale Low
It is also a time of deep discouragement in the ranks of Israel's foreign service. The 700 members of the service seem depressed by their slipping status in the bureaucracy and their lack of impact on the Rabin Government. The Prime Minister regards himself as his chief foreign-policy expert and makes most decisions on his own.

Mr. Avineri is one of Israel's leading political scientists, whose works on Marx, Hegel and 19th-century political thought have been acclaimed internationally. Most recently, he has served as dean of the social sciences faculty at Hebrew University, where he took his doctorate. He has taught there for two decades.

Last Goodbye in Europe
Mr. Avineri, born in Bielsko, Silesia, which was then part of Poland, on Aug. 30, 1933, was brought to Palestine in February 1939. "We left Europe just in time," he recalled in an interview.

"I remember our large family coming to the train station to see my parents and me off. They thought we were mad, and they kept saying, 'We'll never see you again.' They were right. They were all wiped out in the camps."

Mr. Avineri grew up in Tel Aviv and Herzliya, on the Mediterranean coast. He was in high school during the 1948 war of independence. He began his studies at Hebrew University in 1953, after two years in the army, and married a fellow student, Drora Nadler. Today Mrs. Avineri is a lawyer. They have a daughter, Ma'ayan, 12 years old.

In addition to his teaching, Mr. Avineri has traveled extensively abroad, often on speaking tours arranged by the Foreign Ministry. He spent a year as a visiting lecturer at Yale and another as a fellow at the Center for the Humanities at Wesleyan in 1971-72. He was lecturer at Cornell as a visiting professor in October 1973 when the fourth Arab-Israeli war broke out.

A Difficult Decision
Mr. Avineri's leisure time is spent mostly with his family, swimming, hiking in the Judean hills or reading.

Mr. Avineri has written nine books on political theory and more than 30 major articles on politics, the Middle East and the Palestinians, in Encounter, Commentary and a dozen other publications.

The decision to leave the comforts of academic life for the trials of government service was not an easy one to make, Mr. Avineri said.

It was, however, inevitable for someone who had publicly criticized the Government, as he has on occasion. "I've been offering free, unsolicited advice to the Government for years," Mr. Avineri said. "If I said 'no' to this job, I couldn't, in good conscience, have spoken out in the future the way I want to."

KISSINGER MOVE IN '73 DESCRIBED

Aide Says Secretary Was on Verge of Resigning

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 12—The State Department said today that Henry A. Kissinger was so close to resigning as President Richard M. Nixon's national security adviser early in 1973 that he moved his Harvard files and other "personal papers" to the vault of Gov. Nelson Rockefeller's Pocantico Hills estate.

But rebutting some published versions, the department spokesman, John H. Trattner, said that Mr. Kissinger did not ship to the New York state any memorandums of conversation or other diplomatic exchanges from the White House files.

The White House Files
The newly published book "The Final Days," authors Bob Woodward and Carl Bernstein said that Mr. Kissinger was so concerned about security in the White House that he sent sensitive papers to Mr. Rockefeller's estate.

William Safire, in a column in today's New York Times, said that the papers sent to Pocantico Hills included memorandums of conversation with the Soviet Ambassador, Anatoly F. Dobrynin, that Mr. Kissinger did not want anyone to see.

Mr. Kissinger became Secretary of State in September 1973. He has informally told reporters and colleagues that he had considered resigning early in 1973 after the Vietnam negotiations had ended. Mr. Trattner said: "All memorandums of conversation on other diplomatic exchanges in which Secretary Kissinger was involved as assistant to the President are now and have always been in the White House files. There are no other memorandums of conversation or diplomatic exchanges."

He said that this specifically applied to records of conversation with Mr. Dobrynin or other senior Soviet officials.

"There are no other notes or documents or exchanges with the Soviets, or indeed, any other diplomatic exchange with other governments," Mr. Trattner said, in a statement cleared by Mr. Kissinger. more more more more

Personal Papers Moved
When asked if Mr. Kissinger had sent any papers to Mr. Rockefeller's estate, Mr. Trattner said:

"Yes, when the Secretary was considering resigning from the Government, he moved his Harvard files and personal papers covering the years before 1969 which he had brought down to Washington from Boston during the student riots in 1969, plus some other personal papers to a vault at Governor Rockefeller's estate. No documents, memorandums or other records were removed from the White House files."

"When the Secretary later in the year decided to stay in government, he moved all the papers back to the White House. Everything taken to Governor Rockefeller's estate was returned in the spring of 1973 when the documents were brought back to the White House."

Mr. Kissinger had not previously disclosed publicly that he had considered resigning at the start of Mr. Nixon's second term. But Mr. Safire, in his book "Before the Fall," describing his own days as an aide to Mr. Nixon, said Mr. Kissinger was talking about leaving during 1973.

Cypriot Police Repulse Greeks Protesting U.S. Arms to Turkey

NICOSIA, Cyprus, April 12 (AP)—Hundreds of riot policemen repulsed 2,000 to 3,000 Greek Cypriot demonstrators trying to rush the United States Embassy here today to protest planned American military aid to Turkey.

The Cyprus Government had taken strong measures to protect the embassy, which was stormed in a similar demonstration Tuesday in August 1974. Ambassador Roger P. Davies was killed by a rifle bullet during a riot against the embassy.

Successive waves of rioters defied a barrage of tear gas and police baton charges for nearly three hours before fleeing into nearby streets. Minor clashes continued as darkness fell, but the demonstrators were pushed well back from the embassy compound before they could reach it. At

least six persons were reported injured.

The demonstrators, who began protesting with a rally in the main square of the capital, carried Cypriot flags and hundreds of placards with such slogans as "Kissinger rewards the Turkish assassins of the people of Cyprus," "Kissinger Murderer" and "We Demand Justice and the Return of the Refugees to their Homes."

Other placards appealed to the United States Congress and the American people to nullify the agreement under which Turkey is to receive \$1 billion in American military aid. Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger has been told that the pact faces tough opposition in Congress. Several representatives have expressed doubts that the accord will be approved unless progress is made on the Cyprus issue.

2D CUBAN SOLDIER DEFECTS TO LISBON

LISBON, April 13 (AP)—A Cuban soldier sent to Angola to fight for Communist-backed forces here hijacked a civilian airliner and asked for political asylum when the plane landed in Lisbon today, immigration officials reported. It was the second defection of its kind in a week. Immigration authorities said the soldier, whose name they

withheld, forced his way onto a Portuguese airliner at the airport in Luanda, the capital of Angola, where he had been on guard. They said he surrendered his machine gun in Lisbon and asked for asylum.

According to the initial version related by immigration officials, today's defection was the same as that of Pvt. Carlos Molina Alvaral last week. Despite protests from the Cuban Ambassador in Lisbon, Private Molina Alvaral was granted asylum.

shelves

Azuma's beautiful answer to saving space. Our decorative burned bamboo & cane shelves add a smart touch to any decor. Either can be hung on wall or sit on the floor.

Top: 13" w x 15" h x 5 1/2" w, \$11.98
Bottom: 13" w x 17" h x 5 1/2" w, \$14.98

Mail Order: Call 5th Ave. store for freight charges. Add sales tax.

AZUMA

415 5th Ave. (37th) All Inquiries: 889-4310
790 Lex. Ave. (51st) 25 E. 8th St. open late 1126 6th Ave. 143rd St.
666 Lex. Ave. (56th) 387 6th Ave. 251 E. 85th St. open late

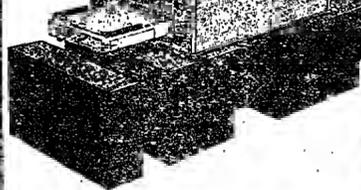
Unduplicated technology.

Once upon a time, there were mainly two kinds of copiers. Plain paper copiers, which had trouble with finely detailed originals. Or copiers which required zinc oxide treated paper, inconvenient to handle and difficult to write on.

At Canon, we weren't satisfied. So we spent millions of dollars and eight years perfecting our own unique copier technology. The HP plain paper system.

HP technology means even an economical copier like our 12P-17 can give you superior image quality. On plain paper. In a variety of sizes, up to 11 x 17 ledger.

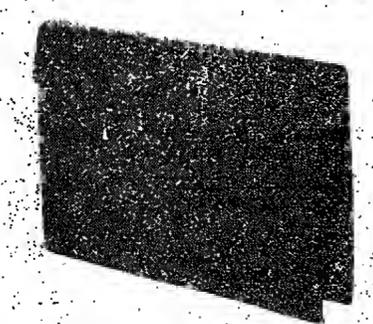
With products like the HP-17 copier, Canon is making information flow more easily. In the process, we're making quite a name for ourselves.



Canon

Canon USA, Inc., 10 Nevada Drive, Lake Success, New York 11040
Chicago, Los Angeles, Atlanta, Honolulu
Ask your local authorized Canon dealer about the high performance Canon copiers.

MADLER



Madler's Envelope Clutch Bag. Ninety Dollars.

Brighten your springtime with year-round beauty... this lovely calf handbag is a petite and charming companion for all occasions and all seasons. Coordinated removable leather shoulder strap. Leather-lined. 7" x 10". Available in red, gray, tan.

Madler, 450 Park Avenue at 57th Street, 212/688-5045
ALL MAJOR CREDIT CARDS ACCEPTED.

Spring is in bloom in great style at Wallachs Fifth Avenue

A multitude of magnificent flowers herald the joy and warmth of Spring. This year we are honoring America's bicentennial with a pageantry of red, white & blue flowers. Take a few minutes and stroll through nature's colorful creations. Your eyes may even catch some bright new fashion ideas to spark up your Spring celebrations. Wallachs own Spring festival can brighten your days until April 19th. At 5th Ave. & 46th St.

wallachs

Ferragamo softens the line into a continuous and it's from

Ferragamo softens the line into a continuous and it's from

NEW YORK • WHITE PLAINS • SPRINGFIELD • GARDEN CITY

مركز من الأصيل

SENATE ISSUE IT'S SO BURNING

ers at Hearing on
1: Does U.S. Care
Foreign Policy

DA CHARLTON
New York Times
WASHINGTON, April 12—
Foreign Relations
held a hearing to-
out if anyone out-
er policy — and
question of just how
committee cared
answer.
committee's 16 mem-
was present for
hour-and-40-minute
was Senator John
on, the Alabama
committee chair-
opened the hearing
with it for slightly
an hour, when he
Senator Charles
Illinois Republi-

ward, Mr. Spark-
giving another en-
Mr. Percy stuck
for another half-

that, for the most
witnesses were
emicycle of empty
one, Studs Terkel,
ward, "talking to
Whole Point"
ur, the television
her witness, said,
that I didn't ex-
love that they're
here," he added,
is no one's up
proves the whole
n, convening the
10 A.M., looked
d, "Monday is a
or a committee
rankly I do not
Senators to be

11 A.M., when
had presented
his and there
much more to say
"just been told
they will be here
Senator Bildeo is
om Wilmington
"don't know what
gets here. Oh,
ator Percy."

communicating
o is responsible
nan, Mary Hart-
in the Family,"
successful pro-
was called by a
f member and

it I was com-
lot of the coun-
nt know some-
ow the public
B in his books
and "Working,"
a specialty of
ning to Ameri-
is and persua-
s and persuas-
memories and

RESERVATIONS
witnesses were
an author and
of Ebony maga-
nders Redding,
merican studies
erity and the
books, includ-
gro in Ameri-

that people do
gn policy, but
d deal more if
ngress would
is" and really
han their pres-
fashion.
osed televised
or the discus-
t issues" to be
nge hours" if

ible Gulf
d he believed
"give a damn
l no one gives
em," and that
passable gulf
ves and these
riment.
alled on the
"regain that
as a revolu-
the world, as
representative of
of the rich."
Addressing him-
he perceptions
States" black
that "Ameri-
don't care less
's European
o long as it
involved in
ncerned with
black nations

y Opens
id Alcoholics

il 12 (Reuter)
factory has
workshop in
to offer alco-
therapy at the
wspaper Mos-
reported.
was taken by
g factory al
al health au-
periment into
ng alcoholism.
iths since the
opened, 150
vated the fac-
tants for jobs.
een fired for
you are taken
use of it, come
help," the ad-
vices.
the alcoholics
factory have
.78 were still
n and 27 had
e bottle, the

Bravo! The New York Historical Society
where one can see the wonderful watercolors
of birds of America by John James Audubon.
And also admire the American silver collection
including the Presentation Punch Bowl, circo 1829,
presented to District Attorney
Hugh Maxwell by the Merchants of New York.



Super City

where the past
gives us hope for
the future. Home of
the New York
Historical Society.

Home of

*the
new York
woman*

sees you in navy string sweaters with white

in Dacron®, America's first polyester. We love airy

pointelle sweaters with the feeling of string.

White laced with navy. Peasonty drowstring top with skirt, 32.00

And cap-sleeved pullover with pants, 36.00 By Ami

in long-lasting, wrinkle-resistant knits of Dacron® polyester, 6 to 14.

Second Floor, Lord & Taylor, Fifth Avenue at 39th Street—

and all Lord & Taylor stores. Call Wisconsin 7-3300 (24 hours a day).

*Du Pont registered trademark.

SPECIAL PURCHASE - LIMITED QUANTITY
Steel File-Tastic
from Regan

No. 1 on the "best seller" list...
 at the lowest prices to fit
 your "pocketbook"

Regan does the impossible—offering you top quality letter and legal size files at the best prices in town. Ideal for home or office, these sturdily built files feature: rust resistant electrostatically sprayed baked enamel finish; cradle suspension; drawers that move easily on four nylon rollers; and thumb latches.

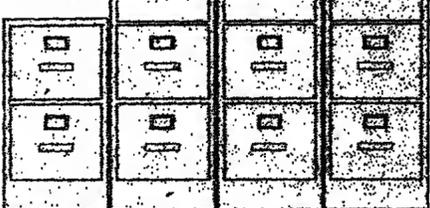
They're 2 1/2" deep and are available in beige, sandalwood and black.

2-drawer letter—\$59.00
 3-drawer letter—\$72.00

4-drawer letter—\$82.00

5-drawer letter—\$109.00

Legal size files and files with locks available at slightly higher cost.



Nominal Delivery Charge
 Furniture Corporation, 270 Madison Ave.
 (at 39th St.) New York, N.Y. 10017
 (212) 682-6900 Open Sat. 9 A.M. - 3 P.M.

Regan

CHILEANS EXPEL KEY RIGHTS AIDE

Zalaquett Had Met 3 U.S. Congressmen on Visit

By JONATHAN KANDELL
 Special to The New York Times

RIO DE JANEIRO, April 12—The key leader of the human rights movement in Chile was expelled from that country today by the right-wing military government.

José Zalaquett, the Chilean human rights lawyer, said on a stop here, on his way to Paris that he believed his expulsion was decreed because he met with three United States Congressmen who visited Chile last month to investigate charges of violations of human rights under the Government of President Augusto Pinochet.

The decree expelling Mr. Zalaquett declared him a "danger to the security of the state." It was signed by President Pinochet.

U.S. Help Reported

Officials of the United States Embassy in Santiago, the Chilean capital, reportedly tried to intervene on Mr. Zalaquett's behalf because they believed his expulsion was in reprisal for his meeting with the three Democratic Congressmen, Tom Harkin of Iowa, George Miller of California and Toby Moffett of Connecticut.

Mr. Zalaquett, who is 34 years old, played a major role in organizing the Committee for Cooperation and Peace, a group of Roman Catholics, Protestants and Jews that sought to defend political prisoners in the aftermath of the coup in September 1973 that toppled the Marxist Government.

About 95,000 Chileans

U.S. Reports Gains on Greek Bases

Continued From Page 1, Col. 8

cern in Athens. Greek officials said that they feared the guarantee of aid to Turkey would tip the balance in the Aegean area in Ankara's favor. A Greek delegation that was in this country at the time of the Turkish accord was withdrawn to Athens.

On Capitol Hill, Mr. Kissinger was advised that the Turkish agreement faced "very rough sledding," because of the pro-Greek sympathies of many members of Congress over the Turkish occupation of 40 percent of Cyprus in 1974. Moreover, there was concern over a four-year promise to allocate \$1 billion. Congress traditionally has refused to vote such au-

thorizations beyond two years.

To head off the criticism on Capitol Hill, the Ford Administration pledged that it would seek to accelerate the negotiations on base rights with Greece, under discussion more than a year.

To date the Greeks in the negotiations have not tried to demand a clear link between base rights and military aid, as the Turks had. But the situation has now changed, officials said, and the Greeks want to be sure that if the Turks have a long-range commitment, they will as well.

In New York last week Mr. Kissinger said that he hoped that Congress would approve the Turkish agreement. "All the

more so as we are prepared to make a parallel arrangement with Greece and are in the process of negotiating with Greece right now."

"The United States does not feel that it should choose between two countries whose friendship it has valued, whose contribution to the common defense is essential," he said.

The first sign of progress made privately came when it was announced today that Mr. Bitsios, the Foreign Minister, was coming to the United States tonight for talks "on the issues concerning the status of United States bases in Greece, and on common efforts to help insure peace and security in the eastern Mediterranean area."

7 Jews Here Are Arrested After Anti-Soviet Protest

Seven members of the Jewish Defense League climbed to the roof of the Park East Synagogue at noon yesterday, unfurled a banner reading "Two Russians in Ransom for Marina Tiemkin" and shouted denunciations of the Soviet Union for its treatment of Jews.

The synagogue is on 67th Street between Lexington and Third Avenues and opposite the Soviet mission headquarters. The demonstrators were taken into custody by the police and charged with criminal trespass and criminal mischief.

Miss Tiemkin is a Moscow teenager who, according to the Jewish Defense League, has been abducted by the secret police, but, according to Jewish activists in Moscow, is living with her mother and attending school.

Headed Counsel Staff

Mr. Zalaquett headed the legal division of the committee, which provided counseling for thousands of political prisoners and their families.

Several leading members of the committee were arrested by the political police late last year. Partly as a result of those arrests, the committee was reorganized and renamed the "Vicariate of Solidarity."

Mr. Zalaquett, who was among those arrested, was released earlier this year after three months' detention. He continued to serve in the reorganized committee, but in a less public capacity.

Enjoy a bit of olde New York with Easter Dinner.

At the Gramercy Park Hotel.

21st St. and Lexington Ave.

8 beautiful courses featuring some of the finest cuisine in America for only \$10.95 per person, prix fixe.

For reservations, call Victor (our Maître D'), GR-5-4320.

OLD CUSTOMERS SEND US SIX OF EVERY TEN NEW CUSTOMERS



The Full Star Tiger-G Fully Co Black a Width A

Exclusively at Lloyd & Haig

Great Medicine for Doctor

If you were on your feet as much as the average doctor, know why they prize our *Falmouth* so highly. This ordinary shoe gives them the kind of comfort, flexi buoyancy and sure-footedness through house calls, rounds and office use that few shoes can approach. It accompanies many of them on a weekend round of golf permitted on golf courses. Ask your doctor. Or better try it on yourself. This superbly comfortable shoe is structured better than ever.

*One-piece vamp eliminates seams for greater comfort. Heel-bugging, toe-free last seems personally moulded to your foot. Fully calf lined. Attention customers: order by phone (MU 7-6096) or mail (20 East 46th St., New York, N.Y. 10017) if more convenient. Add \$1.75 for parcel post and insurance. N.Y. State residents add sales tax. Widths EEK, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z, AA, AB, AC, AD, AE, AF, AG, AH, AI, AJ, AK, AL, AM, AN, AO, AP, AQ, AR, AS, AT, AU, AV, AW, AX, AY, AZ, BA, BB, BC, BD, BE, BF, BG, BH, BI, BJ, BK, BL, BM, BN, BO, BP, BQ, BR, BS, BT, BU, BV, BW, BX, BY, BZ, CA, CB, CC, CD, CE, CF, CG, CH, CI, CJ, CK, CL, CM, CN, CO, CP, CQ, CR, CS, CT, CU, CV, CW, CX, CY, CZ, DA, DB, DC, DD, DE, DF, DG, DH, DI, DJ, DK, DL, DM, DN, DO, DP, DQ, DR, DS, DT, DU, DV, DW, DX, DY, DZ, EA, EB, EC, ED, EE, EF, EG, EH, EI, EJ, EK, EL, EM, EN, EO, EP, EQ, ER, ES, ET, EU, EV, EW, EX, EY, EZ, FA, FB, FC, FD, FE, FF, FG, FH, FI, FJ, FK, FL, FM, FN, FO, FP, FQ, FR, FS, FT, FU, FV, FW, FX, FY, FZ, GA, GB, GC, GD, GE, GF, GG, GH, GI, GJ, GK, GL, GM, GN, GO, GP, GQ, GR, GS, GT, GU, GV, GW, GX, GY, GZ, HA, HB, HC, HD, HE, HF, HG, HH, HI, HJ, HK, HL, HM, HN, HO, HP, HQ, HR, HS, HT, HU, HV, HW, HX, HY, HZ, IA, IB, IC, ID, IE, IF, IG, IH, II, IJ, IK, IL, IM, IN, IO, IP, IQ, IR, IS, IT, IU, IV, IW, IX, IY, IZ, JA, JB, JC, JD, JE, JF, JG, JH, JI, JJ, JK, JL, JM, JN, JO, JP, JQ, JR, JS, JT, JU, JV, JW, JX, JY, JZ, KA, KB, KC, KD, KE, KF, KG, KH, KI, KJ, KK, KL, KM, KN, KO, KP, KQ, KR, KS, KT, KU, KV, KW, KX, KY, KZ, LA, LB, LC, LD, LE, LF, LG, LH, LI, LJ, LK, LL, LM, LN, LO, LP, LQ, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LW, LX, LY, LZ, MA, MB, MC, MD, ME, MF, MG, MH, MI, MJ, MK, ML, MM, MN, MO, MP, MQ, MR, MS, MT, MU, MV, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NB, NC, ND, NE, NF, NG, NH, NI, NJ, NK, NL, NM, NN, NO, NP, NQ, NR, NS, NT, NU, NV, NW, NX, NY, NZ, OA, OB, OC, OD, OE, OF, OG, OH, OI, OJ, OK, OL, OM, ON, OO, OP, OQ, OR, OS, OT, OU, OV, OW, OX, OY, OZ, PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PF, PG, PH, PI, PJ, PK, PL, PM, PN, PO, PP, PQ, PR, PS, PT, PU, PV, PW, PX, PY, PZ, QA, QB, QC, QD, QE, QF, QG, QH, QI, QJ, QK, QL, QM, QN, QO, QP, QQ, QR, QS, QT, QU, QV, QW, QX, QY, QZ, RA, RB, RC, RD, RE, RF, RG, RH, RI, RJ, RK, RL, RM, RN, RO, RP, RQ, RR, RS, RT, RU, RV, RW, RX, RY, RZ, SA, SB, SC, SD, SE, SF, SG, SH, SI, SJ, SK, SL, SM, SN, SO, SP, SQ, SR, SS, ST, SU, SV, SW, SX, SY, SZ, TA, TB, TC, TD, TE, TF, TG, TH, TI, TJ, TK, TL, TM, TN, TO, TP, TQ, TR, TS, TT, TU, TV, TW, TX, TY, TZ, UA, UB, UC, UD, UE, UF, UG, UH, UI, UJ, UK, UL, UM, UN, UO, UP, UQ, UR, US, UT, UY, UZ, VA, VB, VC, VD, VE, VF, VG, VH, VI, VJ, VK, VL, VM, VN, VO, VP, VQ, VR, VS, VT, VU, VV, VW, VX, VY, VZ, WA, WB, WC, WD, WE, WF, WG, WH, WI, WJ, WK, WL, WM, WN, WO, WP, WQ, WR, WS, WT, WU, WV, WW, WX, WY, WZ, XA, XB, XC, XD, XE, XF, XG, XH, XI, XJ, XK, XL, XM, XN, XO, XP, XQ, XR, XS, XT, XU, XV, XW, XX, XY, XZ, YA, YB, YC, YD, YE, YF, YG, YH, YI, YJ, YK, YL, YM, YN, YO, YP, YQ, YR, YS, YT, YU, YV, YW, YX, YY, YZ, ZA, ZB, ZC, ZD, ZE, ZF, ZG, ZH, ZI, ZJ, ZK, ZL, ZM, ZN, ZO, ZP, ZQ, ZR, ZS, ZT, ZU, ZV, ZW, ZX, ZY, ZZ.

Dacron & Imp. Cotton Hose, Specially Priced

Each pair guaranteed for a full year. All col.

Lloyd & Haig

386 Madison Ave. at 47th • 553 Lexington Ave. at 295 Madison Ave. at 41st St. • 4 East 45th St 229 Broadway, cor. Barclay Street (Woolworth) Other Shops in Philadelphia and Chicago

Not since the Garden,
 has snake been so seductive...
 Julianelli's lizards for Spring!

Mabel Julianelli creates shoes that are everything that fashion is now.
 Textured. Proportioned. Spare, sometimes bare. And frankly seductive.
 The persuasive lizard collection for Spring: The Classic Pump in black, navy, or bone, 58.00 The Low-heel Moc in bone only, 60.00 The Sandal in black, brown, gray or mocha, 68.00

MABEL JULIANELLI will be here today, April 13th, to charm you with these snakes! Join her for tea, from 11:00 to 4:00.
 Designer Shoe Salon, Second Floor
 Fifth Avenue at 56th Street, New York

BONNIE WITTELLER

DELMONICO'S
 The Tower and Terrace levels at the ultimate rental address

The superlative tower and terrace floors (16-32) are now approaching readiness. You are invited to visit our model apartments. One of the most fashionable locations in New York Delmonico's also features some of the most reasonable rentals. Hotel services available. For immediate occupancy: furnished or unfurnished apartments on floors 5-15.
 Phone (212) 486-0508.

1 bedroom apartments from \$6-
 2 bedroom apartments from \$11-

DELMONICO'S
 Park Avenue at 59 Street

BUY DIRECT AT THE FACTORY
 Saturday, Sunday & Daily 11:00-4:00 (Cash & Carry)
PLEXIGLAS® & LUCITE
SALE
 THRU APR. 17th
 Floor Samples, Discontinued Items, Refs. Up To 50% Off.

Pedestals
 Cocktail Tables
 Magazine Racks
 Wastebaskets

Umbrella St.
 Bathroom H.
 Cigarette B.
 Shel.

Many other items, some one of a kind
 Also 10% off all stock items not on sale
 Also chairs, tables, lamps, gifts and many other
 WE also make up special orders.
 also Formica Parsons tables.

PLEXI • CRAFT, 195 Chrysler Street, New York, N.Y.
 (Continuation of 2nd Avenue below Houston St.)
 Telephone (212) 673-4550

HIKING SHORTS

A 100% lightweight cotton corduroy hiking short that's great for biking, boating or wearing around town. Waist sizes 30-40 only. Quantities limited. The color is green. Were \$19.95 now only \$12.95. (Mail & phone orders please add \$1.00).

INTERESTED IN WILDERNESS TRIPS WITH EXPERT GUIDANCE?

Come into Kreeger's and ask for Odyssey trips info schedule of planned trips this spring to fall season. Other styles of hiking shorts and pants in stock at prices ranging from \$12.95 to \$18.00

Kreeger & S
 featuring Sierra Designs, Kelly Packs
 New York City: 30 West 48th St. (Between 212-541-9704
 Westchester County: 387 Main St. Armonk, N.Y. (Rt. 684 & 22) 914-273-8520

Mail and phone. Call (212) EL 5-6800, Ext. 268. Add 1.35 outside delivery area and sales tax where applicable.

مكزامن الأحول

IN WEIGHING BP INQUIRY

Still Undecided on Shell Payments to Italians

By T. KILBORN
The New York Times

April 12—The British and Members of Parliament today pondered with charges that suggest non-American oil companies, Shell and British Petroleum, had made secret payments to political parties in Italy.

The charges, published yesterday in the Sunday Times newspaper and tonight by Granada independent television, are particularly embarrassing to the British. The Shell Group is a British-Dutch company. Petroleum is 70 percent owned by the British Government.

The charges, published in the Sunday Times newspaper, the two companies are under official investigation in Italy on charges of collusion with the Italian Government in the 1970's in return for the legislation.

The allegations that Britain has been indirectly in politics of another

Still Undecided

where charges of collusion are rare, the House of Commons could not decide on each of three bills of Energy and Industry—whether might have

DELMONACO

and British Petroleum further investigations relating to the early 1970's, they raised nearly all operations, citing

published and said that under executives of the nation, oil coming in Italy million between February 1972 and three political

officials cited two Christian names: Andreotti and Rumor, former Prime Minister. Mr. Andreotti interview and participation in

nor British Petroleum reports, but other comment come of investigation committee of the House of Commons in the oil industry, were said one, "and companies."

such American companies, Mobil and making payments is believed that major activities have been

has disclosed primarily by one of the companies, he been drawn and Italian of three magistrates who first investigations system.

ough Hospital system was emerged in 1975 was suffered shortages of have resulted. East war of id the closing and in 1967, hospital, reports, comagistrates that distributor had series, and the it had been very near Genoa, who have five powers, ery's phones, railed its of-

DELMONACO

BUY DIRECT AT PLEXIGLAS THROUGH

SAVING THROUGH

Up To 50% Off

Many other

to Farmacia

HIKING SHIRT

he published memorandum listed also to industry, said ght maintain price struc added cost and the Cape even though came from Libya. The said to have changes in that would wings for the



clear colors that mix well.

That's Ecoboy's super formula for the summer of '76. Sharp contrasts. Darks and brights against white. Stripes against solids. Fresh, clean-cut separates that make great total looks at little prices. In fabrics that launder with ease and shun ironing. The tees, cotton and polyester for S.M.L. The rest, pure polyester for 8 to 18. Left to right: Pull-on pants. Black, white, navy, red, yellow, 12.00. Belted tee in stripes of black, red or navy and white, 10.00. 6-gore skirt. Black, white, navy, red, yellow, 13.00. Matching safari jacket, 22.00. Piped tee. Black, red, navy or yellow with white, 8.00. Accordion pleat skirt. Black, white, navy, 14.00. Matching blazer, 25.00. Muscle sleeve tee. Stripes of black, red or navy and white, 8.00. Everything in a handy new shop for New Editions Sportswear, Street Floor, New York and all fashion branches.

Style	Quantity	Color	Size	Price

Name _____
 Address _____
 City/State/Zip _____
 Apt. _____ Phone _____ Acct. no. _____
 Charge Check or M.O.

Mail and phone orders filled on 10.00 or more. Please add sales tax that applies to the area where your order is being sent. Outside delivery area, add 1.75. No C.O.D.'s. Write Bloomingdale's, Box 2037, F.D.R. Station, New York, N.Y. 10022 Dept. 399.

bloomingdale's
 1000 Third Avenue, New York, 355-5900 Open late Monday and Thursday evenings.

Committee of Lords Upholds British Heir's Disputed Legitimacy

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6

baron—who died in 1973—and should succeed him.

The ruling of the nine lords on the committee, who deliberated around a horseshoe-shaped table beneath a huge painting of King George VI, now goes before the House of Lords for approval before it is communicated to the Queen. But the unanimous judgment appears to end, finally, a saga that is believed to be the first case in which rival claimants to a peerage have petitioned the crown simultaneously and the first for 70 years in which the legitimacy of a living claimant was an issue.

"I am delighted," Geoffrey Russell, a dapper, silver-haired figure, said tonight. "I am feeling greatly relieved. I would love to retire from the limelight after this."

As the fourth Baron Amptill, Geoffrey Russell will be able to take his seat in the House of Lords—a body subservient to the House of Commons without taxation or expenditure—and will be able to pass on the title to his own heir. Beyond this, he has said, he is seeking to clear

the name of his mother, who died two months ago at the age of 80.

"I am fighting this case as hard as I can for the honor of my mother," he said. "It is her good name and reputation that are at stake."

Lord Amptill was formally declared the legitimate son and legal heir of the third Baron in 1926 after a sensational four-year legal battle that had society women queuing up for hours to get into court, newspapers publishing detailed stories day after day and street traders selling doll images of the young boy who was the key figure in the case. The London devoted hundreds of columns over four years to the case.

Case Shocked London

In the case, John Russell, not yet the third Lord Amptill—who was known as "stills," because of his six-foot six-inch frame—shocked London by suing his vivacious wife, Christabel, for divorce, citing an unknown man as Geoffrey's father and insisting that the baby could not possibly be his. He said that he and his wife had agreed before their marriage to lead separate lives and leave the marriage unconsummated. His wife agreed, but said that she had never had sexual rela-

tions with any other man. She brought medical evidence to show that at the time of her pregnancy she was still technically a virgin. Her son had been conceived, she said, when her husband had indulged in "hunnish scenes," an allegation denied by Lord Amptill. The nature of the acts was never made clear.

One divorce trial ended without a decision. A second in 1923 explored the details further, with Mr. Russell alleging that his wife had been guilty of adultery with several men. The jury found her guilty of adultery, but she appealed the case in the House of Lords and won.

The Proceedings In the U.N. Today

April 13, 1976
ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COUNCIL
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Commission on International Trade Law — 10:00 A.M. and 3:00 P.M.

Tickets may be obtained of the public desk, main lobby, United Nations headquarters. Tours: 9 A.M. to 4:45 P.M.

In 1924, a panel of Lords acting as Britain's highest court, ruled that no child born in a marriage could be declared illegitimate merely on the testimony of his mother or father. Two years later a high court judge issued a certificate of legitimacy for Geoffrey.

In 1935 John Russell succeeded to the Amptill barony. Two years later, Christabel divorced him. A later wife, Adeline Hone, a vicar's daughter, bore the young John Russell.

Collusion Charged

Mr. Russell, backed by many members of the family, sought to establish that the high court declaration had been obtained by collusion and that it was wrongfully based in law. At one point in the four-day hearing in February, he offered to withdraw his claim to the title if a blood test showed that Geoffrey was the third Baron's son.

But no testimony of types was given.

Lord Wilberforce, Mr. Russell's plea. "Think only of Mr. Geoffrey Russell's parents in 1926, documents show, it is a family settlement, legitimate, having founded his own assumption of legitimacy, now, after 50 years, his parents and contemporaries of his dead, to be graded kind of fictional cannot rank as la He added: "This cannot be over there was a chapter in history, the case point in the four-day hearing in February, he offered to withdraw his claim to the title if a blood test showed that Geoffrey was the third Baron's son."



Native

to Mexico—our poncho-inspired cotton gauze breeze. In natural-cocoa-black, perfect with a circle skirt of block linen, 32.00 complete.



Natural

The real fabrics you love—cotton gauze tunic of natural-cocoa-black cinched with block. And block linen circle skirt. Together, 32.00



Free spirited

Kabuki sleeve tunic top in natural-cocoa-black cotton gauze tops a block linen skirt, 32.00 complete.

El Joy Juniors skirt sets for sizes 5 to 13 collected on the Sixth Floor, Lord & Taylor, Fifth Avenue, Monhasset, Westchester, Garden City, Millburn, Ridgewood-Poramus and Stomford. Call WI 7-3300

SOLE MATES

Our coffee mugs stand on their own two feet, wearing hand-painted.

Mary Janes. What a way to banish the blahs, from breakfast on. Set of four ivory color coffee mugs, each with different color shoes.

By Fitz and Floyd. 12.50 set. Gift Shop, main floor, Fifth Avenue, (212) MU9-7000 and branches.

BAltman & Co



Announcing Le Cordon Bleu de Paris Ecole de Cuisine at Gimbel's

Richard Grausman, Chef Professor Le Cordon Bleu de Paris, will be teaching two series of three-week seminars in art of classic French cuisine. Masterful recipes as Poulet Port, Canard au Cidre, Souffle aux Fraises and more. Classes will begin on Monday with two-hour classes meeting one week for three weeks at 10:00am or 12:00 noon, or 6:00pm. Each series provide the student with six or more different recipes. The fee for one is \$40; for both, \$75. Early registration is urged since class size will be limited. Register in advance, beginning today at Gimbel's Broadway and 4th Street at the Jane Bell Desk, Four. For further information phone LO4-3300, ext. 657L.

GIMBEL'S
Gimbels Broadway at 33rd St.

THE JOHN WEIT TRENCH COAT BY HARBORMASTER

FAIR WEARING RAIN OR SHINE
\$ 85

A classic double breasted trench coat that takes you ever smartly whatever the weather. Tailored to a smooth-fit European houette with authentic trench coat styling... longer length, epaulets, slash welt pockets and sculptured back. In a wear blend of 55% polyester, 45% cotton British Tan Twill. Design John Weitz exclusively for Harbormaster.

B&B LORRY'S

Manhattan: Fifth Avenue at 43rd Street—Broadway at 38th Street
Queens: Jamaica—Fresh Meadows The Bronx: Metropolitan Avenue
Long Island: Roosevelt Field, Walt Whitman Center, Hicksville.
South Shore Mall
New Jersey: Woodbridge Center—Garden State Plaza
Brooklyn: Kings Plaza Shopping Center—442 86th Street
Westchester: 2550 Central Avenue, Yonkers—The Mall, New Rochelle

Use Your Convenient B&B Lorry's Card We Honor The American Express Card

مكازم الأحصیل

Heir's Disputed

ASSERTS C.I.A. BY REPORTS

Some Collaborators S. Companies Are ng Aid to Agency

PAUL HOFMANN, Bush, the Director of Intelligence, said last some foreign intel- gathering agencies with C.I.A. had been col- were "holding back" some undercover are dropping out as a recent exposures.

He was addressing the International Dinner of and Business School Greater New York at Metropole Hotel.

ing what he called a on of America's in- gathering capability, said that an Eastern official who had been ing with the C.I.A. had ended the rela-

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

He also said that some business leaders who rated with the C.I.A. assisted the agency, no American compa- had once helped the

Meditate today on the mystery of

a

Close your eyes, breathe from your diaphragm, and remember a, the beginning of life. And learning. There sits a, plump and pretty as a new born baby, on the opening page of your dictionary, first of all the universe of words.

But we're not partial to a just because our name is Altman's. a has deep, dear-powers. Consider the secrets of the aleph stone. Remember that when someone likes you, he says "She's a-number-one." And that "a-plus" puts you at the head of the class.

So, even if your name isn't Sweet Adeline, there are reasons a-plenty for you to wear a signature a. Starting today. If you study these sketches, you'll spot a tiny a on everything here. That stands for Etienne Aigner, a handsome designer of handsome shoes and such, handsomely crafted in Italy.

What's handsome? These open-air shapes. And this fine calf leather, all pre-polished and polished again to glow wherever you go. And Etienne Aigner's signature color (the only color he ever uses), a rich, deep, burnt sienna that will still be young-in-style ten seasons from now.

We think that Etienne's beautifully sculpted classics will fit your life to an a. That's why we've opened a complete Aigner Shop in our (all new) Shoe Salon on two. Come see a lovely collection of luscious leathers, including accessories. It's time you put a little a-power in your action.



- 1. Two-banded sandal, 28.00
- 2. Linen and leather handbag, 38.00
- 3. Little-heel sandal, 28.00
- 4. Wedge-heeled slide, 30.00
- 5. Glass case, 12.00
- 6. Tiny change purse, 14.00
- 7. Open-air flat, 17.00
- 8. French purse, 25.00.

B Altman & Co

Shoe Salon, second floor, Fifth Avenue, White Plains, Manhasset, N.Y., Short Hills, Ridgewood/Paranus, N.J., St. Davids, Pa.

THE JOHN FRENCH C... HARBORMAN

Lornys

Lira Hits New Low as Crisis Plagues Italy

By ALVIN SHUSTER
Special to The New York Times

ROME, April 12—Italy's political crisis, which is expected to lead to national elections in June, intensified the country's monetary troubles today, and the lira fell to a record low against the dollar.

The Government, a one-party, minority administration of Christian Democrats, seemed helpless to prevent the slide during the current political stalemate. The lira has fallen more than 30 percent against the dollar in the last two and a half months.

Monetary experts said the dramatic drop, to 900 liras to the dollar, was clearly a result of the political problems and the prospect of elections that could lead to a share of power for the Communist Party, Italy's second largest. They said that even the most severe economic remedies would do little to ease the pressure on the lira, given the uncertainty over the fate of the Government.

The stock exchange also felt the impact, hitting new lows with the index falling to the lowest point in more than 20 years.

Most politicians expect the present Government to fall shortly and make way for elections this summer, a year ahead of schedule. Maneuvering was still under way as each of Italy's political parties sought to shift the blame for the crisis.

Socialist Votes Crucial

The Communist Party attacked the Christian Democrats over the economic problems by saying they were all the result of "irresponsibility" by the Government led by Prime Minister Aldo Moro. Giorgio Napolitano, a member of the party's central committee, said that the Government was clearly incapable of "dealing with the worsening situation in the country," and he called once again for a Communist role in governing.

The latest round of political instability arose from parliamentary struggle two weeks ago over a bill on abortion reform. The Christian Democrats, over the opposition of the other parties, pushed through a proposal that would limit abortions only to cases of rape and endangered health.

The Socialists, whose votes are crucial in keeping the present Government in power.

Prague Party Chief Offers Some Hope To Dubcek's Allies

PRAGUE, April 12 (AP)—Purged followers of Alexander Dubcek were offered some chance today of regaining membership in the Communist Party if they gave unswerving support to the Soviet-supported Government of Gustav Husak, the Czechoslovak Communist leader.

Mr. Husak made the offer in a conciliatory keynote speech at the opening of the six-day 15th congress of the Czechoslovak Communist Party. The conditions he attached practically excluded the rehabilitation of Mr. Dubcek, the liberal Communist leader deposed in 1969, and his top lieutenants.

Mr. Husak also told the delegates that improvement of relations between Prague and Washington, trusted with the United States. Normalization was impeded, he said, when the United States "refused to sign the already initialed agreement on property rights, which provides that the United States will return to us the gold treasure stolen from Czechoslovakia by the Nazis."

Of the 500,000 members purged from party ranks following the Soviet-led invasion of Czechoslovakia, of 1968, Mr. Husak said, most have since recognized their mistakes and are "contributing to the development of our society."

Conditions Are Set

"On the basis of this experience," he said, "the Central Committee takes the view that those who were not active representatives of rightist opportunism, who work well and who prove by their actions that they stand firmly and sincerely on the positions of socialism and our friendship with the Soviet Union, who actively support the policy of our party, can be—on the basis of individual assessment of every single case—readmitted as members of our party."

The offer was viewed as an attempt to win back the services of purged plant managers and others needed to fulfill the Husak five-year plan, which calls for a production increase of 34 percent.

Mr. Dubcek's experiment with liberal Communism was ended abruptly by the invasion in August 1968. Mr. Dubcek was deposed less than a year later and replaced by Mr. Husak, who had been a Dubcek supporter. Though Mr. Dubcek has complained of police surveillance, he has stayed out of jail and has been working in a state forestry office in Bratislava.

Four Children Die in Fire

OPELIKA, Ala., April 12 (UPI)—Fire raced through a house trailer near here last night, killing four children who were killed trapped inside. The victims were Christopher Sewell Ford and Deborah Jean Ford, both 12 years old, Billy Duane Doler, 7, and Keith Allen Spear, 10.

ing demands by the Socialists and the Communists for emergency plans to deal with the economy. The Communists, for example, are suggesting curbs on public spending, more aid for the south, new steps against tax evasion and the flight of capital and changes in the recent austerity program, which the Government had hoped would increase confidence in the lira.

SPRING HAS SPRUNG!

IT'S TIME FOR **adidas**

Head **Neucombe**

SUPER DUPER SPECIAL CAN OF TENNIS BALLS ONLY \$2.19 WITH THIS AD

DUNLOP **DUNLOP**

ONE OF NEW YORK'S LARGEST SELECTIONS OF

ARROW

Dress & Sport SHIRTS

We carry almost every style and size that Arrow makes.

BANCROFT

368 Madison Avenue (corner 45th St.)
477 Madison Avenue (at 51st St.)
575 Lexington Avenue (at 51st St.)
1250 Ave. of Americas (bet. 49th-50th Sts.)
54 W. 50th St. (Rockefeller Center)

MAJOR CREDIT CARDS HONORED

Save on our exclusive, imported beach towels!

Regularly 15.00 each—

Now 2 for 15.00

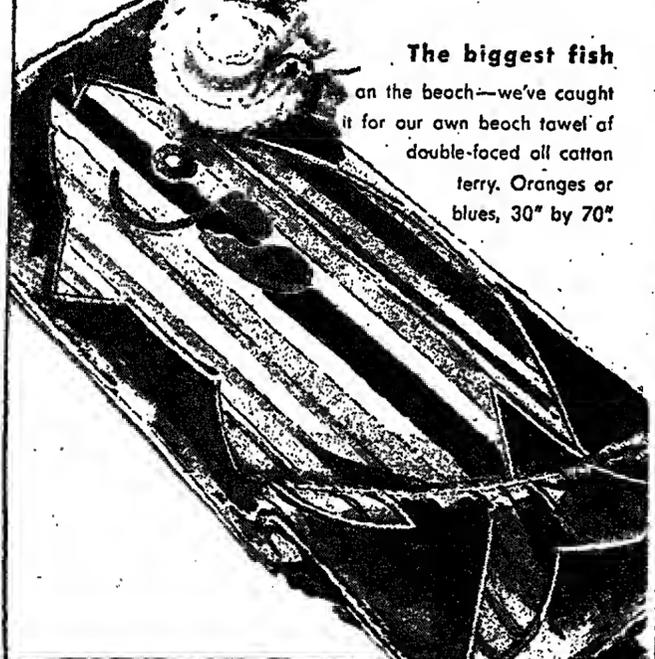
Sea stripes

for the beach—how colorful in the oranges or blues. Our own double-faced all cotton terry beach towel, 30" by 70"



The biggest fish

on the beach—we've caught it for our own beach towel of double-faced all cotton terry. Oranges or blues, 30" by 70"



Beach daisies

Plant your own garden with our own double-faced all cotton terry beach towel. Oranges or blues, 30" by 70".

(Please give second choice of color and pattern.)



Ninth Floor,
Lord & Taylor, call WI 7-3300
(24 hours a day). Fifth Avenue,
Manhasset, Westchester, Garden City,
Millburn, Ridgewood-Paramus, Stomford

AT OUR LEXINGTON AVENUE AND 58TH STREET STORE EXCLUSIVELY!

Luxury-lovers, you're really in luck! These 100% raw silk imports from Hong Kong like a million... and the prices are astonishingly low. Superb workmanship every inch of the way... including full linings in everything, mind you! Natural-toned only. 6-14 in-gi.

BLAZER: single-button closing, wide lapels, hacking pockets. \$39

A-LINE SKIRT: front and back pleats. \$29 **VEST:** 4-button closing, 2 front pockets.

N&X

AT ALEXANDEF

HOW LUCKY CAN YOU GET?

RAW SILK

IS A NATURAL FOR YOUR NEXT INVESTMENT

See you NEXT at Alexander's, Lexington Avenue and 58th Street, 2nd Floor. Charge your NEXT purchases with Master Charge. (Minimum \$5 purchase.)

OPEN TO 8 P.M. NO MAIL OR PHONE ORDERS
LEXINGTON AVENUE & 58TH STREET EXCLUS

مركزنا الجديد

IT ALLOWED S FOR HIRING

Agrees to Plan
g 600 City Jobs

April 12—Law
Labor Department,
backing away from
department ruling,
Federal court today
the City of Detroit
eral funds to re-
500 municipal work-
were laid off last
y of the employees
s and women.
agreement left un-
t would happen in
es in the future,
and elsewhere.
use of the Federal
ire furloughed em-
been allowed. De-
his had argued in
court suit, the re-
have been to "de-
city's long-term
ruit more minority

ral funds at issue
ed under the Com-
employment Trai-
973, the main pur-
h is to supply jobs
nic, untrained un-
areas of the coun-
unemployment is
d other financially
l cities have been
sure on the Labor
to allow the use
money to rehire
id of in economy
etroit, the layoffs
ies in particular,
ave lower senior-

Ruling Issued
the department
s to rehire fur-
ers with C.E.T.A.
more cities began
department's re-
in Chicago ruled
than 10 percent
workers paid from
s could consist of
rees. In Detroit,
9 percent.
etroit announced
off 1,181 workers
eck, then rehire
with C.E.T.A.
regional office di-
y not to use this
purpose.
hereupon, asked
District Judge
h to issue a pro-
ction compelling
nt to allow the
ids. A hearing on
was scheduled
ora it was held,
he city and the
ment reached the

re said the city
E.T.A. money to
two-thirds of the
d off last week.
d revised its fig-
d from 1,187 total
7, and from 721
red persons to

e Countrywide
s future cases of
rtain is the fact
rtment has pro-
regulation. Pub-
Federal Register
t mandates na-
percent regional

in, a department
in court today
the future would
e kind of balance
C.E.T.A. funds
eed of city serv-
eeds of non-city
had a legitimate
money. "I don't
at balance lies,"

at the city's re-
l jurisdiction in
dge said he was
department, in
would consider
sensitive, devas-
of unemploy-
in Detroit and

on Budget y Senate; s Rejected

ON, April 12
ate by a vote of
roved today a
Federal budget
\$17 billion more
Ford had re-

is proposal for
new tax cuts
his plan to raise
for Social Se-
mployment. Bud-
Ford almost all
had asked for
ore than he had
y, jobs for the
for education,
and veterans.
proposed budg-
ice a \$50.2 bil-
1977, smaller
s \$76 billion.
Ford had pro-
year.

Senate Budget
cb drafted the
d, said that if
ted the way it
would have been
\$49.3 billion.
oted down sev-
to change
es in the budget,
posal by Senator
ley, Republican
o cut \$6.3 billion
or natural re-
munity develop-
on, health and
ey argued that
get would bring
and a possible

will vote on the
his month and
es will work out
In May and re-
eptember.



I haven't dressed up since Sundays
when I was a kid. Boy, am I glad
those days are gone forever.
Now, I'm easy. And not just in jeans
either. In simple little velvety
jumpsuits, for example, with zip
down to wherever, and drawstring
waist. Sundays will never be the
same. In shocking pink or yellow
cotton and nylon velour,
4 to 12 sizes, \$90.

Sometimes, you wonder where you
were before they made something.
I can't imagine how I survived without
easygoing velour. Not the kind
of thing you can't move around in.
This kind. Flatteringly luscious
as a powder puff. Luxurious to laze
in. Separates like this make a
summer. Roll-top over drawstring
pajama pants. Thank heaven
Patti Cappelli for Jerry Silverman
Sport is a girl who thinks like
I do. Roll-sleeved top, \$40;
pants, \$50. Both, in shocking
pink or turquoise cotton
and nylon, 4 to 12 sizes.
Fifth Avenue Shop.

Give me the simple life. Providing it's soft. Providing it's velvety.

And it's from
*Saks
Fifth
Avenue*

Add sales tax on mail and phone orders, 1.25 handling charge beyond our delivery area.
Saks Fifth Avenue at Rockefeller Center (212) PL 3-4000 • New York open Thursday until 9:30 p.m. • White Plains, Springfield and Garden City open Monday and Thursday until 9 p.m. • New York • White Plains • Springfield • Garden City • Chevy Chase • East-Cityway
Boston • Atlanta • Pittsburgh • Detroit • Troy • Chicago • Skokie • St. Louis • Houston • Beverly Hills • Woodland Hills • Palm Springs • San Francisco • Palo Alto • La Jolla • Phoenix • Monterey • Miami Beach • Surfside • Ft. Lauderdale • Palm Beach

BRIGHT & WHITE

The difference is Trevira.[®]
It's the washable difference that gives wear-power to your summer white dress. It's a princess, with half-zipper and just the bright touch of red/blue/yellow stripes. Of Trevira[®] polyester shantung weave. By Haymarket Square in 12½ to 22½. 36.00. Women's Moderate Dresses, sixth floor, Fifth Avenue, (212) MU9-7000 and branches.



BAltman & Co

Head of Staten Island College Is Named President of Antioch

By CHARLAYNE HUNTER

William M. Birenbaum, an educational innovator who is in his eighth year as president of Staten Island Community College, has been named as the new president of Antioch College in Yellow Springs, Ohio. Yesterday's announcement of his election by the 14 representatives of the Antioch Board of Trustees and its College Council was the culmination of an unusual seven-month search that included college-wide forums and 337 candidates.

Dr. Inez Smith Reid, chairman of the search committee and professor of political science at Barnard College referred to the 52-year-old administrator as an "experienced chief executive with a strong track record in crisis-type settings" and a "populist-type leader" with a "courageous and charismatic personality."

Dr. Birenbaum, who last week was presented by the Board of Higher Education with the task of helping to merge his institution with Richmond College—a move dictated by the City University's fiscal crisis—said yesterday that he was "excited" about the election.

In a telephone interview from Cape Cod, where he is vacationing with his wife and two of his three college-age children, he pledged to "continue to take the risks that have placed Antioch on the cutting edge of nontraditional education."

In his new post, which he will take over Sept. 1, Dr. Birenbaum will succeed the acting president and provost, Morris T. Keeton, who will continue as the college's chief academic officer.



William M. Birenbaum

Antioch, which pioneered the work-study concept and has added to its main campus in Yellow Springs 25 centers and campuses throughout the United States, has been without a permanent president since 1975, when James P. Dixoo was dismissed after a long conflict with the board.

While credited with starting new programs, Dr. Dixoo was increasingly criticized for poor management of what he had built, according to a former board member and an alumnus.

A native of Illinois who studied at Iowa State Teacher's College, he holds a doctorate in law and has been chairman of the American Jewish Congress.

His career has also taken him to the University of Chicago, Wayne State, the New School for Social Research and Long Island University, where he was dismissed after long disagreements with the university's chancellor.

Spring skirt suits—
1/3 off—47.90

Regularly 72.00

Flattering to everyone—our suit with short, belted jacket and easy, flared skirt. Fine poplin in solid colors, checks and florals in woven polyester and polyester-rayon. Jackets are lined throughout. All washable. 8 to 16. Second Floor Suit Shop, Lord & Taylor, all stores. WI 7-3300 (24 hours a day).



Handwritten signature: *Ward Taylor*

BRAID & WHITE

The difference is Trevira.[®] Sensible, suds-able choice for your white ensemble. And you'll find the yellow/orange/red sun-stripes even at the armholes of the sleeveless dress. Trevira[®] polyester shantung. By Haymarket Square, 12½ to 22½. 50.00. Women's Moderate Dresses, sixth floor, Fifth Avenue, (212) MU9-7000 and branches.



BAltman & Co

"Want a \$10,000 Home Improvement Loan for 10 years at The Bowery? It now includes furniture, rugs and major appliances." —Joe DiMaggio



Fill out and mail this Bowery Home Improvement Loan application. In most cases, we can give you an answer in 24 hours—and send you the money by return mail. You don't have to be a Bowery depositor to apply.

Bowery Home Improvement Loan Application

1 YEAR LOAN			
Amount Financed	Total Payments	Monthly Payment	Finance Charge
\$1,000	\$1,063.30	\$ 88.65	\$ 63.80
2,000	2,127.50	177.20	127.80
3,000	3,223.35	310.28	228.38
4,000	4,255.32	354.61	255.32
5,000	5,319.12	443.28	318.12
10,000	10,638.24	886.52	636.24

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE=11.58%

3 YEAR LOAN			
Amount Financed	Total Payments	Monthly Payment	Finance Charge
\$1,000	\$1,195.56	\$ 32.21	\$ 185.58
2,000	2,391.12	64.42	381.18
3,000	4,185.00	116.25	885.00
4,000	4,782.60	132.85	782.60
5,000	5,978.52	166.07	978.52
10,000	11,957.04	332.14	1,957.04

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE=12.00%

5 YEAR LOAN			
Amount Financed	Total Payments	Monthly Payment	Finance Charge
\$3,000	\$4,003.80	\$ 88.73	\$1,003.80
3,500	4,671.00	97.55	1,171.00
4,000	5,338.20	106.97	1,338.20
4,500	6,005.00	116.10	1,505.00
5,000	6,673.20	125.22	1,673.20
10,000	13,346.40	250.44	3,346.40

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE=12.00%

10 YEAR LOAN			
Amount Financed	Total Payments	Monthly Payment	Finance Charge
\$4,000	\$6,885.60	\$ 57.38	\$2,885.60
4,500	7,747.20	64.56	3,247.20
5,000	8,607.60	71.73	3,607.60
7,500	12,910.80	107.59	5,410.80
10,000	17,216.40	143.47	7,216.40

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE=12.00%

The Bowery, 110 East 42nd Street, New York, N.Y. 10017
Attn: Ann Fitzgerald, Consumer Loan Dept. • (212) 953-8315

Date _____
Amount Financed \$ _____
No. of Mos. _____
Loan Number _____

Full Name _____
Home Address _____
City _____ State _____ Zip _____ Years There _____ Phone No. _____
 Married Single Other No. of Dependents _____
Date of Birth _____
Your Social Security No. _____ Previous Address _____
Years There _____ Name of Spouse _____
Name and Address of Nearest Relative Not Living With You _____
Relationship _____

EMPLOYMENT OR BUSINESS RECORD
Company _____ No. of Years _____ Address _____
Type of Business _____ Title in Name of _____
Phone No. _____ Position _____
Monthly Salary \$ _____ Mortgage Held By _____
Previous Employer _____ No. of Years _____ Address _____
Other Income \$ _____ Source _____ Acct. No. _____
Spouse's Employer _____ Address _____ Date Purchased _____ Original Cost \$ _____
Monthly Salary \$ _____ No. of Years _____ Mortgage Balance \$ _____ Monthly Payment _____
Position _____ Inc. Taxes and Ins. \$ _____
Phone No. _____ If leasing, indicate expiration date _____

BANK ACCOUNTS
Checking _____ (Name of Bank) _____
Branch _____ Account Number _____
Savings _____ (Name of Bank) _____
Branch _____ Account Number _____

LIST ALL DEBTS AND LOANS DIRECT OR CONTINGENT
Name of Creditor (List on separate sheet if needed.) _____
Date Made _____ Present Balance _____ Monthly Payment _____ Do You Own An Auto? Yes No
1. / \$ \$ Make: _____
2. / \$ \$ Year: _____

Where Is Auto Financed? _____
If this application is rejected, you have the right to make a request for a statement of reasons why credit has been denied. **IMPORTANT—READ BEFORE SIGNING.** The selection of a contractor or dealer, the acceptance of materials used and work performed is YOUR responsibility. THE BOWERY SAVINGS BANK does not guarantee the material or workmanship or inspect the work performed.
I (we) affirm that each of the statements made on this application is true and correct and made for the sole purpose of inducing THE BOWERY SAVINGS BANK to extend credit in the amount requested. I (we) affirm that this application may remain your property and that I will notify the Bank of any material change in this statement. You are authorized to obtain any information you may require relating to this application from my employer, if any, and from any other source (credit for Group Credit Life Insurance, if any, shall apply first claim on the note).

Name _____ Full Signature of Applicant _____
Name _____ Full Signature of Applicant _____
Equal Housing

PROPERTY TO BE IMPROVED
Address _____
Title in Name of _____
Mortgage Held By _____
Address _____
Acct. No. _____
Date Purchased _____ Original Cost \$ _____
Mortgage Balance \$ _____ Monthly Payment _____
Inc. Taxes and Ins. \$ _____
If leasing, indicate expiration date _____

LOAN AMOUNT REQUESTED:
\$ _____
PROCEEDS OF THIS LOAN WILL BE USED FOR Improvements planned _____
Name of contractor/dealer _____
Address _____ City _____ State _____ Zip _____
Or Attach Estimate of Materials Cost If Doing Work Yourself.

CHECKS & WHITE

Three smart parts, styled by Barry Ashley, in DuPont Dacron[®] polyester. Tee, 9.00 and doubleknit two-way stretch shirt jacket with new short sleeves, 24.00; white or navy, 38 to 44. Doubleknit pull-on pants, navy/white, red/white, or green/white mini-hounds-tooth, 30 to 40, 17.00. Women's Moderate Sportswear, sixth floor, Fifth Avenue, (212) MU9-7000 and branches.



BAltman & Co

مكتبات الأصيل

It pays to save at
THE BOWERY
Member FDIC

Bowery Branches: 110 E. 42nd St./Grand Central Station/130 Bowery at Grand St./6th Ave. at 34th St./7th Ave. at 34th St./8th Ave. at 34th St./Penn Station/9th Ave. at 47th St./5th Ave. at 54th St./3rd Ave. at 54th St./4th St. at St. Nicholas Ave./5100 Sunrise Hwy., Massapequa Pk., L.I./947 Old Country Rd., Westbury, L.I./Queens Blvd. at 82nd St., Rego Pk.

**CONFLICT FOUND
IN MINE HEARING**

is Investigating Cause
Blasts That Killed 26

BY WAYNE KING

ESBURG, Ky. — "There
has been a lot of con-
flicting testimony here," said
one of the investigators
during a break in a
hearing into the cause
of a methane gas explosion
that killed 26 men in a coal
mine here last month. "A
lot depends on who you
ask."

ment of whom to
has indeed become a
one as the hearing,
scheduled to end last
night, labored toward a con-

eral, there have been
conflicting pictures
by witnesses in the
which is being con-
sidered by the Federal Mining
and Safety Admin-
istration. The hearings will
begin April 27.

Testimony of Miners

It is the one presented
by miners, the men
who work out the coal with
cutting machines at the
face and move it to the
conveyors.

A picture of slipshod
practices, "tip-offs" of
inspections, callous
of mine safety offi-
cials, uncontrolled coal dust,
inflation and gassy
conditions.

It is that sketched
by miners and employees
responsible for inspecting
the mine safety
company attorneys
side of them, one of
Combs, the former
governor of the state, stated
that the unsafe
conditions reported by the
miners did not exist, or that
if they did exist, they
were not of the
company's "inter-
est."

of Federal regula-
tions that the mines
require critical inspec-
tion of the company men,
say that they have
been forewarned of
the numerous points
of major concern are

routine safety in-
spection of the mine section
explosives occurred
frequently.

any maintains they
testimony has re-
ported by Charles Fields, the
responsible for the
signed inspection
runs he did not
which he maintains
by other certified
in at least one case,
reports signed by
conflict substantially
testimony of the em-
ployees who were the
adequate tests.

the company con-
sidered the mine section
first blast apparently
as "idle," and re-
weekly inspections,
men were work-
section who. It
their presence would
shift inspection.

arrett, administra-
Federal Mine Safety
and Health Admin-
istration, said that
there was some
that the inspections
reported had not
company attorneys
contention simple

or not required
inspections that would
from the "idle"
the mine were in
operly maintained.
witnesses say that
they were present,
were in place,
inspections from the min-
ing ventilators were
periods up to a

or not there were
disputes, or concern
in the disputed
testimony that would
reported to Federal
officials. Foremen say
for the "rumored"
did not find them.

there was an
or on explosion
action some time
explosions on March
11. Officials say they
found "evidence" of an igni-
tion of an elderly miner,
that although he
usually seen the
feeders, he had
lettered sign post-
ing. "Check for

or not mine offi-
cials of imped-
inspections. Officials
were not. Several
they were. Gary
er, testified that
before the first
was ordered to
divert trains to divert
miner that would
inspector, and to
ins hidden.

[the nickname of
man killed in the
blast] said to take
back so nobody
to he couldn't see
on," Mr. Smith
ins, which would
adequate air into
the mine that ap-
proached, were re-
the inspector left,
and

matter of months
and numerous
in testimony are
the hearings, too
will be written
reception of the
itself can be con-
section is sealed,
is still inside, be-
cause of a new



If you love leather,
you'll be carried away
with Coach™ Bags

There is nothing like the look, the feel, the smell
of natural, full-grained, glove-toned cowhide.
And the more you use it, the more beautiful
it becomes, like the rich warm glow of an English saddle.
The clutch, 45.00 Double-handle bag, 51.00 Shoulder-strap
pouch, 41.00 Large shoulder-strap pouch, 65.00
Double shoulder-strap tote with outside pocket, 65.00
Street Floor, Lord & Taylor. Call Wiscansin 7-3300 (24 hours a day).
Fifth Avenue, Manhasset, Garden City, Westchester, Millburn,
Ridgewood-Paramus, Stamford.



Handwritten signature or scribble in the bottom left corner of the advertisement.

Improvement
y?
rugs and

RY

East German Couturier Loses Business in Nationalization Drive

By CRAIG R. WHITNEY
Special to The New York Times
MAGDEBURG, East Germany—Heinz Bormann was a kind of Communist Christian Dior, an East German couturier well known even in the West, and a successful middle-class entrepreneur until March 1972.

"I never expected that the state would take over the business," the 57-year-old designer said, his eyes sparkling with memories of the day when a regime that was struggling for international respect presented him proudly to the outside world.

"Nationalization was painful, considering what the house had done for this country," he said, still hardly able to believe it happened. Within a two-week period just four years ago, his design house in this industrial city on the Elbe River was nationalized together with 12,000 other private businesses in East Germany, the last semi-private corporations in which the state had been the major partner.

To Eliminate Capitalism
What happened to him was the inevitable result of East Germany's steady elimination of the last vestiges of capitalism. For the Bormanns belong to the upper middle class—even Communists still slip and call it the "better" class in conversations—and the state is choking it off.

Thirty years after the war, 30 miles away from West Germany where the middle class now dominates national life, Mr. Bormann sits in his comfortable, well-furnished home here in Magdeburg and wonders why his country does not want people like him any more.

The "House of Bormann" became "the People's Own Magdeburg Ladies' Fashion Plant" and lost what fame it had as a private business. But Mr. Bormann, recovering from an 18-month kidney illness, would like nothing more than to be allowed to start working again—here, not in West Germany or anywhere else.

Treated Considerately
His wife and former partner, Johanna, shakes her head and says: "I think they were tired of hearing the name all the time. It was Bormann did this, Bormann did that and it just didn't fit any more into the idea of building a Communist society."

The Bormanns say they have been treated considerately, and they have no desire to leave Magdeburg. Heinz Bormann dreams of opening up a small atelier—"nothing big, just a workshop"—if the state would let them. He

leaves the rectangular living room with its elegant couch and a big picture window and his wife contradicts him.

"They turned down my application to open a private boutique here last year," she says. "And, besides, he has to recover. I don't want him working hard again."

Mr. Bormann accepts his fate philosophically. "They weren't just picking on me," he says. "It happened to 12,000 other firms at the same time, and you just have to find a way of living with it."

The state did not brutally crush the Bormanns, it pushed him gently into early retirement and comfortable obscurity and a third wants to become a Protestant minister in an officially atheist society.

He had planned for his four sons to take over the enterprise. Now the eldest, Reinhard, works for the State Design Institute in East Berlin; another is studying economics and a third wants to become a Protestant minister in an officially atheist society.

The youngest, Jens, is 11 and lives at home with his mother and father. But, Mr. Bormann says: "He won't be allowed to go to an university because two of his brothers did already. The state simply does not allow four sons of a middle-class family to study at a university—children of workers have priority."

22,000 Admitted in Year
According to official East German documents, only 22,000 students will be admitted to college preparatory class in the entire country this year, another way of reducing upper classes like the intelligentsia and strengthening the working class to whose interest the Communist Party governs East Germany.

Relics of the past—the churches, an odd jewelry store, a private craftsman like a shoemaker, a businessman like Mr. Bormann—are allowed to subsist until time has its way with them.

The Bormanns built their house because the state allowed them to use some of the money they had sunk into the business. They can travel to West Germany though the privilege is normally given only to older people. They still have friends in the Communist establishment of Magdeburg. Dr. Günter Kuntze, a high labor union official, comes over for coffee and whipped cream pastries in the afternoon, for instance, so Mr. Bormann has by no means been ostracized.

He does not want to leave

here and he felt comfortable doing business under the Communist system.

"I had 450 employees, and we produced 300 pieces of clothing a year. Our relations with the staff were cordial and we sold clothes to department stores and mail-order houses in France, Holland, Belgium and West Germany, in addition to Poland and the Soviet Union."

"I always tried to be ahead, on top," he said. "I succeeded—there wasn't any all-consuming competition like in the fashion business in the West. We had security for our workers and we made a lot of money for the state."

"The line tended to synthetic materials like polyester

and elegance is not precisely the word for it—but Bormann clothes were imaginative and colorful and wearable in the West as well as in East Germany."

He estimated his peak earnings at about \$24,000 a year. "Most of it went to taxes," he said, "and while \$24,000 is a lot of money here, in the West a successful designer would make at least that much a month."

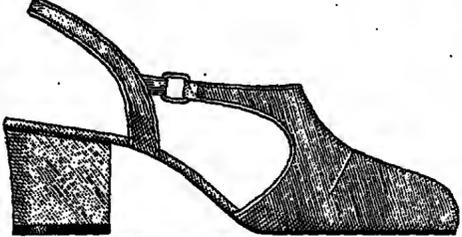
His successor at what used to be his design house is a Communist Party official in his mid-thirties who was trained to be an electrical

engineer. Mr. Bormann he wishes him well.

"I went to the shoe around the corner he other day," he said he's getting pretty of he keeps running his ness himself even tho only makes about 72 an hour. He'll have the shop when he and I asked him why, no one to replace. I said, and when this has gone all the way, the road to Com there won't be any craftsmen any more. have to accept that."



Feature



Feature's boffo at the box office. A four-star attraction from Florsheim in lustrous patent leather, discreetly touched with gold. Choose black or white glossy patent. Or tan or navy kidskin. \$32

FLORSHEIM
THAYER MCNEIL

American Express cards welcome along with most major credit cards.
There is an additional charge for sizes 10 1/2 and over.
Fifth Ave. at 43rd • Madison Ave. at 54th • Third Ave. at 70th • Paramus: Fashion Center & Paramus Park Mall • Livingston: Livingston Mall • Milford, Conn.: Post Center • Bridgeport, Conn.: Lafayette Plaza
Also available at Duane's Florsheim
New York-Long Island: Mid-Island Plaza, Hicksville • Green Acres Shopping Center, Valley Stream • Yonkers: Cross Country Shopping Center • Nanuet: Upper Nanuet Mall • Middletown: Orange Plaza • New Jersey-Eatontown: Monmouth Shopping Center • Edison: Menlo Park Shopping Center
Phone Inquiries: (212) 759-4905

Save \$2.45 on these great-looking planters while you save 20¢ on Max-Pax



Perk up your home with these attractive polystyrene planters. Get two planters—each with its own close-fitting saucer—in your choice of sunny yellow or classic white. A \$4.20 value for only \$1.75 plus proof of purchase on Max-Pax.

To get you started, we'll give you a 20¢ coupon good on your next purchase of Max-Pax.

Max-Pax always tastes delicious because it has its own filter to trap things that can make coffee bitter. Clip our coupons. Both ways, you perk up something great.



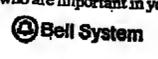
Max-Pax planters—\$4.20 value for only \$1.75 plus proof of purchase
Mail to: PLANTERS, P.O. Box 3013, Kankakee, Ill. 60901
Please send me _____ yellow set(s); _____ white set(s). For each set of 2 planters (one 4", one 5" diameter—each with its own saucer), I am enclosing \$1.75 plus 1 proof of purchase—a two-inch square cut from the plastic lid of a can of Max-Pax, Range-Top® or Eleema-Perk® blend. (Plants not included.) Make check or money order payable to PLANTERS. Allow 6-8 weeks for delivery.
OFFER EXPIRES OCTOBER 31, 1970
Name _____
Address _____
City _____ State _____ ZIP _____
Offer void where prohibited, taxed or restricted by law. *Manufacturer's suggested retail price.

20¢ STORE COUPON 20¢
Save 20¢ on Max-Pax
20¢
20¢ GENERAL FOODS CORPORATION 20¢

After you've romped in the Mediterranean, toured the holy places of Jerusalem, wandered through Old Jaffa and Bethlehem, dined in cosmopolitan Tel Aviv, and taken snapshots of ancient Caesarea, you will have a lot to call home about. So now the hotels of Israel offer a new, cheaper way to make all your calls back to the U.S.A.



Israel is one of the first countries in the world to adopt TELEPLAN, a new system of lower surcharges by hotels or calls placed to the United States.
It means that as a traveler, you can call home from your hotel room without fear of having an unreasonable charge added to your bill. The hotel surcharge collect and credit card calls to the U.S. will now be only \$1.50. If you prefer to charge the call to your room, a surcharge of no more than 25% of the cost of the call will be added to your hotel bill.
TELEPLAN saves you money. And lets your telephone continue to be an economical way to keep in touch with the people who are important in your life.



Around the world...
Flying time...
Guinness fare of goldfish...
North stuffing...
records...
round the world commercial...
in history...
Official of the National...
Association will...
to make sure we don't...
shortcuts...
get the trip will be 8100 miles...
one-stop. That, in itself, is a...
distance...
we'll go to Tokyo non-stop...
we'll fly back to NY...
beat will almost have been...
because on April 26th we...
regularly scheduled non-stop...
Japan...
not for the creature...
probably all head off...
Japan...

مكزامن التحليل

in Nationalizati
 and records in not primary
 the word for famous 200
 many names were magan
 the and colorful and
 the in the film as well as
 in 1940s
 He announced the peac
 earnings at about \$24,000
 of a word to have
 or had, and while \$24,000
 a lot of money here, in
 the West a successful design
 would make at least that
 much a month.
 His statement at what used
 to be his design base is
 a Communist Party official
 in his 40s who was
 trained to be an electrical



in the Mediterranean
 usalem, wanderer
 dined in cosmop
 is of ancient Cas
 call home about
 offer a new, cheap
 ls back to the US



to government approval.
 ives by Trans Con. (nominal charge in economy class).

On May 1, Pan Am will revise the Guinness Book of World Records.

Would you like to be on board?

Around the world passenger flight, speed and distance records.
 Pan Am's one-time flight "Clipper 200—Liberty Bell Express." Miles: 22,859.
 Flying time: 39 hours, 25 minutes. Aircraft: the new long range 747 SP (Special Performance).

It's not the oddball Guinness fare of goldfish swimming, telephone booth stuffing, or marathon hopoly game records. It's the fastest round the world commercial passenger flight in history.

An official of the National Aeronautic Association will be on board to make sure we don't take any shortcuts.

The first leg of the trip will be 8100 miles, to Delhi non-stop. (That, in-itself, is a record of small importance.) From there, we'll go to Tokyo non-stop. From there, we'll fly back to N.Y. non-stop. This particular feat will almost have become commonplace because on April 26th we introduce the first regularly scheduled, non-stop service to and from Japan.) From there, were it not for the creature comforts on the SP, we'd probably all head off for a nice vacation for a week.

But how can you get travel-worn on a plane that has an upper-deck dining room with tables in first class? Wide aisles to roam around in? An interior decor that rises above the humdrum-airline drab? And who with any kind of appetite could get



The 747 SP. The plane that makes it possible.

bored eating Romanoff Caviar Frais d'Iran, Paté de Foie Gras de Strasbourg, Contre-Filet de Boeuf Rôti, Caneton Rôti au Cointreau or Côtes d'Agneau Grillées, Gelée de Menthe?

At each Dinner, we offer a choice of 4 entrees in first class and 3 in economy. And a full one quarter of the flight can be spent watching feature movies. (You'll have a choice from eight of them*).

If you've always wanted to take a trip around the world but never had the time, here's your chance.

If you're interested in coming with us, just call your travel agent. You might wince a little at the price. \$2,914 in first class. \$1,841 in economy. But if somebody came to you in 1927 and said there was room on the Spirit of St. Louis bound for Paris, wouldn't you at least have given it some thought?

PAN AM.
 America's airline to the world.

See your travel agent.

Embe

We can help you find peace of mind.

What is peace of mind? To Penn Mutual, it's providing you with the knowledge that everything you've worked for and everyone you love are protected.

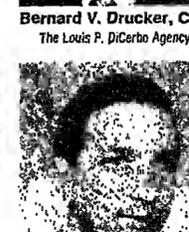
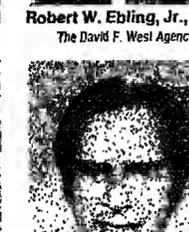
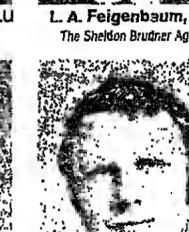
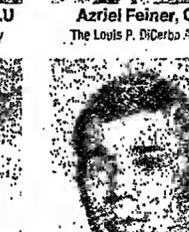
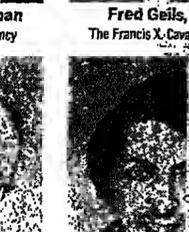
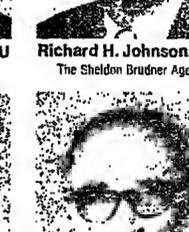
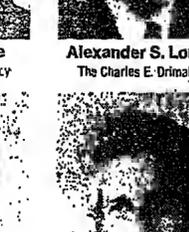
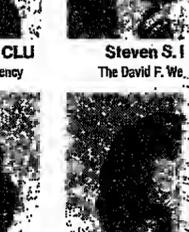
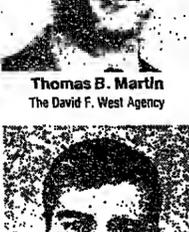
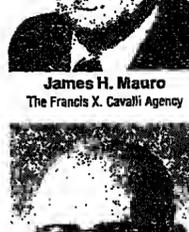
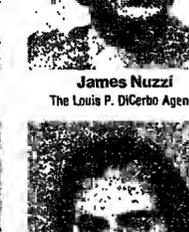
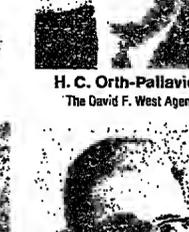
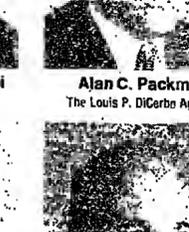
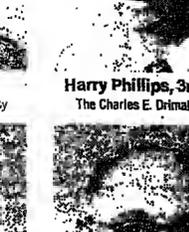
Featured here are the Penn Mutual Top Club qualifiers, leaders of more

than 2000 dedicated men and women in all 50 states.

They are experienced professionals whose primary objectives are to provide their clients with peace of mind.

Find out for yourself. Get in touch with Penn Mutual. For your financial security, for your peace of mind.

The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, Independence Square, Philadelphia, Pa. 19172.

 Lloyd R. Arnel, CLU The Charles E. Drimal Agency	 Daniel Arnold, CLU The Sheldon Brudner Agency	 Joseph Barnard II The David F. West Agency	 Jerome A. Baron, CLU The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Sidney Chicosky, CLU The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Robert R. Cowan The David F. West Agency	 Harvey F. Dickler, CLU The Charles E. Drimal Agency	 Maurice E. Dobri The Charles E. Drimal Agency
 Michael A. Dowdell, CLU The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Richard A. Dreyer The Charles E. Drimal Agency	 Bernard V. Drucker, CLU The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Robert W. Ebling, Jr., CLU The David F. West Agency	 L. A. Feigenbaum, CLU The Sheldon Brudner Agency	 Azriel Feiner, CLU The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Roger A. Freedman The David F. West Agency	 Fred Geils The Francis X. Cavalli Agency
 Seymour Gerstman, CLU The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Bernard Golden, CLU The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Harvey Gralia The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Stephen R. Herman, CLU The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Richard H. Johnson, CLU The Sheldon Brudner Agency	 Albert F. Lefebvre The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Alexander S. Lory, CLU The Charles E. Drimal Agency	 Steven S. I The David F. West Agency
 Thomas B. Martin The David F. West Agency	 James H. Mauro The Francis X. Cavalli Agency	 Herbert Millman, CLU The Charles E. Drimal Agency	 James Nuzzi The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 H. C. Orth-Pallavicini The David F. West Agency	 Alan C. Packman The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Harry Phillips, 3rd, CLU The Charles E. Drimal Agency	 Roger Phillip The Charles E. Drimal Agency
 Robert Plimack The Sheldon Brudner Agency	 R. S. Ponsoldt, CLU The David F. West Agency	 Alan I. Rosenstock The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 I. Michael Singer The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Milton Tapper, CLU The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Ervin Wald The Louis P. DiCerbo Agency	 Max H. Weis, CLU The David F. West Agency	



Have you heard of Penn Mutual's Philadelphia? That's the name of our new observation deck overlooking Independence Hall. Glass-front elevators lift you above America's most historic square mile. Cultural exhibits, multi-image theaters, the perfect place to start your tour. For a free color brochure with a map of what you'll see, write or call your nearby Penn Mutual agent. We're looking forward to seeing you.



Sheldon Brudner
The **SHELDON BRUDNER** Agency
24th Floor—747 Third Avenue
New York



Francis X. Cavalli
The **FRANCIS X. CAVALLI** Agency
Suite 2000, 1185 Ave. of the Americas
New York



Louis P. DiCerbo II, CLU
The **LOUIS P. DICERBO** Agency
360 Lexington Avenue
New York



Charles E. Drimal, CLU
The **CHARLES E. DRIMAL** Agency
150 East 58th Street
New York



David F. West, CLU
The **DAVID F. WEST** Agency
355 Lexington Avenue
New York



مكاتبنا في القاهرة

ft and Embezzlement, Most Persistent Crimes in Soviet, Continue to Plague the Economy

STOPHER S. WREN
 April 8—In the public of Azerbaijan of 64 farm and carry-ory employees swin-overnment out of 9 being (\$12-million) by nonexistent vegeta-
 itic republic of Lith- \$1 million worth of e fabric was diverted tile factory for boot- in Georgia, 1,800 se. The investigation ime extended to sis-
 sian city, truck driv- ed for bonuses by re- at they had removed in tons of snow, a at could have fallen 20 years.
 ises, reported in the recent months, are the Soviet Union's tent crime problem. tistics are kept, sime Russians believe nic cheating of the y its citizens may illions of rubles a

But stealing is also reported outside the factory. A letter in Pravda last fall from the industrial city of Penza told of extensive theft of radios, batteries and other parts from new cars being transported by rail, through armed guards ride such trains. In one case, spare tires were removed from 10 Zhiguli cars in a row. During the first seven months of last years, the regional administrative office filed twice as many claims for missing car parts as in all of 1974.
 In the service sector, one of

the ripest targets has been the state gasoline stations. It was disclosed last August that daily gasoline sales in Azerbaijan had officially dwindled to less than half-pint per car though the numbers of cars kept growing. The rest was hustled on the side. In Moscow, one woman attendant was found earning up to 20 rubles an hour selling gas earmarked for state vehicles to private car owners.
 Economic crime takes place down on the farm, too. One Russian insists that some of the produce sold from farmers' pri-

vate plots is actually siphoned away from state and collective farms. The press periodically announces convictions of farmers caught feeding stolen grain to their animals. But feeding even state-subsidized bread to livestock is illegal. One woman in central Russia drew a year of "corrective labor" for main- taining 45 cows and piglets on bread and rolls last year.
 According to a suburban Muscovite, farmers near the capital have hit upon another device to economic "freewheeling" from the source said, the Leningrad prosecutor tried and failed to

get a satisfactory definition of economic irregularities. The ministers of communications and light in- dustries have set up their own antirust research laboratories. But more than a few Rus- sians shrug off the abuses as inevitable.
 "We have two economies—state and private," one man ex- plained. "The state economy produces and the private economy consumes. It's natural, be- cause you can't get along other- wise. Whoever steals lives bet- ter."

It's not clear how the state will be able to curb the abuses, yet. The state economy is still largely controlled by the party apparatus. The state economy is still largely controlled by the party apparatus. The state economy is still largely controlled by the party apparatus.

It's not clear how the state will be able to curb the abuses, yet. The state economy is still largely controlled by the party apparatus. The state economy is still largely controlled by the party apparatus.

It's not clear how the state will be able to curb the abuses, yet. The state economy is still largely controlled by the party apparatus. The state economy is still largely controlled by the party apparatus.

**LEGS, LEGS, LEGS
 HAIRLESS LEGS**
 EUROPEAN WAX-METHOD
 ON FACE, BODY, AND LEGS
Edith Jurce
 BEAUTY AND WIG SALON
 20 West 57th Street
 758-0233 or 247-4022
 Open Mon to Sat. 9-6, Thurs 9-7

ossible to guess the use it's so broad," served.
 or Laws Urged
 rty congress in Feb- d I. Brezhnev under- Kremlin's concern by updated economic, that would, among "be more effective, g cases of defraud- ate, doctoring of theft of socialist- nd similar offenses, as been hampered a more open cam- rime, by Soviet s supposed to be a henomenon. There at crime in the So- than in the West, rjority of it, can be ankness, yet econ- seems to flourish. e Western diplo- ts wonder whether nal nature of the ntrolled economy abuses.
 stories about work- ket factory goods tside, farmers who ate grain to feed al livestock, and who carry "hares" passengers for e ms the corruption high places. Mus- call how the late ulture, Yekaterina was reprimanded; for having built a ia with state ma-

Office Division
 own such violators go-job of the O.B. Division for the ast Embezzlement erty, a branch of rjor crimes, includ- oving foreign cur- cious metals are unit of the K.G.B. rty apparatus. Union is probably rtrialized country a death penalty onomic crimes. In nI canning swin- cials were sen- ecution by firing
 nces ranging up the maximum jail oviet Union—are sser offenses, and nity are ordered e thefts. tes are severe but ke risks because ties are there," plained.
 is widespread in e Soviet Govern- as economic ctivities that ite legal in the enterprise and vity are lumped offenses along e, forgery and

erance Seen
 ns contend that n of all produc- fering more so- . A black market e consumer goods ts that can be duction lines or Rising incomes e demand for mported items ight for a sur- der the counter. me bureaucracy ble to embezzle- stuary published mmer reported raud in the Rus- particularly in d agriculture, in onomous Repub- padding to earn uses in the first nped four times e previous year. ris A. Viktorov r of Internal Af- l closing some ecilitated eco- state allowances age were pegged led in the news- ich-skav. Ga- plovens skim off undetected. A ow refrigerated nd 4.5 tons of tons of cheese edlessly written
 n standards and ce consumer goods t managers to r products at Mr. Viktorov absence of uni- g forms made it a fake invoice
 it has gone un- e of a shortage rs, the Deputy In the Central of Kirghizia, a in one plant for en they had al- 000 rubles (\$16- tal audit turned rpayment of 3

At TWA, being the best isn't everything. It's the only thing.

There's something about competition that brings out the best in people. The tougher the challenge, the better they perform.
 TWA people face the toughest challenge in the airline business, because TWA flies against more competition than any other airline.

If we want your business, we have to be a better airline. So the next time you're planning to fly, call your Travel Agent or Corporate Travel Department, and ask for TWA. And find out how great it is to be on an airline that says: "Being the best isn't everything. It's the only thing."



Better teamwork. These are just a few of the over 8275 people on the TWA team that gets you off the ground in New York. And welcomes you back home. They're working round the clock to make sure everything goes smoothly on your flight. So you'll come back to the TWA counter, and not the one next door.

More enjoyable flights. TWA introduced in-flight entertainment. And we're still the only airline to give you a choice of movies—plus exciting PGA Tour Golf Highlights—on all movie flights.



Jack Nicklaus winner of the 1976 Tournament Players Championship.



More carry-on luggage compartments. TWA introduced carry-on luggage compartments, and today we have them on more planes than any other airline. If you want to see what our competitors will be doing tomorrow, fly with us today.

**TWA.
 The On-Time
 Airline.**

On-time commitment. At TWA, we're out to give you the best on-time performance to every city we fly to. We take your time seriously, so you'll take TWA rather than some other airline.

Service mark owned exclusively by TWA. Movies by Inflight Motion Pictures, Inc. Copyright 1976 PGA Tour/Pro Tour Productions, Inc.



Fairness Approach in Senate

SCORPIO

YOUR CINDERELLA SIGN OF THE ZODIAC



your greatest find ever in high fashion **now** shoes at surprising savings.

Scorpio brings you a unique opportunity to choose from a huge spring and summer assortment of the most beautiful dress and sport shoe collection under one roof!

- The identical shoes you see right now in the finest Department Stores on Fifth Avenue & Lexington; the Specialty shoe boutiques on Madison & Third Avenues.
- Identical because we make these shoes in Spain; import other design-name footwear from Italy. Yours at 30% to 50% off at our Direct Outlet shop.

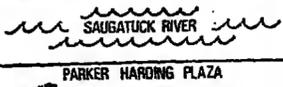
Buy before Easter & get a free pair of L'eggs pantyhose.



their price around \$32
our price \$24.

One example sketched from stock

FINE kidskin in white, bone and camel



We're tucked away...
Below County Federal Savings, Westport
on the River Side Parker Harding Plaza
703-227-6560

SCORPIO COUNTY FEDERAL SAVINGS

MAIN STREET

Issue and Debate

Deciding What Is a Carcinogen

By BAYARD WEBSTER

Eighteen months ago the Environmental Protection Agency banned the use of the pesticides aldrin and dieldrin, saying that they were cancer-causing substances. Last Christmas Eve most uses of the agricultural pesticides heptachlor and chlordane were suspended by the agency because of an "imminent cancer risk" to humans.

A month later, an agricultural-scientific group took exception to these decisions, charging that the Government agency's procedures for determining cancer-causing substances were based on faulty assumptions.

These opposing views have highlighted a growing controversy over the scientific approach to determining whether a substance is or is not a carcinogen (cancer-causing agent).

Described as Hazardous on one side of the argument are Government and independent scientists and cancer researchers who feel that almost any substance that can cause change in cell structure (mutagenesis) or that can cause tumors, even though benign, are usually carcinogens, and therefore hazardous.

In the late 1960's these scientists' views came to be accepted as "principles of carcinogenicity" by several Federal health and regulatory agencies, including the Environmental Protection Agency, which considered them in banning the insecticide DDT in 1970 and other chemicals in later years.

These guidelines, or criteria, for determining carcinogenicity included the broadly stated main principle: Any chemical that is found to cause tumors in animals or living tissue should be characterized as a carcinogen and a hazard to man.

A corollary principle stated that the concept of a threshold exposure level for any cancer-causing agent was impossible to determine and, therefore, there should be a zero exposure level for the chemical.

On the other side of the argument are agricultural trade groups, farm and garden chemical manufacturers and a number of independent scientists. They are generally of the opinion that the regulatory agency's criteria for determining whether a substance is a carcinogen are ambiguous and too strict and that they should be relaxed or disregarded.

This difference of opinion has come at a time when the growing weight of evidence seems to demonstrate that cancer caused by toxic substances in the environment is one of the most pervasive health problems in the world. According to the World Health Organization, from 60 to 90 percent of all cancers are caused by such substances.

Background

From the time man discovered fire, whose smoke produced hydrocarbons and tarry byproducts, he has introduced a host of carcinogens into the human environment. Since the Industrial Revolution in the latter 18th century, more than 30,000 chemicals have come into commercial production and each year the list grows by some 1,000 new compounds.

According to Russell Train, head of the environmental agency, only a few thousand of the more than 6,000,000 known chemicals have been tested for carcinogenicity. Of these, 1,000 have been shown to cause cancer in animals and nearly 200 have been demonstrated to cause cancer in humans.

As the number of toxic chemicals proliferated, the environmental cancer problem intensified and began to be studied more closely by concerned scientific groups who came up with the informal guidelines, or so-called "principles," for defining carcinogens.

For Less Control Most chemical and pesticide makers and the agricultural industry contend that the guidelines are not wholly proven and are too restrictive for the billion-dollar industries that greatly influence the nation's welfare and economy.

The Council for Agricultural Science and Technology, a consortium of United States farm research and trade organizations, argues in a recent report that the guidelines fail to make a distinction between types of tumors. The report states: "All cancers are tumors, but most tumors are not cancers—some tumors become cancers, but most do not."

The council also argues that substances that cause cancers in animals do not necessarily cause them in humans. The group also says that the concept of zero exposure to any environmental substance is impractical and almost impossible to achieve.

Last month an editorial in Lancet, the British medical journal, stated that the Environmental Protection Agency's cancer principles "vary from the innocuous to the absurd" and added that few experts would accept the proposition of the World Health Organization and others that cancer was mainly caused by exposure to exter-

nal factors such as chemicals.

For More Control

Dr. Russell W. Peterson, chairman of the President's Council on Environmental Quality, last month addressed the annual meeting of the Society of Toxicology in Atlanta and supported the environmental agency's use of its principles of carcinogenicity.

"It is a social value judgment," Dr. Peterson said. "And because certain induced tumors transform into malignancies, and because we can seldom predict which tumors become malignant and which will not, we should regard all tumorigens (tumor-causing agents) as possible carcinogens."

He added that it was "obviously unacceptable to wait from 15 to 40 years (the range of cancer latency periods) to find out whether a suspect chemical will produce cancer in man." He said that "every chemical that induces cancer in animals" must be regarded "as a potential carcinogen in humans."

In a recent letter to Chemical and Engineering News, a publication of the American Chemical Society, Dr. Sidney Weinhouse, director of the Fels Research Institute in Philadelphia, stated: "There are no strict, quantitative criteria that differentiate benign from malignant tumors. So-called 'benign' tumors simply grow more slowly than malignant tumors."

Dr. Harold Stewart, retired chief of pathology at the National Cancer Institute and now a consultant for that agency, also points out the difficulty in distinguishing between tumors and cancers. "You can't really separate the two," he said. "We know that if tumors are untreated they will very often metastasize (spread)."

Outlook

In the argument over the proper definition of carcinogenicity and in the tangled thicket of scientists, legislative bodies, Federal agencies, industrial groups and other organizations concerned with the problem, there is little evidence that a solution acceptable to industry and environmentalists, to doctors and lawmakers, to farmers and consumers, is around the corner. But the following actions have been initiated:

• The National Cancer Institute is preparing new criteria as suggested guidelines for defining an agent as cancer-causing. These are expected to be made public sometime this summer.

• The Environmental Protection Agency is preparing its own guidelines for determining environmental carcinogens using a benefit/risk approach based on the health risk to humans of a substance in the environment matched against its overall benefit to mankind.

• A national clearinghouse

on environmental carcinogens is being set up by the National Cancer Institute. It would act as an information center and an early warning network for scientists, industry, Federal agencies and other concerned groups.

• New, simple and inexpensive ways of testing chemicals for their cancer-causing properties, using bacteria instead of animals, are being examined by the Government's scientific and regulatory departments. Such tests, though not as definitive as the vastly more expensive and time-consuming animal tests, are regarded as promising for ultimately being able to screen substances and determine where or not they have enough harmful potential to merit being examined more closely.

But despite these developments, the road toward establishing accepted definitions of carcinogenicity in the near future seems filled with obstacles, according to most observers.

The National Cancer Institute's latest draft of its new guidelines, for example, is reported to be quite similar to the Environmental Protection Agency's present criteria, which will make the environmentalists happy but which are unacceptable to much of the chemical and agriculture industry.

The promise of simpler test procedures, even if they hold true, are not expected to bear fruit for the next four or five years because it will take that long to thoroughly assess the scope and accuracy of the new methods.

A Possible Approach

One possible approach to the problem of identifying cancerous substances has been proposed by William D. Ruckelshaus, the first Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency. In an interview in the journal, Science, Mr. Ruckelshaus said that whenever a new "devilish" substance was discovered it should be surveyed by an independent research program prepared by everyone involved—industry, labor, Government and concerned citizens. A review group of scientists of "unquestioned integrity" would then design a research program.

In this way, Mr. Ruckelshaus believes, research data could be generated that everyone could agree on and the matter of acceptable risks—the benefit/risk factor—could then be determined.

But even if such a comprehensive program is begun, many scientists believe it will be years before inexpensive and accurate testing procedures can be developed that can quickly identify cancer-causing substances in man's environment. And it may be equally as long before the various groups concerned come to agree on the proper definition of a cancer-causing agent.

House Clears Flu Vaccine Bill; President Is Expected to Sign It

By HAROLD M. SCHMECK Jr.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 12—To organize the campaign on the House passed by voice vote today and cleared for action by President Ford a bill appropriating \$135 million to buy flu vaccine and set up a program to immunize the entire population against one cause of the infection.

The money was requested by Mr. Ford last month to forestall possible epidemics next winter of flu caused by a virus that seems very similar to that of swine influenza.

The swine influenza virus is the cause of flu-like illness in pigs and is also widely thought to have been the cause of the great world flu epidemic of 1918.

The Senate passed last Friday a bill appropriating the \$135 million for the flu vaccine, but also adding about \$1.9 billion for other unrelated jobs programs. The House accepted these additions today with little debate.

The bill is expected to go to the White House within the next few days and President Ford is expected to sign it. Included in the total appropriation of \$1.94 billion is about \$1.2 billion to maintain through next January the current level of 315,000 public service jobs in special programs administered by state and local governments. Also included is \$528.4 million for jobs for youth this summer, \$55.9 million for jobs for the elderly and \$23 million for summer recreation and community programs.

Of the \$135 million for the flu program, \$100 million is for purchase of about 200 million doses of vaccine against the swine influenza-like virus. This will represent the entire production of an emergency vaccine now being organized by industry to make large quantities of the vaccine by next fall and winter.

The rest of the appropriation for the flu vaccination effort includes \$26 million in project grants to state and local governments to develop community mass inoculation programs. \$3.2 million for the Food and Drug Administration to regulate production of the vaccine, \$1.9 million for the Center for Disease Control in Atlanta

Health Measure Gains

WASHINGTON, April 12 (AP)—The House passed today without a dissenting vote a \$1.2 billion authorization to continue and expand health programs.

The measure, a compromise between Senate and House versions, now goes to the Senate for final Congressional action.

CADILLAC FURS

INVENTOR TRANSFER FROM DOWNTOWN FUR FACTO APRIL 12-

OVER 30,000 SATISFIED PATRONS TOP QUALITY MERCHANDISE

- NATURAL FULL LENGTH MINK COATS JUST \$6
- NATURAL MINK JACKETS JUST \$3
- NATURAL NORWEGIAN BLUE FOX JACKETS JUST \$3
- NATURAL FULLY LET OUT BLACK GLAMA MINK COATS JUST \$12
- NATURAL FULL LENGTH RED FOX COAT JUST \$5
- NATURAL LARGE MINK STOLES JUST \$1
- NATURAL FULL LENGTH RUSSIAN SABLE COAT JUST \$2

We honor all major credit cards Custom Made Manufacturing Furriers Since

CADILLAC FURS
178 North Avenue New Rochelle, N.Y. (914) 235-0621
18 West Main Street Westport, L.I. (516) 37

Easter in Qiana®

So luxurious you'd never suspect it's practical. Our coat travels light, has a shantung look and feeling. By Weatherbee® in washable, rain-and-stain repellent Qiana® nylon. Ivory or rose, 6 to 18, 95.00 Fourth Floor, Lord & Taylor—call WI 7-3300 Fifth Avenue, Manhasset, Garden City, Ridgewood-Potomac, Millburn, Westchester and Stamford.



*Do For-1 registered trademark.

Going to Chicago?



Hilton offers a choice of 5 locations.

To reserve, call the Hilton Reservation Service in New York at 594-4500

FOR PASSOVER, TOO!

TRAVEL WITH TASTE

Beef Jardiniere
Chicken Chasseur
And other delicious Kosher meals, served daily at no extra charge, only on special request when making reservations with travel agents or directly.

AIRLINES
AMTRAK
AUTO TRAIN
CRUISES
HOTELS

Ask for Schreiber. Taste the difference.

Schreiber CATERERS, INC.
9024 Foyers Ave., Bayside, N.Y. 11358
Phone (212) 272-0164

مكتبة التحصيل

Warning: The Surgeon General Has Determined That Cigarette Smoking Is Dangerous to Your Health.

14 MG TAR Winston Lights 1.0 mg. nic.

13 MG TAR Marlboro Lights 0.8 mg. nic.

12 MG TAR MULTIFILTER 0.8 mg. nic.

11 MG TAR VANTAGE 0.7 mg. nic.

10 MG TAR FULL MAIL EXTRA MILD 0.7 mg. nic.

9 MG TAR MERIT 0.7 mg. nic.

8 MG TAR KENT GOLDEN LIGHTS 0.7 mg. nic.

AS LOW AS YOU CAN GO AND STILL GET GOOD TASTE.

NEW! KENT GOLDEN LIGHTS. SMOKING SATISFACTION WITH ONLY 8 MG TAR.

Kent Golden Lights advertisement with product image and text: Low Tar & Nicotine, Famous Micronite Filter, 8 Mgs Tar 07 Mgs Nicotine.

OTM Brands Sold: Lowest tar, 2 mg. "tar," 0.2 mg. nicotine av. per cigarette, FTC Report Nov. 1975. Kent Golden Lights: 8 mg. "tar," 0.7 mg. nicotine av. per cigarette by FTC Method.

End of Indeterminate Sentences Urged

By MURRAY SCHEMACH The end of indeterminate criminal sentences was urged yesterday in a report by the Twentieth Century Fund, which recommended instead a form of sentencing that would mean generally shorter prison terms but a greater certainty that the guilty would go to jail.

over the inadequacies of the criminal justice system, the nation still appears unable to check the rise in crime, especially violent crimes. "We believe," it continued, "that perhaps the major flaw in the nature of criminal sentencing is the failure to administer either equitable or sure punishment."

It contends that "a large number of criminals will never serve time in confinement" and adds, "the area of discretion allocated to and exercised by sentencing judges and parole boards should be considerably narrowed."

HEARST SENTENCE DELAYED FOR TEST

Continued From Page 1, Col. 1 carrying a 10-year sentence, faced a possible 35-year term. Judge Carter said, however, that the two sentences would run concurrently.

at this time, but your honor has been made aware of some facts which are relevant to the case. Mr. Bailey did not clarify what he meant by this remark and neither he nor United States Attorney James L. Browning Jr. would discuss it later.

enced and balanced judgment Miss Hearst was given by a jury on March 20, an eight-week trial of pre-trial proceedings in 1974.

Gifts! advertisement with text: Gifts! Gifts! Gifts! Gifts! Gifts! Gifts! Gifts! Gifts! Gifts! Gifts!

The Sea comes At Mall on Also next to LAST CHANCE!

PUT ALL YOUR LOVE IN OUR BASKET advertisement featuring a large basket of flowers and text: Send the FTD EASTER BASKET BOUQUET. A loving gift of fresh, spring blossoms is the perfect way to send your holiday greetings.

- MANHATTAN A/C 212: ACADEMY FLORAL CO. INC., ACADEMY FLORAL EAST INC., ALEXANDER BROS FLORIST INC., ALFREDO FLOWERS, AMBASSADOR FLOWER SHOP, AMERIS & SON FLORIST INC., FLOWERS BY WIRE, MANHATTAN A/C 212, BROOKLYN A/C 212, LONG ISLAND A/C 516, NEW JERSEY A/C 201, CONNECTICUT A/C, NEW JERSEY A/C 201, ROCKLAND A/C 814.

مكازم الأصيل

Two Mafiosi Treated Leniently by U.S.

Continued From Page 1, Col. 5

that the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence had uncovered evidence that the two Mafia leaders and President Kennedy had a close friendship with the same woman, Judith Campbell, in 1961 and 1962.

The investigation included interviews with present and former Government officials, persons who participated in the C.I.A. plots, underworld figures and a long-time friend of Mr. Giancana and Mr. Roselli.

The Senate select committee disclosed that both Mr. Giancana and Mr. Roselli escaped prosecution on wiretap charges through the C.I.A.'s intervention in 1962. But The Times investigation found that the two men received generous treatment from the Federal authorities in other instances as well, and that, while Mr. Roselli tried to use his C.I.A. connections when he got into legal trouble, Mr. Giancana apparently did not.

Bizarre Liaison

The investigation also uncovered new details of the bizarre liaison between the C.I.A. and the Mafia that was reported in the Senate committee issued last November.

In an interview in Las Vegas, Nev., Robert A. Maheu, who has said he brought the C.I.A. and the Mafia together, recalled that in 1959 he met Mr. Roselli in Las Vegas, where he looked after the interests of the Chicago Mafia leaders.

After that meeting, Mr. Maheu and Mr. Roselli became friends and when Mr. Roselli's travels took him to Washington he would sometimes be invited to parties at Mr. Maheu's home in Virginia.

Mr. Maheu was then head of a detective agency in Washington the later went to work for Howard R. Hughes, the industrialist that received a \$500-a-month retainer from the C.I.A., and Mr. Roselli would often meet C.I.A. agents at the Maheu parties.

Mr. Maheu said that, when C.I.A. officials wanted to enlist the aid of the Mafia in the Castro assassination plot in 1960, they asked him to act as the intermediary.

Appeal to Patriotism

In an appearance before the Senate select committee, Mr. Maheu testified that Mr. Roselli was initially recruited to take part in the assassination plot, but was eventually won over by an appeal to his patriotism. Mr. Roselli then recommended that Mr. Giancana, an old friend of his, be brought into the plot because of his excellent contacts in Cuba, where he had had extensive gambling interests before Mr. Castro assumed power after the collapse of Fulgencio Batista's government in 1959.

According to the long-time friend and confidant of Mr. Giancana, the Chicago Mafia boss was also reluctant to join the plot, and felt all along that the assassination attempt would not succeed.

"You can't hit an entrenched leader like Castro," he quoted Mr. Giancana as having told him, "but all they [the C.I.A.] want from me is some names in Havana, so how can I turn them down?"

Mr. Roselli, Mr. Giancana and Mr. Maheu went to Miami Beach in the late summer of 1960 to plan the assassination attempt, according to Mr. Maheu, and the three men stayed there for several months, with their headquarters in the Fontainebleau Hotel.

Unhappy Over Separation

During that period Mr. Giancana's spirits were very low, according to both Mr. Maheu and the long-time confidant. He was unhappy at being separated from his girlfriend Phyllis McGuire, the singer, who, he believed, was seeing other men during his absence from Las Vegas.

"Sam was crazy in love with Phyllis at that time," Mr. Maheu recalled, "and threatened to drop everything and fly to Las Vegas to check up on her."

In an effort to keep him in Miami, Mr. Maheu said he hired a private detective agency to shadow Miss McGuire, and one of its agents was arrested by the Las Vegas authorities while trying to tap the telephone of the entertainer Dan Rowan's hotel room. Mr. Maheu contended in his interview with The Times that he did not ask the detective agency to tap Mr. Rowan's hotel

phone, but only to follow Miss McGuire.

"The wiretap was stupid anyway," he said, "because Rowan wasn't going to be talking on the phone while making love."

The arrest of the private detective led to an estrangement between Mr. Maheu and Mr. Giancana, and nearly disrupted the assassination plot. The apprehended detective told the authorities that he was working for Mr. Maheu. Mr. Maheu then told the Federal Bureau of Investigation that he was involved in a C.I.A. operation.

"Sam was furious at Maheu for spilling the beans to the F.B.I. about the plot," Mr. Giancana's confidant said. "He thought Bob should have been a stand-up guy and taken the rap himself."

C.I.A. Intervened

The F.B.I. wanted to prosecute Mr. Maheu, Mr. Giancana and Mr. Roselli on wiretapping charges, but the C.I.A. eventually intervened with the Justice Department and arranged to have the charges dropped, according to the Senate committee report. But by then the C.I.A. was so fed up with Mr. Maheu and Mr. Giancana that they dropped them from the Castro assassination project, retaining only Mr. Roselli for new efforts against Mr. Castro in what was later referred to as "phase two" of the unsuccessful plot.

Herbert J. Miller, who was then the Assistant Attorney General in charge of the Justice Department's Criminal Division, said that the decision not to prosecute Mr. Maheu and Mr. Giancana for wiretapping was made reluctantly.

"We weren't happy about it, but we felt we had to do it for the national interest," he said in an interview.

It has been speculated that Attorney General Robert F. Kennedy, knowing that Mr. Giancana and Mr. Roselli could embarrass the Kennedy Administration with their story of the C.I.A. plot, told his men to go easy on the two Mafia leaders. But the opposite happened, according to William G. Hundley, chief of the Organized Crime Section under Mr. Kennedy.

'Bobby Pushed Us'

"I remember some of those meetings in his office," he said. "Bobby pushed to get Giancana at any cost."

The F.B.I. agents followed Robert Kennedy's orders so closely that they eventually decided to take them to court. In 1963, he sued in Federal District Court in Chicago for relief from the surveillance, saying that F.B.I. agents' cars clogged the street outside his home and that the agents followed him to his favorite cocktail lounge and even to his family mausoleum.

"It was something, the way those agents stuck to him," his confidant said. "When he went to play golf, four agents went to the hole behind him, and when he would miss a shot they would all boo."

Because Mr. Giancana brought a civil suit against the Federal Government, he had to go on the stand to testify in his complaint, leaving himself open to cross-examination.

"It was the greatest opportunity the Justice Department has had or will ever have to cross-examine a Mafia boss," Edward V. Hanrahan, former United States Attorney in Chicago, said in a telephone interview.

But John Peter Lulinski, the Assistant United States Attorney selected by the Justice Department to handle the case, never questioned Mr. Giancana on the stand.

"There is no cross-examination," he told the court.

A Second Opportunity

Mr. Giancana was brought to the stand a second time during the proceedings, and the judge again gave the Government the opportunity to cross-examine Mr. Giancana.

"No cross, your honor," Mr. Lulinski said.

Mr. Giancana, who had walked into the courtroom looking uncharacteristically nervous, walked out beaming after the judge ruled in his favor.

Why didn't Mr. Lulinski ask Mr. Giancana any questions? "We were told by the Justice Department not to cross-examine him," said Thomas James, who assisted Mr. Lulinski on the case.

Some observers were dumfounded by the Justice Department's performance. Why had it thrown away its big chance

to squeeze Mr. Giancana? Today it is difficult to find out because both Mr. Lulinski and his superior, United States Attorney Frank McDooald, as well as Attorney General Kennedy are dead.

Mr. James said he could not remember what reason the Justice Department gave for its instructions.

Everyone Was Upset

Mr. Hundley, then chief of the department's Organized Crime Section, said that he recalled that everyone in his agency was upset at what had happened in Chicago, but the case was handled by the Civil Division and not by his section.

John W. Douglas, who was head of the Civil Division at the time, said he could not remember the case.

Court records do not show why the Government did not cross-examine Mr. Giancana.

Neither Mr. Hundley nor Mr. Miller believes that a kid-glove treatment of Mr. Giancana was the result of fear that he would divulge the C.I.A. plot. They say that if the Government was afraid of this, Mr. Giancana would not have followed so rigorously in the first place until he was driven to sue. They add that if the Government feared disclosures, the Justice Department would not have worked so hard two years later to send Mr. Giancana to jail.

In 1965, Mr. Giancana was taken before a grand jury and asked about his underworld activities. But, except for his name, he had no information to offer beyond citing the Fifth Amendment protection against self-incrimination, which meant that if he did not talk he would be held in contempt. Mr. Giancana still refused to say anything and was sent to jail for the duration of the grand jury's term.

1942 Prison Term

It was the first time he had been behind bars for 23 years. In 1942, Mr. Giancana was released from the Federal penitentiary in Leavenworth, Kan., at the end of a sentence for violations of the Prohibition laws.

Mr. Giancana, who was born in 1910, served his first prison sentence when he was 15 years old. By the time he was 20, he had had 51 arrests, three of them on murder charges. (One murder charge against him collapsed when the state's chief witness was killed.)

A year after Mr. Giancana's imprisonment for contempt, the grand jury's term expired, ending his jail sentence. At this point, the judge who had sent Mr. Giancana to jail, the former United States Attorney Hanrahan, asked Mr. Giancana to take a new grand jury, given immunity again, and if he still refused to talk sent back to jail.

But Mr. Hanrahan said that the Justice Department ordered him not to give immunity to Mr. Giancana again, and the Mafia leader was freed.

"The biggest mistake I made as United States Attorney," Mr. Hanrahan said recently,



The New York Times, 1965
Sam Giancana



The New York Times
John Roselli

"was going along with Justice and not trying for another contempt case against Giancana."

Again the question arises: Was Mr. Giancana given special consideration because of his role in helping the C.I.A.? Mr. Hundley and Henry E. Petersen, his successor as chief of the Organized Crime Section, say no. Mr. Hundley said that the decision not to give Mr. Giancana immunity a second time resulted from a considerable debate within the Justice Department.

At that time, he said, the present immunity statutes did not exist. The legal basis for sending Mr. Giancana to jail in 1965 was a Federal Trade Commission statute that said that if a witness before a Federal grand jury was asked about telephone calls he was automatically given immunity.

"So we were on this legal ground to begin with," Mr. Hundley said, "and I basically did not believe that the way to fight mobsters was to immunize them and put them away. It's gimmicky, no matter how you cut it."

Mr. Hundley, now a criminal lawyer in Washington, said that he was opposed to immunizing Mr. Giancana the first time.

"I was against it and Hanrahan was for it," he said. "[Assistant Attorney General] Jack Miller sided with Hanrahan and Giancana was immunized. Then Jack Miller resigned and Fred Vinson was put in charge of the Criminal Division. Fred sided with me."

Special Treatment Discounted

Mr. Giancana's confidant said that if Mr. Giancana received any special consideration from the Government, he never asked for it. He said that when Mr. Giancana was cited for contempt in 1965, his attorney, Edward Bennett Williams, who Mr. Giancana had told about the C.I.A. plot, wanted to "tell the judge about it and get Sam off the hook," but Mr. Giancana refused to allow it.

Mr. Roselli, on the other hand, did ask for consideration for his part in the C.I.A. plot on two occasions after the wiretap case, and in one he got it.

In 1966, efforts were begun by the Government to deport Mr. Roselli, who was born Filippo Saco in Italy and allegedly came to the United States illegally as a child. The deporta-

tion efforts were begun after Mr. Roselli reportedly refused to become a Federal informant on the Mafia.

Mr. Roselli got in touch with Sheffield Edwards, the C.I.A. official who directed the early phase of the agency's assassination plots with the Mafia, according to the Senate committee report, and Mr. Edwards persuaded the Justice Department to stall the deportation move. (It has since been revived and is proceeding in a Federal court in Florida.)

Rigged Card Games

In 1967, Mr. Roselli was arrested for fraudulent gambling activities at the exclusive Friar's Club in Beverly Hills, Calif. Along with three other men, he was convicted of cheating. Tony Martin, the singer, Harry Karl, a shoe store executive, and other persons out of more than \$400,000 in rigged card games. The rigged games were supposedly signaled by electronic means by an observer looking through a ceiling peephole.

Again, Mr. Roselli tried to use his involvement with the C.I.A. to save himself, but this time he failed.

Mr. Maheu, who had brought Mr. Roselli and the C.I.A. together, said that an attorney for Mr. Roselli called him and asked him to make a statement to the judge about Mr. Roselli's help to the C.I.A.

"I categorically refused and told him I would deny the whole thing happened," Mr. Maheu said.

The Justice Department also refused to intercede again on his behalf, but Mr. Roselli told the judge about his role with the C.I.A. anyway. It did him no good; he was convicted in the case and sentenced to five years in jail and a \$55,000 fine. He served half his term and was then paroled.

Shortly after Mr. Giancana was released from jail in 1966, he moved to Mexico—to avoid prosecution in the matter of a stolen ring, according to his long-time friend.

Nine years later, back in the United States and just before he was scheduled to appear before a grand jury, he was fixing himself a snack in the early morning hours of last June 19 when someone killed him with seven .22-caliber bullets pumped into his neck and head.

Tomorrow: Frank Sinatra and the Justice Department.

Giancana Slaying Suspect Is Called Old Friend of His

When Sam Giancana was shot to death at his home outside Chicago last June 19, there was wide speculation that his slaying was connected with his role in a 1960 Central Intelligence Agency plot to assassinate Fidel Castro.

The speculation arose from the fact that Mr. Giancana was killed before the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence had a chance to call him to testify about his involvement in the plot.

But both the Department of Justice and Cook County State's Attorney Bernard Carey, who is directing the slaying investigation, have said that no concrete evidence has been found to link the C.I.A. to the killing.

According to sources close to the investigation, the prime suspect in the murder is Dominic Blasi, a former lieutenant and trusted friend of Mr. Giancana.

A car Mr. Blasi was seen driving the night of the slaying was observed parked outside the Giancana home in suburban Oak Park shortly before the killing is believed to have occurred.

Pallbearer at Funeral

Mr. Blasi, 54 years old, who was a pallbearer at Mr. Giancana's funeral, has told investigators that his boss was alive when he left him.

But the investigators say they lack the hard evidence to seek an indictment against anyone as of now. The murder weapon, a .22-caliber pistol with a homemade silencer, was found in an adjoining suburb close enough to the street to have

been thrown from a car, they said.

The gun was delivered by the manufacturer to a Miami dealer on June 20, 1965, and was later sold to another Florida dealer, but the police have been unable to trace it further.

Went to Mexico

Mr. Giancana was boss of the Chicago Mafia when he moved to Mexico in 1966. According to a close friend, he enjoyed his semiretirement in Mexico, traveling to Beirut, where he kept an apartment, to Paris, London and the Far East, and visiting relatives and friends in this country.

The pleasant exile came to a sudden end in 1974 when the Mexican police entered Mr. Giancana's house in Cuernavaca early one morning, pulled him out of bed and drove him across the border, where Federal agents were waiting for him with a subpoena.

While appearing before a Federal grand jury in Chicago, Mr. Giancana resented in his Oak Park house. He was given immunity by the grand jury and began testifying in the fall of 1974. His last appearance was the following February, and then he underwent gall-bladder surgery in Houston, returning to his home only a week before the killing.

Some law enforcement officials have speculated that Mafia associates feared that in the case of cash wedding gifts from Judge Covell. On the list was a gift from Judge Covell. But this theory is discounted by Mr. Giancana's friend. "He told me he had been in the street to have away so long he didn't know firm the list's aut-



Dominic Blasi

anything of value to the jury," the friend said in an interview. "The last time in the can he was able to light his cigar, a liquor, a the wanted."

He said that Mr. G was probably killed because he was involved in a within the Chicago Mafia. Shortly after the slaying, Cook County authorities to examine the content of Giancana's desk. Mr. Ma's family got a restraining order blocking the search. Judge Daniel Covell serves in civil court. But the Illinois Court unanimously Judge Covell, saying a civil court judge be jurisdiction in a criminal interview.

Thermal-Gard

The Complete Replacement Window System

BY MARJO

SYSTEMS INC.

- Tilt in for easy cleaning
- Vinyl clad thermal barrier
- 1" insulated glass
- Warmer in winter—cooler in summer
- Double locks for security
- No storm windows needed
- Completely maintenance-free
- Your satisfaction guaranteed

(You'll Love Them)

Call Collect or Send Coupon for FREE Literature.

N.Y. Counties, Conn. & West (203) **359-2980**
 New Jersey (201) **381-1200**
 Queens & Bronx (212) **458-4020**
 Brooklyn, Staten Isl. (212) **836-1550**
 Long Island (516) **931-5253**

Dr

Evacuation of 12,000 Pressed As River in North Dakota Rises

MINOT, N. D., April 12 (AP)—Leaving their homes to the river's mercy, some evacuees from flood-threatened Minot moved in today with friends or relatives and others checked into nearby motels.

"We expect the water to begin rising in about two days," Mayor Chester Reiten said as evacuation of 12,000 of the city's 35,000 residents progressed on schedule. No rain is expected before the weekend, but everyone living in the flood plain between the Souris River is to be out by Thursday.

"We're not trying to panic anybody," Mr. Reiten said. "But when you have the chance of a dike breaking and having 70 percent of water going over an area, you can see why we are concerned."

This is the fourth time in seven years that the Souris has threatened to inundate part

of the city. In the past, evacuation notices came as little as half a day before the flooding began.

The National Guard said that it evacuated personal belongings from 131 homes over the weekend and was trying to meet requests for help at 330 others. About 75 per cent of the residents were moving without assistance, officials said.

Four public schools in the flood plain have been closed, and students are attending the school nearest their relocation home.

James Ruyak, chief of dike construction for the Army Corps of Engineers, said that 70 percent of the construction was completed, and that the entire project could be finished by the weekend, when the record river flow and crests are expected.

HOW TO WIN THE BATTLE OF THE BULGE.



(3) PERMANENT WEIGHT CONTROL
Total Solution to the Dieter's Dilemma
by Michael and Kathryn Mahoney
\$7.95

(4) NUTRIGENETICS
A nationally known specialist tells you how a Nutrition-Vite diet can restore you to vigorous energetic health—how you can maintain a balanced body chemistry, lose weight, feel better, improve your sex drive and live longer by correcting your blood sugar imbalance. Many never before published calorie and nutritional charts, recipes, menus and more.
M. Evans and Co. 258 pp. \$8.95

(5) THE SAN FRANCISCO WEIGHT-LOSS METHOD
Dr. R. O. Schoenstadt
After losing ten gaining 50 lbs. six times, the author formulated a program that keeps off pounds and maintains good health. Tested for over four years in four West Coast centers, participants show 30% rate of success, as opposed to 3% for most other methods. A systematic exercise and diet plan clearly explained is a chief feature of this book.
Arthur Fields Books 340 pp. \$7.95

(6) DIET AWAY YOUR STRESS, TENSION & ANXIETY
The Fructose Diet
Book
by Dr. Daniel Palm, Ph.D.
A bold new diet that shows you how you can eat your way out of a number of disorders you may have eaten your way into in the first place. Overeating, obesity, migraine headaches, alcoholism, schizophrenia, hypoglycemia, and hyperactivity—all may be controlled, says the author, by a program that pivots on the ingestion of fructose (fruit sugar).
Doubleday 227 pp. \$6.95

(2) DR. SIGAL'S NATURAL FIBER PERMANENT WEIGHT-LOSS DIET
by Dr. Sanford Sigal
It's not what you are eating that makes you fat, but what you have not been eating is the startling premise of this breakthrough book on gaining good health while losing weight. You can bring back nutritional sanity into your diet by following this book's advice and many sensible recipes that stress the benefits of dietary fiber.
The Dial Press 289 pp. \$8.95

(4) LOW-FAT COOKERY
New Revised, Expanded Edition
by Evelyn S. Stead and Gloria K. Warren
This best-selling book is newly revised and expanded. The authors have added 118 new recipes, explored and described the many new products of low-fat cooking now available and expanded and updated the tables listing fat content of foods. Appealing and imaginative recipes and over 100 low-fat cooking and enjoyable ways to diet and good health.
McGraw-Hill 408 pp. \$8.95

THE McGRAW-HILL BOOKSTORE
1221 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10020
TO ORDER BY PHONE CALL 212/997-4192

Please send me the book(s) I have circled:

1 2
3 4
5 6

Please charge my credit card number:

BankAmericard American Express MasterCard

Name _____
Address _____
City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Please add applicable sales tax plus 5% each copy for postage and handling.

مكتبة الانجمن

ing Suspect
Friend of His

... in Mexico

... the body

... the most bizarre

... ever encountered

... said. "Anyone

... unravel this one

... Pulitzer prize."

... dy, found floating in

... north of the Loop,

... ved March 25.

... ys later, a man who

... was William Hamilton

... a Mich. identified the

... hat of his brother-in-

... Blevins, 32 years old,

... ker from Clearwater,

... ordered the body

... Mr. Blevins had been

... ince March 22, when

... rove him to the air-

... two-day vacation in

... ys after the crema-

... ngerprint check was

... rom the Federal Bu-

... vestigation in Wash-

... identified the dead

... eph Tallarico, 55, a

... vy man living in

... Marina Towers.

... rscriptions Match

... rription of Mr. Hamil-

... to police by county

... ndants, Mr. Dileonardi

... matched that of Mr.

... new developments

... that Mr. Blevins

... large life insurance

... probably now this

... for the false

... could have

... the body as himself.

... that certain persons

... conspired in "this

... grand an insurance

... and that's what we

... ing into now," Mr.

... said.

... Hamilton was tele-

... the Chicago police,

... Dileonardi said, he

... and uncooperative.

... are attempting to

... Hamilton and Mr.

... questioning about

... nification and the

... Tallarico.

... Tomlin, the Cook

... ner, said the body

... is equivalent of 1.5

... of morphine and 15

... alcohol. He said the

... old have been lethal,

... the man was "app-

... ared."

**UNIDENTIFIED
CHICAGO MIXUP**

**Proker May Have
Corpse Was His**

CHICAGO, April 12 (UPI)—A body who falsely identified himself as a missing man, found floating in the Chicago River, may have been the body of a man who had been identified by Joseph Dileonardi, a police detective, as the most bizarre ever encountered.

Dileonardi said. "Anyone who can unravel this one deserves a Pulitzer prize."

The body, found floating in the Chicago River north of the Loop, was recovered March 25.

Five days later, a man who was identified by William Hamilton, a Michigan resident, as the brother-in-law of his brother-in-law, Blevins, 32 years old, a former Clearwater, Fla., resident, ordered the body to be buried.

Mr. Blevins had been missing since March 22, when he was reported to have gone on a two-day vacation in Clearwater.

Five days after the cremation, a fingerprint check was made from the Federal Bureau of Investigation in Washington, D.C., which identified the dead man as Joseph Tallarico, 55, a 5-foot-10-inch, 170-pound, gray-haired man living in the Marina Towers.

The descriptions match those of the brother-in-law of Mr. Hamilton, a police detective by the name of Dileonardi, who had been identified by Hamilton as the brother-in-law of his brother-in-law.

Hamilton was telephoned by the Chicago police, Dileonardi said, and he was uncooperative. He was attempting to identify the body as his brother-in-law, Hamilton and Mr. Dileonardi were questioning about the identification and the body.

Tallarico, the Cook County coroner, said the body was equivalent of 1.5 grams of morphine and 15 milligrams of alcohol. He said the body could have been lethal, and the man was "apparently dead."

**Bus Drivers
in Francisco
Go on Strike**

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12 (UPI)—Thousands of commuters were stranded as bus drivers went on strike today, causing a traffic jam on the Golden Gate Bridge.

The strike by the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 122, which represents city bus drivers, began at 5 a.m. and caused a traffic jam on the Golden Gate Bridge, which is a major thoroughfare in San Francisco.

The union said it was protesting a proposed contract that would raise the wages of bus drivers by about 25 percent and provide for a 40-hour work week.

The city's transportation department said that the strike would cause a traffic jam on the Golden Gate Bridge, which is a major thoroughfare in San Francisco.

The union said it was protesting a proposed contract that would raise the wages of bus drivers by about 25 percent and provide for a 40-hour work week.

**Bus Drivers
in Francisco
Go on Strike**

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12 (UPI)—Thousands of commuters were stranded as bus drivers went on strike today, causing a traffic jam on the Golden Gate Bridge.

The strike by the Amalgamated Transit Union Local 122, which represents city bus drivers, began at 5 a.m. and caused a traffic jam on the Golden Gate Bridge, which is a major thoroughfare in San Francisco.

The union said it was protesting a proposed contract that would raise the wages of bus drivers by about 25 percent and provide for a 40-hour work week.

The city's transportation department said that the strike would cause a traffic jam on the Golden Gate Bridge, which is a major thoroughfare in San Francisco.

The union said it was protesting a proposed contract that would raise the wages of bus drivers by about 25 percent and provide for a 40-hour work week.

... the normal num-

... reserved for

... were opened

... all 11 toll booths

... ease the steady

... flow. Cars with

... riders were al-

... the crowded toll

... paying the nor-

... the authorities

... 28,000 residents

... using projects in-

... were without heat

... boilers are not

... daily attention

... craftsmen, repre-

... 1,900 of San

... 18,000 employees,

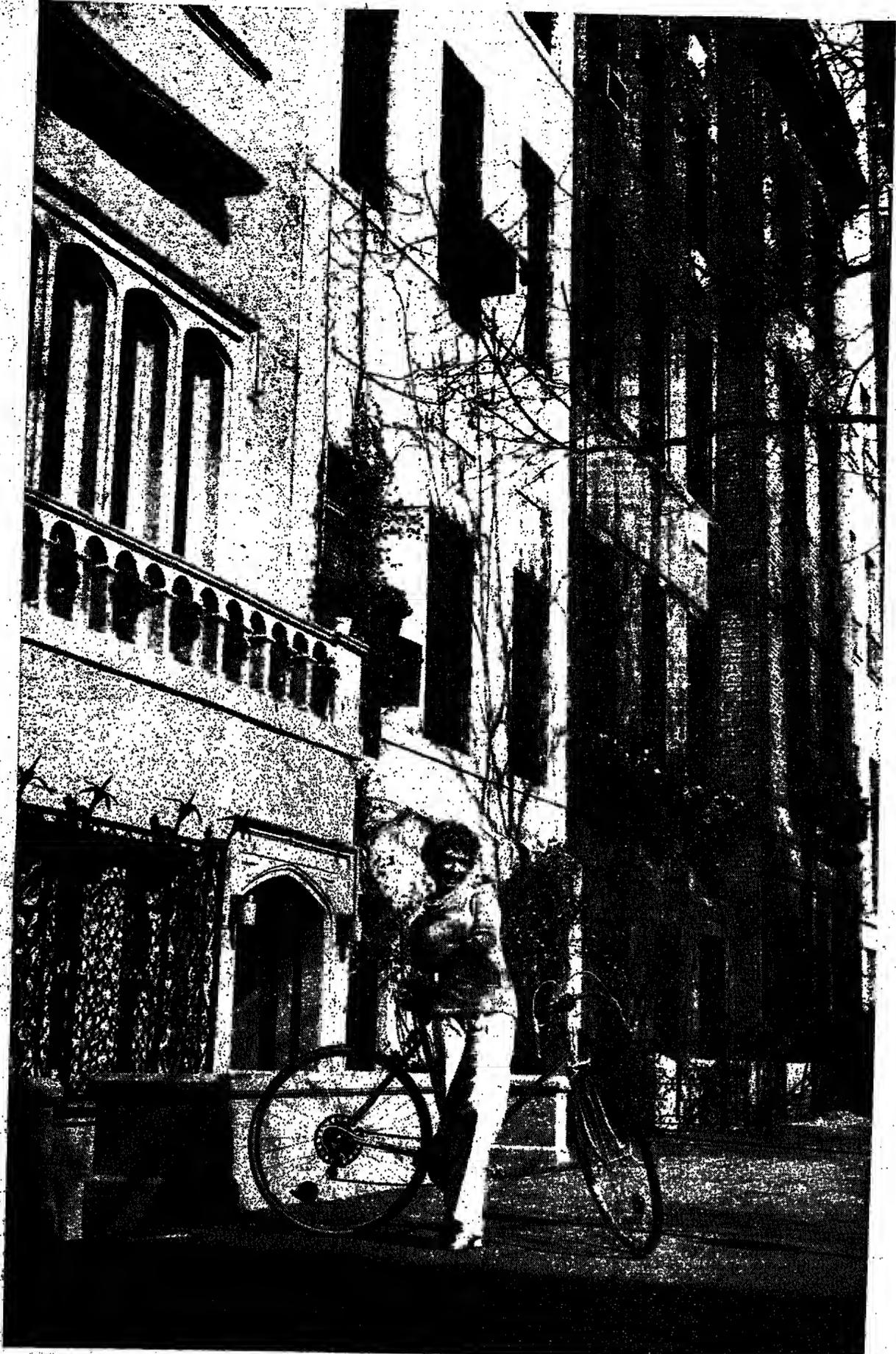
... over the supervi-

... to reconsider \$5.7

... cuts. About 25

... the city's 18,000

... have proposed the



Where's Jane? Back in Dry Dock Country, of course.

Jane Powell is back in our neighborhood—which is looking better than ever. We have filmed and photographed Jane in locations all around Dry Dock Country.

During the coming weeks you will be seeing a lot of our country. In television commercials and in newspaper advertisements like this. If you have a working—or playing—knowledge of this special part of New York City known as Dry Dock Country, you'll have many opportunities to guess just where Jane is. And any number of chances to win a very nice prize for yourself.

Here's your first chance. Do you recognize the elegant

residential block where Jane has been bicycling?

If you think you know the street and the avenues at each end, come to any office of the Dry Dock Savings Bank before Friday, April 23, and drop your answer—along with your name and address—in the official entry bowl.

First thing Friday all entries will be brought to the main office at 59th and Lexington by bonded messengers. At 12:30 pm the first 15 correct answers drawn from the bowl will win a ten-speed Iverson Decathlon bike just like Jane's.

Dry Dock Savings Bank

Main office, 742 Lexington Ave. and 59th St. Tel. (212) 644-6000. Open Sat. 9 to 4. Ten other offices: 518 Seventh Ave. at 38th St. • 111 Second Ave. at 7th St. • 136 Delancey St. near Essex St. • 465 Grand St. at Pitt St. • 60 E. 42nd St. Opposite Vanderbilt Ave. • 555 Seventh Ave. at 40th St. • 770 Third Ave. at 48th St. • 104-19 Queens Blvd. near 68th Ave., Forest Hills (open Sat. 9 to 1) • 43-73 Kissena Blvd., Flushing (open Sat. 9 to 1) • 333 Merrick Rd., Rockville Centre, L.I. (open Sat. 9 to 1) • Founded 1848. Member FDIC.

REAGAN FINANCES REDUCED IN MARCH

His Debt Is Nearly \$1 Million as Spending Is Halved—Ford Is in the Black

WASHINGTON, April 12 (AP)—The financial status of Ronald Reagan's Presidential campaign worsened in March, a report filed with the Government showed today.

While the Reagan campaign trimmed its March spending to barely half what it had laid out during February, it ran its net debt to nearly \$1 million.

That was in contrast to President Ford's campaign, which increased its expenditures during March and ended the month \$777,232 in the black. The Ford report was filed Friday.

The Reagan report showed he had raised \$1.15 million in private funds during March while Ford collected \$1.59 million.

But while Reagan was spending \$1.61 million, Ford's campaign was spending \$2.44 million.

For Reagan, it was a sharp drop from the \$2.84 million he spent during February. But Ford's spending was up by about one-third from \$1.86 million in February.

Although the Reagan campaign finished the month with \$162,205 cash on hand, it was burdened with \$1.17 million in outstanding debts, the principal bills coming from food-raisers and pollsters.

The only report today by Democratic candidates was filed by Senator Henry M. Jackson, who finished March with \$154,015 on hand and no bills outstanding. Apparently bolstered by his Massachusetts primary victory, Jackson's private donations during March reached \$363,154, triple the amounts he had received in February and January. His March expenditure of \$1.10 million was down somewhat from his February outlay of \$1.34 million.

A report by Senator Frank Church, who has not been active in the early primaries, was filed Saturday and showed he had \$214,207 on hand.

Reagan Cites Delay
SHERMAN OAKS, Calif., April 12 (UPI)—Ronald Reagan said Monday that his Presidential campaign is having some "cash flow" problems, partly because of a delay by Congress in reconstituting the Federal Election Commission, which disburses matching funds to the candidates.

"Until Congress gets off the dime and does something, we're held up, as I'm sure other candidates are," he said.



Ronald Reagan and two of his campaign workers review some of the mail received at his Los Angeles headquarters since his recent nationally televised campaign speech.

Study Says Candidates Fail to Name Women to Highest Campaign Posts

WASHINGTON, April 12—Women have held only 10 of the 69 most important jobs on the campaign staffs of 11 major Presidential candidates, and no woman holds a final decision-making position, according to a study made public today.

The study, conducted by the Capitol Hill Women's Political Caucus, rated one Democratic candidate, Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona, "superior" in his placement of women in important campaign positions.

Both of the Republican candidates, President Ford and Ronald Reagan, the former California Governor, were rated "unacceptable" because they were found to have no women in top posts on their campaign staffs. Three Democrats—Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama, Gov. Milton Shapp of Pennsylvania and former Senator Fred R. Harris of Oklahoma—were similarly rated. Mr. Shapp and Mr. Harris have abandoned their candidacies.

The feminist political group labeled "acceptable" because they had at least one woman in top job, the campaign staffs of former Gov. Jimmy Carter of Georgia, Senators Henry M. Jackson of Washington, Frank Church of Idaho and Birch Bayh of Indiana and of the former Peace Corps director, Sargent Shriver.

The organization did not study the staffs of unannounced candidates, such as Senator Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota, of latecomers to the campaign, such as Gov. Edmund G. Brown Jr. of California or early dropouts, such as Senator Lloyd Bentsen of Texas.

The Capitol Hill Women's Political Caucus, whose membership consists entirely of women employed in Congressional offices, is a chapter of the bipartisan National Women's Political Caucus. Last year the Capitol Hill group studied Senate staffs and found that 30 percent had no woman in a professional staff job.

Miriam Dorsey, the head of the feminist organization, said that in the study of Presidential campaign staffs campaign managers were asked such questions as "Who can spend money without an O.K. from someone higher up?" and "Who participated in the decisions on which primaries the candidate would run in?"

More Significant Role
On the basis of answers to such questions, the Congressional group found that the 412 paid workers in the 11 campaign staffs analyzed, 69 had real influence and power. It further concluded that of these 69 workers, 10 were women.

"Women definitely play a much more significant role than they ever have in the past," Miss Dorsey said, "but if women think they hold the real power, they're kidding themselves."

"In every campaign, there are two or three men who have the final say on all decisions," she continued. "Backing them up are individuals who have important but limited decision-making power. Women have penetrated into the second tier of influence, but there are no women at the very top."

The caucus also studied the salaries of Presidential campaign staff members, though it noted that this is not necessarily a good guide to the importance of employees since campaigns are almost always hard-pressed for money and try to pay everyone as little as possible.

The figures show that there are 6 men who are paid more than the highest-paid woman on the Carter staff; 8 men who are paid more than the highest-paid woman on the Udall campaign staff; 11 men who are paid more than the best-paid woman on the Jackson campaign staff; 12 men who are paid more than the best-paid woman on the Ford campaign staff; 13 men who are paid more than the best-paid woman on the Reagan staff; and 19 men who are paid more than the best-paid woman on the Wallace campaign staff.

N.L.R.B. WEIGHING LAW-FIRM UNIONS

A.B.A. Objects to Assertion by Nonlawyer Employees of a Right to Organize

WASHINGTON, April 12—For the second time in three years, the National Labor Relations Board took under advisement today the question of whether nonlawyer employees of law firms have a federally protected right to organize into trade unions and bargain collectively.

A former president of the American Bar Association, Robert W. Meserve, argued that for the board to reverse a holding of 1973 and confirm such a right would jeopardize the confidentiality of communications between lawyers and clients. The problem would be most acute, he contended, if a law firm's employees belonged to a union that represented the employees of corporate clients of the law firm.

Joanne F. Goldstein, representing six clerks and messengers of the Boston law firm of Foley, Hoag & Elliot, contended that it was "unjust" to continue to deny law firms employees the protection of the National Labor Relations Act.

Mrs. Goldstein termed Mr. Meserve's argument "purely conjectural," asserting that "membership in a union is not incompatible with loyalty to an employer."

That might be true, Mr. Meserve replied, but a client could not be certain "The rights of a nonlawyer employee are not to be pressed to the point where they threaten the relationship of a lawyer to the client," he told the board.

Wide Impact Possible
A decision for the Foley, Hoag clerks could have far-reaching repercussions within the legal profession, although it would not necessarily open the way to unionization of all firms. The board would establish a size threshold for law firms as it has for other business categories.

It is argued that the act would probably apply to large firms in cities such as New York, Washington, Chicago and San Francisco, which are generally thought to pay more. Publication of contract terms at those firms presumably would give secretaries and clerks their own bargaining with their employers.

Attn & Weil Inc., Ardmore, Pa., consultants to the American Bar Association, has estimated from 1972 Census Bureau data that there are roughly 30,000 law firms in the United States with four or more employees, including lawyers, and that they employ 175,000 non-lawyers and lawyers who are associates, or employees, rather than partners.

Undiscussed in this morning's 75 minutes of argument was whether protection of the act would apply to a relatively new category of legal employees known as "paralegals." These are persons, mostly young women, who assist lawyers in research and other nonsecretarial tasks but are not lawyers.

Efforts to organize nonlawyer employees of law firms have been encouraged by women's organizations in several cities, such as Women Organized for Employment in Sao Francisco and Nine to Boston.

Mrs. Goldstein told the board that a handful of firms in California, Chicago and New York had voluntarily recognized unions as bargaining agents for their employees.

Mrs. Goldstein told a reporter that her Boston law firm, Angoff, Goldman, Manning, Pyle & Wanger, was representing the Foley, Hoag employees, known as United File Room Clerks and Messengers, for a nominal fee in Boston.

Mrs. Goldstein, who was president of the A.B.A. in 1972-73, is with the Boston firm of Newman, Meserve, King & Romero.

In a 1973 decision involving a California law firm, Bodie, Fogel, Julber, Reinhardt & Rothschild, and the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, the labor board held, 3 to 2, that the act did not apply to the legal profession. The two dissenters, John A. Penello and John H. Fanning, are still members of the board, but only one member of the Bodie firm, Howard Jenkins Jr., is still serving.

The members whose votes apparently will be decisive are Betty Southard Murphy, the chairman, who was absent today because of illness but who sent word that she was participating in the case, and Peter D. Walker.

In the Bodie decision, the majority made two principal findings: that law firms have only "minimal" impact on interstate commerce and that the board should be inhibited by the problem of lawyer-client confidentiality.

Mrs. Goldstein contended that the Supreme Court had disposed of the commerce argument in its decision in 1975 in Goldfarb v. Virginia State Bar. In that case, the Court found that a schedule of uniform legal fees published by a county bar association had a substantial effect on interstate commerce and therefore was prohibited by the Sherman Antitrust Act.

Mr. Meserve contended that such a finding in an antitrust case had no applicability in a labor case.

Goldin Backs \$2.3 Billion Debt Serv In Budget and Assails Bankruptcy I

By FRANCIS X. CLINES
Comptroller Harrison J. Goldin yesterday defended the record amount of debt service in the coming city budget—about \$2.3 billion in a \$13.8 billion document—and said that increasing calls for the city to declare bankruptcy were based on erroneous assumptions.

Chief among the errors, Mr. Goldin said, is what he called the "radical chic" notion that austerity can be made more humane by deliberately choosing widespread default on debts and using this debt-service money to pay for more city services for residents.

The Comptroller said that critics who advocated this approach overlooked the fact that the state, not the city, now laid claim to a large share of city revenues by way of the Municipal Assistance Corporation, and that the State Constitution would seem to bar the diversion of real-estate debt-service revenues to pay for city services.

The city revenue stream claimed by the state on behalf of M.A.C.—the state agency that was set up to help the city avoid default—totals more than \$500 million in the budget that takes effect in July, and is now beyond the city's power to divert, Mr. Goldin said.

Limited to Debt Service
In addition, the city, acting under a constitutional provision, currently raises \$1.4 billion a year above the normal real-estate taxation limit, because this money is spent only on long-term debt. If the city chose to default on these debts, it would be unable to raise this money for other city services, in Mr. Goldin's view, and taxpayers would be free to demand deductions in the real-estate tax.

As the pain of the reduced city services and payroll shrinkage has been felt in local neighborhoods' various critics have questioned whether default on loans might not be preferable. Congressional representatives from four of the city's more impoverished areas made this point last week in complaining that the budget cuts seemed to be benefiting mainly bankers and other creditors, at the expense of ordinary residents.

But Mr. Goldin and other defenders of the current, precariously arranged, financial plan, say the choice is not that simple—that, for example, the investors who would be affected by bankruptcy would be the city's pension systems and their retirees now being relied on heavily for cash by the city.

Discussing his mail, Felix G. Rohatyn, chairman of the assistance corporation, said: "There are all these letters of complaint from gray-haired small investors who have everything they own in the city."

The precise breakdown of the city debt costs will be included in Mayor Beame's 1976-77 expense budget proposal, to be released tomorrow. But its basic shape is known from the revised three-year budget-austerity plan now being studied by the Emergency Financial Control Board, the state panel charged with seeing that the city restores balance to its budget.

In the last decade, as the city budget tripled in size, it has doubled—from \$5.2 billion to \$12.3 billion. In the last year the debt and the cost of carrying the debt increased considerably after the city, in effect, finally acknowledged errors in past fiscal practices, mainly the ever-increasing rollover of obligations.

The Comptroller's office estimated that the new budget would total \$13.8 billion, show \$2.3 billion in debt costs, or 16.6 percent of the total, including \$586 million in obligations. In the budget debt service would amount to \$1.9 billion of the total, or 15.4 percent.

As stringent as the fiscal plan is, Mr. Rohatyn decried as worth the effort the city's fiscal stand argued that the alternative bankruptcy would cause more, not fewer cuts for residents.

More immediately, Mr. Rohatyn's opinion, he would rule the city as well as his own for large-scale borrowing, jeopardizing the city's standing in the advanced city is counting on.

Short Term Into
"What's overlooked Goldin said, "is that finally succeeded in long-term, short-term debt, more than \$3 billion of it, is still sheet doesn't come easy, but the city relieved of constant to find another Pete Paul."

Mr. Goldin conceded his point that the credit market is not the problem of the city, but that the offer of an exchange term M.A.C. bonds is not the principal offer on the principal amount.

But he said the balancing plan would be for a fur of seasonal, short-term debt, might be attractive. He said he felt the offer of security marked revenues to the Federal Government, which is the city's seasonal lender for two years.

In describing the offer, Mr. Goldin said the 1978-79 budget would be reduced debt—about \$1 billion was issued, in fact, had been incurred a year in advance while redeeming an amount.

Mr. Goldin said flatly predicting of the city's budget plan nor the return credit. But there is a "mer of hope," he said, "is relatively more than the alternative of bankruptcy."

State Board Seeks Details Of Contract From M.T.A.

By LEE DEMBART
The staff of the Emergency Financial Control Board yesterday asked the Transit Authority to explain fully how productivity savings would pay for cost-of-living raises in its new contract with the Transport Workers Union.

In addition, Mayor Beame sent a letter to David L. Yunch, chairman of the authority, asking for a detailed description of the terms of the contract and posing the question: "Can I assume that the reported Transit Authority deficit for 1976-77 will not be adversely affected by the labor settlement?"

Mr. Yunch and two top transit officials briefed the control board's staff for an hour and a half, after which Stephen Berger, chief administrator of the board, said, "I have some serious questions that I and my staff want to explore further."

In response to both the control board and the Mayor, the Transit Authority issued a statement late yesterday saying that the contract language was still being worked on and that final language will be available to the E.F.C.B. [control board] staff on Thursday.

Under the law, the control board must approve all labor contracts, and Mr. Berger said he was hopeful that the T.W.U. pact would be taken up at a board meeting next Monday.

Among other things, the board is known to be concerned that if productivity savings are applied to a pay increase, they cannot then be applied to reducing the Transit Authority's deficit, which is estimated to be \$76.6 million next year.

"Several people have raised that, including the Mayor," Mr. Berger said yesterday. "The board has to insure that the contract does nothing to contribute to the potential deficit."

The T.W.U. contract, which averted a bus-and-subway strike on April 1, calls for the 34,000 hourly employees to receive 3.3 cents an hour for each 1-point increase in the local Consumer Price Index, a very modest raise by the standards of recent years.

Transit officials had attempted to make the raises contingent on dollar-for-dollar productivity savings, but the union

Ford Vetoes Bill to Ease Hatch Act

By JAMES M. NAUGHTON
Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, April 12—President Ford vetoed today, and probably killed, legislation that would end restraints on the political activities of nearly three million Government workers.

"The public business of our Government must be conducted without the taint of partisan politics," the President said moments before signing his 48th veto message.

The measure would have amended the Hatch Act of 1939 to permit the 2.8 million Federal civil servants to seek elective office or support partisan candidates.

Neither the Senate nor the House of Representatives passed the measure by the two-thirds vote that would be needed to override a veto.

House Republicans had warned of a veto as action on the bill was being completed last month, and Mr. Ford said 10 days ago as he campaigned

in Wisconsin that he would disapprove the measure. The House, which originated the bill, put off until April 29 any attempt to try to override the veto.

Mr. Ford said that Government employees were already permitted to vote, to attend political rallies and to contribute funds to political parties. He contended that the concerns that prompted enactment of the Hatch Act four decades ago are still valid today.

Action in Congress
Over Republican opposition, the Senate had voted 54 to 36 and the House had voted 241 to 164 to lift the major remaining restrictions on political activities of civil servants.

At the same time, the Congressional majority wrote into the measure sections designed to prevent political coercion of Federal employees by their superiors.

Even so, the President said in his formal veto message, the changes could lead to pres-

ures on Federal workers "in extremely subtle ways beyond the reach of any anticorruption statute."

He said that the measure "would deny the lessons of history" and that "politicizing the civil service is intolerable."

Behind much of the amendment opposition to the amendments was the supposition that many bureaucrats owed their appointment to the Democratic Party and thus would direct their political loyalties that way.

The measure was strongly supported by Federal employees unions and their Congressional allies, who contended that the Hatch Act denied civil servants rights that other citizens enjoyed.

Mr. Ford noted that the Supreme Court had upheld the political limits in a 1973 ruling. He said the Hatch Act had succeeded in striking "a delicate balance between fair and effective government and the First Amendment rights of individual employees."

HUMPHREY CALLED VICTOR IN JERSEY

Uncommitted Slate in View With 4 Others in Primary
By RONALD SULLIVAN
Special to The New York Times
TRENTON, April 12—The Democratic state chairman said today that Senator Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota had achieved a victory in the Democratic mini-conventions held throughout the state on Saturday.

The chairman, State Senator James P. Dugan, said that uncommitted delegate candidates had "far outnumbered" other Democrats who caucused in the 40 legislative election districts. The four delegate candidates for the June 8 primary.

Mr. Dugan estimated that 1,200 Democrats registered at the conventions.

In addition to the uncommitted slates in each district, slates pledged to four candidates were fielded in most districts. The four candidates are Senator Henry M. Jackson of Washington, former Gov. Jimmy Carter of Georgia, Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona and Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama.

Others With Support
Local candidate slates were also named in a few districts pledged to Gov. Edmund G. Brown Jr. of California, Senator Frank Church of Idaho and Ellen McCormack, the anti-abortionist candidate from Long Island.

A total of 81 delegates will be elected in June, two from each of 39 districts and three from the 37th District in Bergen County, which received a bonus of one for turning out the biggest Democratic vote in the last two major elections.

By the April 29 primary filing deadline, the state party will file a 10-member slate of uncommitted delegates that will run state-wide, and each of the candidates will file separate slates pledged to their own nominations.

The 91 elected delegates will then select 17 more, thus giving New Jersey 108 delegates at the national convention, the eighth largest bloc of votes there. While the state party is officially uncommitted, Senator Dugan told a news conference in the State House today, "what uncommitted stands for in New Jersey will be clearly apparent by election day."

Senator Hubert H. Humphrey is the best we have and we should go with him into the November election," Senator Dugan said.

Prospects Dwindle for Campaign Bill

By WARREN WEAVER, Jr.
Special to The New York Times
WASHINGTON, April 12—Prospects for Congressional approval of new campaign legislation this month dwindled almost to the vanishing point today as Senate and House conferees failed for the third time to agree on a compromise bill.

The conference will make one last effort tomorrow morning. But even if a half-dozen major issues are resolved, it is doubtful that a bill could clear all the necessary Congressional hurdles before the lawmakers begin their Easter recess on Wednesday.

As a result, subsidies paid to Presidential candidates for their primary expenses, and to parties for their national conventions, will remain frozen at least until early May, along with most of the major powers of the Federal Election Commission.

Congressional action is necessary because the Supreme Court ruled in January that the commission had been improperly constituted. The court said that the designation of four of its six members by Congressional leaders had violated the separation of powers doctrine of the Constitution.

Even before the Senate-House conference broke up this afternoon Senator Mike Mansfield, the Democratic leader, had said the Senate did not expect to

take up any conference report before the recess.

There was a remote possibility that the conferees could produce a bill tomorrow morning, which the rules committee could clear in the afternoon, leaving Wednesday for debate and possible approval of the compromise in both the House and Senate.

That schedule, highly ambitious, would have to be achieved without Representative Wayne L. Hays, chief sponsor of the campaign bill, who is getting married at 3 P.M. tomorrow. He had agreed to manage the bill on the House floor at noon tomorrow if the conferees had agreed today.

The conference is hung up on a half-dozen critical questions, among them:

• The kinds of administrative employees that corporate political action committees can solicit for contributions to the campaigns of favored candidates.

• The amount of money an individual can contribute to the Republican or Democratic National Committee. The present ceiling is \$1,000. The Senate wants an increase to \$25,000, but the House is holding out for \$15,000.

• Creation of a 20-member commission to study improvements in the Presidential nominating process, a move favored by the Senate but strongly opposed by Representative Hays.

• Limits on speaking fees that

Federal officials may receive. The House wants to continue the present ceiling of \$1,000 per speech and \$15,000 a year; the Senate wants to eliminate the ceiling.

• A Senate provision that all Federal employees who earn \$25,000 a year or more to make public disclosure of their assets, liabilities and income. The House is strongly opposed to it.

The conferees have agreed on an authorization of \$6 million for the Election Commission for the fiscal year ending June 30, \$1.5 million for the next three months and \$6 million for the new fiscal year beginning October 1.

Even if the conferees agree on a bill, approval by President Ford is not assured, and Republican Senators continued to use the veto threat today to advance amendments they favored.

If the White House approves, the President must then appoint the reconstituted election commission. He has indicated that he would rename the present six commissioners, but they would still have to be confirmed by the Senate before the agency's authority would be restored.

Under the most optimistic timetable, that could not occur until the last week in April, and the revised commission would probably not be able to authorize payment of the six-week backlog of campaign subsidies until early May.

VACATION SUGGESTIC

PENNSYLVANIA

\$14.95 PER COUPL

SPRING GOLF MINI VACATION

We ask you to experience our four-season paradise with only 2 days and 1 night, Sunday through Friday, the world-renowned Shawnee Inn and Country Club. On the first day we receive your golf instruction at the Dick Farley Golf School or tee off on our fabulous Blue Nine (electric cart included) as an introduction to our magnificent 27-hole PGA course.

Enjoy our sports facilities: lighted tennis courts, indoor pool, game room, boating on the Delaware. Gourmet dinner by candlelight. Entertainment. Dancing. On the second day, we ask you to take a tour of our facilities including The Village at Shawnee, scenic Shawnee Mountain and the Jean-Claude Killy Ski School. All this for just \$14.95 per couple, including tax.

This vacation package is designed for active young married couples 25 to 55 years of age. This is a limited first come, first serve offer available on a first-come, first-served basis. To take advantage, please call this number immediately.

Phil Rizzuto's vacation home CALL T. Fred Waring's (800) 233-3333

Shawnee Inn
In Pennsylvania, call 919

This vacation is sponsored by SHAWNEE VILLA, Courthouse Square, Stroudsburg, Pa. 18009

This advertisement is not an offering of time-shared interests in Shawnee Village. Such an offering can only be made by formal prospectus duly filed with the Attorney General of the State of New York, N.Y. 675

Mount Airy Lot AND Pocono Ga

NEW INDOOR SPORTS PALACE
INDOOR TENNIS • Indoor Basketball • Handball • Pool • Billiards • Bowling • Shuffleboard • Ping Pong • Table Tennis • Video • Arcade Games • etc.

ALL STAR ENTERTAINMENT
Top Shows • Dancing to Great Bands • Live Music • Karaoke • Video • etc.

OLYMPIC INDOOR & OUTDOOR POOL
Heated to 82° • Full Round • All Water Spas • Hot Tub • Sauna • Steam • etc.

LOW MIDDLE CLASS SPORTS PAC
INDOOR PLAYING INDOOR & OUTDOOR TENNIS • BASKETBALL • VOLLEYBALL • etc.

Includes ALL EQUIPMENT, LESSONS & USE OF CLOSET

Write or call for color brochure & Group Rate

CALL (212) 966-7071

Call Free From N.Y., N.J., Pa. & Ill. 1-800-233-3333
N.Y.C. Office 212-974-0877

مکان الیوم

Levitt, Encouraged by Recent Note Sales, Expects State to Meet Spring-Borrowing Needs

By STEVEN R. WEISMAN
Journalist for The New York Times

ALBANY, April 12—State Comptroller Arthur Levitt said today that orders for the state's short-term notes were "picking up by the hour" from out-of-state banks and financial institutions, and that he expected the state to meet its entire spring-borrowing requirement by Wednesday.

Along with William H. Morrison, chairman of a panel of investment bankers advising the state on the borrowing, Mr. Levitt spent the day today telephoning potential purchasers of the notes at banks, insurance companies and corporations around the country.

The apparent ease with which the note sale is going—at 7 percent interest, which is lower than the state had expected as recently as a few weeks ago—has relieved some of the feeling of anxiety and urgency that has dogged those involved in the plan to balance the state's budget for the fiscal year ending June 30.

The leaders' statement was seen as a potentially effective program to insure state-financed mortgages. The program to insure \$235 million worth of these mortgages—all of them for middle-income housing projects in the state—has been a key ingredient in the \$2.6 billion rescue package for the faltering state construction agencies.

Levitt Persists on STAVISKY BILL

Levitt Set to Avoid 2d Vote to Override Veto

ALBANY, April 12—Negotiations on the school-financing bill today to be stalled by a vote of the Legislature, Mr. Levitt said today. He said that the bill's chances of another vote tomorrow to override Governor Carey's veto are slim.

Mr. Levitt said today that the bill's chances of another vote tomorrow to override Governor Carey's veto are slim. He said that the bill's chances of another vote tomorrow to override Governor Carey's veto are slim.

Talks Scheduled

A round of talks is scheduled for tomorrow morning between Senator Ohrenstein and a skeptical party of an agreement, which will ask for a delay in the decision.

VACATION

A larger part of the schools are to get next year, Mayor Beame's budget would require a fixed percentage of its expense budget.

Mini Vacation

talks are aimed at the full school day, reduced by two weeks under last fall's pact, and a reduction in sizes, which have der the cuts forced.

Day Sought

talks are aimed at the full school day, reduced by two weeks under last fall's pact, and a reduction in sizes, which have der the cuts forced.

WE WENT FROM 3 1/2 ROOMS TO HALF AN ACRE THANKS TO THE BETTER WAY.



"For years my wife and I paid high rent every month to live in an apartment. But all the time we were renting we were saving for a home of our own.

And eventually we saved enough for a down payment. It was worth it. Because paying off our own mortgage is a lot easier to live with than to live in an apartment owned by someone else."

If you're looking for a better way than paying rent, Dollar has a number of ways to help you save for a down payment on your own home.

There's our 7.75% a year Term Savings Account, which yields 8.17%, maturities available for a minimum of 6 years. Minimum deposit \$1,000.

Or our 7.50% a year Term Savings Account yielding 7.90%, maturities available from 4 to 6 years. Minimum deposit \$1,000.

Or our 6.75% a year Term Savings Account yielding 7.08%, maturities available from 2 1/2 to 4 years. Minimum deposit \$500.

Or our 6.50% a year Term Savings Account yielding 6.81%, maturities available from 1 to 2 1/2 years. Minimum deposit \$500.

FDIC regulations require that withdrawals from new Term Savings Accounts may be made only with the consent of the Bank and are subject to a substantial penalty. The rate of interest on the amount withdrawn must be reduced to the Regular Savings Account rate at the time, and three months' interest forfeited.

We also have a few attractive accounts for those who don't want to tie up a minimum deposit for a specified period of time. Our 5.25% Regular Savings Account yields 5.47% (money deposited by the 10th of the month earns interest from the 1st of the month in which it is deposited). Or our 5.25% Day-of-Deposit/Day-of-Withdrawal Account or Statement Savings Account yields 5.47%. Latest declared dividends on these accounts.

And because interest is compounded daily on all savings accounts at Dollar, even your interest earns interest. Annual yields on all accounts are effective when principal and interest are left on deposit for a full year.

Now, what are you going to do? Pay rent for the rest of your life? Or open an account at Dollar and start saving for a place you can call your own?

Mail to the DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK nearest you, NY 10142

Enclose \$

- 7.75% Term Savings Account - 6 or 7 years (Minimum \$1000)
- 7.50% Term Savings Account - 4 to 6 years (Minimum \$1000)
- 6.75% Term Savings Account - 2 1/2 to 4 years (Minimum \$500)
- 6.50% Term Savings Account - 1 to 2 1/2 years (Minimum \$500)
- 5.4% Regular Savings Account
- 5.4% Day-of-Deposit/Day-of-Withdrawal Account
- 5.4% Statement Account

Indicate number of years _____ months _____

Social Security Number _____ (Required by Federal Regulations)

Individual Account for _____

Trust Account for _____ (name of beneficiary)

Joint Account with _____ (co-owner)

Name _____

Address _____ Apt. # _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Send check or money order. If you send cash, use registered mail.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK

The Better Way.

Fifth Largest Savings Bank in the Nation. Member FDIC.

MAIN OFFICE: 2530 Grand Concourse at Fordham Rd., Bronx, N.Y. 10458 • BRONX OFFICES: 361 East 149th St. near Third Ave., Bronx, N.Y. 10455 • 101 East 170th St. cor. Walton Ave., Bronx, N.Y. 10452 • 2021 Bartow Ave. cor. Asch Loop, Bronx, N.Y. 10475 • 74 Hugh J. Grant Circle at Cross Bx Expwy., Bronx, N.Y. 10472 • 1046 Southern Blvd. near Westchester Road, Bronxville, New York 10708 call (914) 961-7000 • BRONXVILLE OFFICE: 445 Park Ave. cor. 56th St., New York, N.Y. 10022 • All N.Y. Offices call (212) 584-6000 • WESTCHESTER OFFICES: 85 Pondfield Rd., Westchester, New York 10588 call (914) 834-9200 • LONG ISLAND OFFICES: 301 N. Broadway at Bethpage Rd., Jericho, N.Y. 11753 call (516) 935-6300 • Drive-In 350 N. Broadway, Jericho, N.Y. 11753 • 5801 Sunrise Highway, cor. Veterans' Memorial Highway, Holbrook, N.Y. 11741 call (516) 589-3333

\$2.3 Billion Debt Assails Bankruptcy
Levitt Persists on STAVISKY BILL
Levitt Set to Avoid 2d Vote to Override Veto
Talks Scheduled
VACATION
\$14 PER SPRING MINI VAC
Cool Day Sought
Levitt Persists on STAVISKY BILL
Levitt Set to Avoid 2d Vote to Override Veto
Talks Scheduled
VACATION
\$14 PER SPRING MINI VAC
Cool Day Sought

Menuhin's 'Sabbatical'

But, at 60, He'll Still Be Taking Engagements

By DONAL HENAHAN

Yehudi Menuhin, about to turn 60, had scored a small victory over time and was feeling good about it. "We just flew in from El Paso, and we've gained two hours. Caravelos." The internationally lionized musician whose travel-weary wife, Diana, once described him as "a commercial traveler with a line in violin music," plugged an electric razor into a wall socket at his suite in the Sherry-Netherland Hotel and began to mow a stubbly chin. "After my concert in London on May 8 when I will play the Brahms Double Concerto with Rostropovich, I am taking a year off, a sabbatical. I promised my wife I'd do that when I was 60."

Although his 60th birthday is next Thursday, Mr. Menuhin celebrates that milestone tonight with a concert at Carnegie Hall for the benefit of the Jerusalem Foundation and the Yehudi Menuhin School for Young Musicians in England. He will play Beethoven and Faure with the cellist Mstislav Rostropovich, the violinist Ernst Wallfisch and a 24-year-old American named Jeremy Menuhin (the youngest of Mr. Menuhin's four children by his two marriages).

Actually, Mr. Menuhin confessed, his enforced sabbatical will be not quite a year of idleness. "I must go to Gstaad this summer. This is the festival's 20th anniversary. I could not really pass that by." He is artistic director of the festival in Switzerland. "And I somehow promised to help celebrate the 500th anniversary of a chapel in Scotland. But I've told everyone that I'll consider nothing else, unless they find someplace that's having a 1,000th anniversary." He smiled and seemed to wriggle up a bit at the possibility.

But this is Bicultural time in Yehudi Menuhin's native land, and for that one more crack must be made in the sabbatical wall. "On July 3 I'll be playing at Wolf Trap in Washington, a concert that begins at 10 P.M., so that the last strains of music will coincide with the dawning of the Fourth of July. I wanted very much to do this because I feel this Fourth must not be just another fun fair. It must be full of reverence and gravity. America is still a strong, simple and touching country and it is entering into a more subtle phase than before. It is awakening from a dream."

Although he lives in England, and has been decorated by the Queen (Honorary Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire, the highest honor a non-British subject can receive), Mr. Menuhin feels close to the United States, he says, because "it is a country that is still making history, not merely reading it." For his Washington concert he will play a concert by the German Max Bruch, hardly a jingoistic choice, but also a new work by the American composer Alan Hovhaness, commissioned by Mr. Menuhin.

Mostly, however, Mr. Menuhin plans to take it easy during the 1976-77 season and "experiment with" not working. "People are rarely prepared to accept a lecture when it is finally forced upon them," he says, "and I want



The New York Times/Jack Meunins
Yehudi Menuhin in New York last Thursday. Mr. Menuhin at the age of 10, during his New York recital debut on Jan. 18, 1926.

to be ready for it when it comes—I don't want to be overtaken by time." He plans to try a little painting, although he has no illusions about having much talent in that direction. "I want to try caricature. I can usually see in people the little things that are ridiculous in their nature. Most of my life has been exacting, scheduled years in advance, with no time to reflect. Now, with some free space, I have an expense of time as well as I will indulge myself."

On the surface it was the same Yehudi Menuhin: the fair hair, the pink skin, the bottomless blue eyes, the sharp nose, the innocent boyish enthusiasms. One still seems to discern, under the mask of the graying adult, the child wonderer who made his New York recital debut at age 10 on Jan. 18, 1926, and to whom Einstein, himself a fiddler of famously modest talent, once said, "Today you have again proved to me that there is a God in heaven."

Half a century later, an aura of difference still clings to Yehudi Menuhin. Expanding his interests beyond the violin, he is now a conductor, called upon as a regular guest to lead the Berlin Philharmonic and other major orchestras. But he also enjoys sitting down with Ravi Shankar, the Indian sitarist, for a meditative session of ragas.

A serious student of Oriental philosophies, he took up yoga nearly 30 years ago and has been one of the Western world's most eloquent champions of the discipline. (When he first met India's Pandit Nehru, he recalls, they both ended by standing on their heads and "we had a nice chat.") He has been a health-food advocate for as long as anyone remembers, an enemy of white bread, white rice, white sugar and all other unnaturally pale foods. When next people thought it was ridiculous to be worried over the quality of the environment, Mr. Menuhin often shared his worries with reporters.

Faith in Progress
Now, of course, almost everyone is getting to be eccentric in the Menuhin way. Yoga is in. Health food is in. The environment is in. Doesn't that make Mr. Menuhin feel a bit conventional, perhaps for the first time in his life? "Oh, I hope I still will be able to be eccentric, to stay in the lead in some ways. I have just ordered my first electric car, for example, from the Electric Fuel Propulsion Corporation in Detroit."

Mr. Menuhin's faith in progress is firm. At the moment he is excited by a new method of piano tuning that an English technician has evolved ("he tunes the fifths true, then plays around with

the fourths somehow, and there is a tremendous gain in volume and purity.") He believes the real future of transportation lies underground, in tunnels through which trains will move in a vacuum tube by magnetic force "at virtually any speed desired" without friction. Politically, too, Mr. Menuhin is something of an oddity. Though a Jew, he wishes the Israelis could find it possible to adopt a wider view of human freedom. "They must not be one bit less determined to survive, but it would be good if Jews everywhere could extend their sympathies to other beleaguered peoples. The Kurds, for instance, and the American Indian could stand an ally, too."

This sort of meliorist talk puzzles or annoys some critics of Mr. Menuhin's political views. But he is frankly a visionary, and a complex one. He both deplores and admires the supersonic airliner Concorde, for instance. While he recognizes the ecological dangers he finds the plane "beautiful for its own sake, a thing to be admired as a great human achievement, used for special occasions."

Would his trip to Washington for the Fourth of July concert be such an occasion? "Oh, yes, I certainly hope to be in the Concorde. I couldn't resist that."

'Best of the Small Presses' Is Published

By THOMAS LASK

Those adventuresome readers who would like to sample offbeat, experimental and not strictly commercial writing, but who have been put off by the sheer abundance of titles and the transitoriness of the little magazines and small-press publications, will now be able to enjoy a generous cross-section of that writing, thanks to the enterprising Bill Henderson, a 35-year-old novelist, editor and now a small-press publisher himself.

The book, "The Pushcart Prize, 1976: Best of the Small Presses," is a 500-page anthology of fiction, poetry and essays that, in the judgment of Mr. Henderson, his poetry editor, L. Van Brunt, and an advisory board, represents the best from the 2,400 presses invited to send to entries. (The Pushcart Press, P.O. Box 845, Yonkers, N.Y. 10701; \$12.50.)

In addition to the oases of famous magazines such as The Hudson Review and Parisian Review, the reader will also encounter selections from Thorp Springs, Lat-



Bruce Horne
Bill Henderson

tude, Blue Wind and Sunstone. "The prize hopes to encourage unknown writers and presses with a bit of recognition," Mr. Henderson said, "I know what it's like to be one of the unknowns." The anthology is the third and most substantial offer-

ing of The Pushcart Press, which started out as an exercise in self-publishing forced on Mr. Henderson by the fact that his novel "The Galapagos Kid" was being returned by regular trade publishers, though many of the editors who had read it had nice things to say about it. They simply did not think it would make money for their companies.

The question he was eventually led to frame must have occurred to innumerable writers before him: Is there a "third way" for a writer who has been turned down by commercial houses but who refuses to take the road that he feels is their built-in futility?

What Mr. Henderson discovered is that there is a third way—self-publishing. It is an activity that enjoys a long tradition in British and American letters—Whitman, Sandburg and Virginia Woolf all practiced it—but evidently each generation has to discover it anew.

With the financial help of an uncle, he had the book printed and bound in hardcovers. He later ripped off the covers from about half the run to make a paperback edition. It was an expensive way of doing it, but it was part of the learning process. The novel, an irreverent account of the adventures of a Main Line youngster, received scattered reviews and sold about 600 copies, probably about as many as it would have sold had it been published in the regular way. But the effect on Mr. Henderson was heady.

"It ended my immense frustration," he said. He sensed that there was others out there who could benefit from his experience. Still acting as a weekend publisher, but with the help of his wife, Nancy, he published his next book, "The Publish - It - Yourself Handbook."

A series of essays in which a number of well-known and less-known figures, tell of beginning their own presses, the book turned out to be a sleeper. It was reviewed widely, generated great interest and has sold 17,000 copies since its first appearance in August 1973.

It was the success of the handbook that led to his most ambitious venture: "I was sitting around Berkeley on a vacation trying to figure out something to follow the handbook. With so many presses springing up, I thought it might be useful to gather 'the best' in three volumes. But the cost of three volumes was staggering—indeed, the cost of one volume is staggering enough."

If there are any profits, the authors and the presses where the works originally appeared will share them. "That way," said Mr. Henderson, "nobody is going to get rich, but nobody will be left out either."

MUNCH & MUSE Caroline Bird, author of "Born Female," talks today of "Everything a Woman Needs to Know to Get Paid What She's Worth" in the Lunch & Learn sessions at the Schimmel Center of Pace University (on the east side of City Hall Park). The program lasts from noon with an opening buffet and the lecture at 12:20, followed by questions and answers—until 1:30 P.M. You pay \$3.50 at the door for both food and speech, \$1.50 for the lecture only. Reservations: 283-3627 or 3397.

Next week's Lunch & Learn topic is "Stranger in Japan," with Bruce Horel, director of the school's community relations.

For today's Entertainment Events listing, see Page 28. For Sports Today, see Page 42.

HOWARD THOMPSON

THE WORLD'S GREATEST STAGE AND SCREEN SHOW
RADIO CITY MUSIC HALL
 SHOWPLACE OF THE NATION IN THE HEART OF ROCKEFELLER CENTER - 26-460
The Great Easter Show
 "ROBIN AND MARIAN" IS A GRAND AND ENTHRALLING ROMANTIC SAGA. —REX REED
 "AUDREY HEPBURN AND SEAN CONNERY...ARE SUPERB TOGETHER." —JAY COCKS, Time Magazine

Robin and Marian
 SEAN CONNERY AUDREY HEPBURN ROBERT SHAW
 "ROBIN AND MARIAN" IS A ROMANTIC SAGA BY NICOL WILLIAMSON
 PRODUCED BY RICHARD HARRIS
 A UNIVERSAL PICTURE PRESENTATION

ON THE GREAT STAGE
 THE WORLD-FAMOUS TWO-PART HOLIDAY PRESENTATION
 Featuring "Glory of Easter" pageant... plus "MANHATTAN EASTER"
 produced by PETER GENNARO featuring THE ROCKETTES, with special guest artist and the Symphony Orchestra under the direction of Will Irwin.
 Settings by John William Keck, costumes by Frank Spencer.

General admission seats available for each performance every day.
 SHOWS OPEN TODAY 10:15 A.M. PICTURE 12:35, 1:55, 2:55, 4:05, 5:15, 6:25, 7:35, 8:45, 9:55
 SEATS: 200th, 12.50; 21st, 6.25; 41st, 3.12; 51st, 1.56

"HILARIOUS AND TOUCHING."
 A crisp, slick entertainment that commands interest and breathes fresh insight into an old legend"
 —REX REED, N.Y. DAILY NEWS

W. C. Fields and Me

A JAY WESTON PRODUCTION OF AN ARTHUR HILLER FILM
 "W.C. FIELDS AND ME" Starring ROO STEGER, VALERIE PERRINE
 Co-Starring JOHN MARLEY, JACK CASSIDY Story by BOB MERRILL
 Based on the book by CARLOTTA MONTI with CYRICE
 Original Music by HENRY MANCINI Directed by ARTHUR HILLER
 Produced by JAY WESTON • A UNIVERSAL PICTURE
 Original sound with subtitles
 Technicolor • Panavision • PG

NOW PLAYING
 CRITERION BARONET / 34TH ST. EAST
 CRITERION AT 47th ST.
 CRITERION AT 57th ST.
 CRITERION AT 67th ST.
 CRITERION AT 77th ST.
 CRITERION AT 87th ST.
 CRITERION AT 97th ST.

★★★ HIGHEST RATING! —KATHLEEN CARROLL, N.Y. Daily News
 "This movie is a smash and if there were Pulitzer Prizes for movies, I think it would be a sure winner." —GENE SHALIT, WNBC-TV

REDFORD/HOFFMAN
"ALL THE PRESIDENT'S MEN"

ROBERT REDFORD DAVID L. LASKER
 Starring JACK WAGEN Social appearance by MARTIN BALSAM
 HAL HOLBROOK and JASON ROBARDS as Ben Bradlee
 Screenplay by WILLIAM GOLDMAN • Based on DAVID S. REE
 Based on the book by CARL BERNSTEIN and BUDDLE WOODWARD
 Produced by ALAN ROUSSEL • Directed by ALAN PAKULA
 A Waldrop Enterprises Production • A Robert Redford-Alan J. Pakula Film

ON THE WEST SIDE
 LOEW'S ASTOR PLAZA
 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30
 ON THE EAST SIDE
 LOEW'S TOWER EAST
 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

ON LONG ISLAND
 UA STUSSETT
 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30
 UA BELLEVUE
 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30
 UA BENTLEY PARK
 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

ADULT MOVIES
 Adults who want to see a well made film with a BRILLIANT performance by Robert DeNiro will hail "TAXI DRIVER"
 —Gene Shalit, NBC-TV

ROBERT DENIRO TAXI DRIVER
 A WILLIAMS PRODUCTION of a MARTIN SCORSESE Film
 Production Design by Conroy Parley Bright

NOW AT COLUMBIA PREMIERE THEATRES

AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30
AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

"THE STORY OF ADELE H."
 Is a beautiful, gripping, very original film. It looks and sounds like no other Truffaut film you've ever seen."
 —Vincent Canby, New York Times

ROGER CORMAN presents
 ISABELLE ADJANI
 with
 FRANCOIS TRUFFAUT

THE STORY OF ADELE H.

BRUCE ROBINSON • SYLVIA MARFROT • JOSEPH BLATCHLEY III
 NESTOR ALONSO • MALCOLM JACOBSON
 A FILM BY CAROLINE ARMISTEAD ASSOCIATES CO-PRODUCTION
 A UNIVERSAL PICTURE RELEASE • TECHNICOLOR

STARTS TOMORROW AT NEW WORLD SHOWCASE T

AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30
AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

They had more than love—they had ro
GABLE AND LOMBARD

JAMES BRODERICK as GABLE • JILL CLAYBURGH as L
 A SOCIETY FILM BY JAMES HARRIS
 Screenplay by JAMES BRODERICK • ALVIN GARFIELD • RED DUTTONS • Written by
 Music by MICHAEL LICHTENBERG • Directed by SANDY YOUNG • Produced by WALTER
 A UNIVERSAL PICTURE • TECHNICOLOR • PANAVISION • PG

Now at a Flagship theatre near you

AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30
AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30	AMERICAN 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

"A heady 1 of Playboy willing w and const gratificat... dialog that zips t the pace it Robert A. film." —Sol WEFFEL 4

"Misty Beethoven"

THE NEW YORK EXPERIENCE
 \$3.00 ALL MATE
 TOP MALE FILMS OF THE YEAR
 ALL TIMES
 NEW SHOW EVERY WEEK
 200 W. 4th St. 4th Fl. 212-243-1111

THE TEENAGER and The FUGITIVE
 LINCOLN ART
 1234 5th St. 12:30, 2:30, 4:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

...Creative...
 The Cas...
 Sets a Paperback
 Play...
 Women...
 Open May 4
 The greatest Be...
 "FACE TO FACE" IS AN...
 FORCE FOR MISS...
 IS NOTHING SHOR...
 BEETLE

مكتبة الأصيل

Dancing Entertainment... SEASON SUGGESTIONS... Easter at the... More special...

TONIGHT at 8... EXTREMELY FUNNY! Diane Keaton... 'A LOVELY AND PASSIONATE PLAY... VANESSA REDGRAVE IS MASTERLY.'

TONIGHT at 8:00... 'A LOVELY AND PASSIONATE PLAY... VANESSA REDGRAVE IS MASTERLY.' Vanessa Redgrave, Pat Hingle, John Heffernan... 'The Lady from the Sea'

SPECIAL HOLIDAY PREVIEW SCHEDULE BEGINS TOM'W. EVG. AT 8 P.M. NICOL WILLIAMSON... 'A MUSICAL FIT FOR A KING!'

'ONE OF THE FINEST MUSICALS THE WORLD HAS EVER SEEN!' LERNER & LOEWES My Fair Lady WORLD'S GREATEST MUSICAL SEATS AT BOX OFFICE AND BY MAIL

10 TONY AWARDS INCLUDING BEST MUSICAL 'I WOULD RECOMMEND IT TO THE WORLD!'

DORIS... CHINESE RESTAURANT... 'THE FUNNIEST COMEDY ABOUT LOVE AND ADULTERY TO COME BROADWAY IN YEARS.'

RINGLING BARNUM & BAILEY CIRCUS NOW THRU MAY 31 SPECIAL EASTER VACATION SHOWS NOW THRU APRIL 25

THE MET... TONIGHT, 8:00-11:50 LE NOZZE DI FIGARO Starring Room Only

NEW YORK CITY OPERA PROGRAM FINAL TWO WEEKS TONIGHT AT 8:00 IL BARBIERE DI SIVIGLIA

TONIGHT at 8, Tom'w 2 & 8 KNOCK KNOCK 3 TONY AWARD NOMINATIONS INCLUDING BEST PLAY

OPENS TOMORROW WED. APRIL 14 MONTY PYTHON LIVE! AT THE CITY CENTER

THE FUNNIEST COMEDY ABOUT LOVE AND ADULTERY TO COME BROADWAY'S WAY IN YEARS. BROOKS ATKINSON THEATRE

THE THEATRE DIRECTORY... 'THE FUNNIEST COMEDY ABOUT LOVE AND ADULTERY TO COME BROADWAY'S WAY IN YEARS.' 'A THOROUGHLY BEGGING MUSICAL' 'A MAD AND MAD ORIGINAL COMEDY'

Great Performers regrets to announce that tomorrow's recital by LICIANO PAVAROTTI at Avery Fisher Hall has been CANCELED

TONY AWARD NOMINEE FOR BEST DIRECTOR Rosemary LeGallienne, Elts Harris, Sam Rabb, Levene - THE ROYAL FAMILY

LAST WEEKS - TONIGHT 7:30 GODSPELL

TONIGHT AT 8 THE FUNNY FAMILIES

HONGKONG Double Happiness... SPECIAL 3 SUITS \$199

Savings Banks Lose a Vote In Albany on Using Checks

By LINDA GREENHOUSE Special to The New York Times... ALBANY, April 12—The Assembly today killed, at least temporarily, the Carey administration bill that would have allowed savings banks to offer checking accounts...

WASTE IS CHARGED IN CITY SCHOOLING

Special Pay and Computer Instruction Criticized By NATHANIEL SHEPPARD Jr. A \$2-million-a-year City University program that pays non-classroom personnel for work during the summer and a controversial \$3 million program of computer-assisted instruction in one city school district were criticized yesterday at a public hearing on waste and inefficiency in state government...

Chess: Larsen, Bent on Destruction, Gives Fraguela the Pinch

By ROBERT DYRANE Special to The New York Times... LAS PALMAS, Canary Islands, April 12—Bent Larsen of Denmark and Efim Geller of the Soviet Union are still biding their time in the fifth Las Palmas International Chess Tournament after six rounds of play here in the Santa Catalina hotel. They have 4 1/2 points each.



The #1 bestseller is in stock!

If you hurry... America's #1 trade paperback bestseller is selling at a rate — literally — than our printer can keep up with. 7 and 7th printings of 'The Almanac to end all almanacs' have just been shipped to stores...

4 months on The New York Times bestseller list in paperback.

JESSAMYN WEST THE MASSACRE FALL CREEK... A haunting historical drama of love and survival. 'One of the best novels of the year.'

FAWCETT CREST... Jessamyn West's newest book The Woman She is now in hardcover at bookstores everywhere.

CRY WOLFF! FOR RECONDITIONED IBM'S ELECTRICS-Model D's. IN STOCK... CALL 581-9080 for immediate delivery

WOLFF OFFICE EQUIPMENT... 1841 Broadway, N.Y. 100, SALES & SERVICE & RENTALS

Carey Malpractice Bills Disappoint Medical Units

By RONALD SMOTHERS Special to The New York Times... ALBANY, April 12—Representatives of some doctors and hospitals in the state expressed disappointment today in Governor Carey's bills to alter the conduct of medical malpractice cases. In addition, two key legislators questioned whether the bills would achieve their goal of slowing the rise in the cost of malpractice insurance.

Bridge: With Blackwood Unavailable, Gerber Convention Is Useful

By ALAN TRUSCOTT... Books for the bridge player who has emerged from the beginner stage but is still a long way from expert status are plentiful. But few of them are as entertaining and readable as those written by Victor Mollo in England.

Federal Official Guilty of Taking \$6,000 in Bribes

Andrew J. Semon, who was acting regional director of the Small Business Administration here, was convicted yesterday of accepting about \$6,000 in bribes to approve almost \$1 million in loans.

Friedrich once-a-year sale... ROOM AIR CONDITIONERS

Who it come dancin'... WORD PUZZLE

WE' THE T... Instructor for new stud

EDUCATION... PREPARE FOR NATIONAL MEDICAL BO'S NATIONAL DENTAL BO'S

LEGAL... NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING... VARIOUS PROJECTS FOR RAPID TRANSIT IMPROVEMENTS TO THE NEW YORK CITY TRANSIT SYSTEM FOR FISCAL YEAR 1975-1976

A Natural... The #1 bestseller is in stock!... CRY WOLFF!... Friedrich... WE' THE T... EDUCATION... Bedwetter

مركز الامم المتحدة

The New York Times

Founded in 1851
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher 1896-1935
ARTHUR HAYS SULZBERGER, Publisher 1935-1961
ORVILLE DEXFORD, Publisher 1961-1968

ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Publisher
JOHN B. OAKES, Editorial Page Editor
A. H. RASKIN, Assistant Editorial Page Editor
A. M. ROSENTHAL, Managing Editor
SYMOUR TOPIK, Deputy Managing Editor
ARTHUR GELB, Assistant Managing Editor
PETER MILLONIS, Assistant Managing Editor
JACK ROSENTHAL, Associate Editor
CHARLOTTE CURTIS, Associate Editor
CLIFTON DANIEL, Associate Editor
MAX FRANKEL, Associate Editor
TOM WICKER, Associate Editor

A Sea Change

Secretary of State Kissinger made a timely attempt last week to break a deadlock that has been obstructing a three-year-old effort to complete a comprehensive new oceans treaty.

Some delegates to the Law of the Sea Conference, currently meeting at United Nations headquarters, bridled at the Secretary's warning in a speech here that unless a treaty is completed this year the United States will move unilaterally to exploit the mineral resources of the deep seabed. What Mr. Kissinger said, however, was no more than a simple statement of fact. The truth is that many nations are already moving to stake out national claims to the rich resources of the seas; time is rapidly running out for the conference and for the priceless opportunity it offers to establish a new regime of international law and cooperation over 70 percent of the earth's surface.

The purpose of Mr. Kissinger's speech was to commit the United States Government more forcefully than ever to the achievement of that new international order. He signified that commitment by his presence in New York at a critical stage in the negotiations, by his promise to lead the United States delegation at an expected windup session of the conference at Geneva next summer, and by offering significant new American concessions on the touchy question of controlling deep-sea mining.

The Secretary's address was entitled, "A Test of International Cooperation." The United States has risen to that test in attempting to understand and respond to the legitimate interests of other nations. A similar spirit of flexibility and compromise, which has been increasingly evident among the 156 participating nations, could lead this conference to a breakthrough that would sharply alter the outlook for international cooperation, not only at sea but in every area of human endeavor.

This is an opportunity the United Nations must not miss.

Philippine 'New Society'

President Marcos of the Philippines insisted in his book "Notes on the New Society" that martial law, the device that enabled him to impose one-man rule, is only a "temporary expedient" and that "we cannot make of this a permanent institution in our national life." But three and a half years later, Mr. Marcos appears determined not only to perpetuate his regime but to name as his successor his wife, Imelda, undiscouraged by the Peron experience in Argentina.

It evidently was to dramatize burgeoning opposition to this trend that former President Macapagal sought—but unfortunately was quickly refused— asylum in the American Embassy residence after writing and circulating a bold book calling on the armed forces and the suspended national assembly to end Marcos's "lawless dictatorship" and hold free elections. It is regrettable that the Ford Administration has been unwilling even to express sympathy with the hopes of many Filipinos for restoration of the American heritage of democratic freedom that Mr. Marcos has tried to destroy.

The American grant of commonwealth status to the Philippines in 1936, with a pledge of independence a decade later, was a beacon of hope to many other colonial peoples in Asia then and during the Japanese occupations of World War II. The civil liberties and democratic ways established during four decades of American suzerainty, followed by a quarter-century of self-rule under an American-style constitution, were temporarily extinguished in 1972 by Mr. Marcos's decrees, press seizures and thousands of political arrests.

But they live on in the hearts of millions of Filipinos. Writers, educators, judges, former Senators, students, rural workers and large segments of the Catholic clergy have begun to speak out in recent months.

While the United States cannot restore representative government to the Philippines, a task 42 million Filipinos will have to accomplish for themselves, American silence can no longer be justified. The American naval and air bases that were essential during the Vietnam War no longer defend American positions east of the Philippines. Despite Mr. Marcos's demands for renegotiation of the juridical arrangements—which began in Washington yesterday—and his attempt to obtain increased economic and military aid, the bases now are more important to the Philippines than to the United States.

Instead of pressing on further with a base renegotiation that would commit future American Governments to shore up the Marcos dictatorship, the Ford Administration would do better to initiate a basic reassessment of the Philippine-American alliance, while indicating to Manila increasing American concern over the tightening Marcos dictatorship.

Memory and Amnesty

By declining to review his court-martial conviction and thus allowing him to go virtually free under vague conditions of Army parole, the United States Supreme Court has closed the books on the case of Lieut. William L. Calley Jr. But its decision without comment does not erase the symbol of My Lai: of wartime atrocities, of cover-ups by the high command, of the failure of military justice, of the larger meaning of the war without end or clear purpose in Vietnam.

Surely the villagers who assembled in My Lai last month to observe an ignominious anniversary of the death and destruction caused by the United States have not forgotten; this, on a minute scale, was Southeast Asia's Nagasaki. It will take more than the passage of eight years to rebuild respect for the good intentions of American foreign policy in this corner of the world. My Lai now fades away in memory here except,

perhaps, as a media event. The Peers report of the killings and cover-up, which implicated two generals and others, and the gentle treatment of Lieut. Calley are buried—together with the real victims—in history.

Vindictiveness against Lieut. Calley offers no consolation for war crimes. There is, however, one concrete step that could be taken now to redress the grievances of the past in a practical way: amnesty for those Americans whose only crime was to resist the Vietnam War.

Retreat on the Forests?

With little public attention or debate, Congress is approaching a major decision on the future of the national forests. Although these forests—155 of them in 43 States—belong to all the people, the private timber companies put relentless pressure on the Forest Service to allow extensive clear-cutting, overcutting, and other profitable but destructive practices.

The companies may pay lip-service to the "multiple use" concept but, naturally, they generally put logging ahead of recreation or of protection of watershed and wildlife, of wilderness and scenic beauty. In 1945, the Forest Service sold 2 billion board feet of timber from the national forests. In 1975, it sold 10 billion board feet, an increase of 400 percent.

More ominous is the rapid increase of clear-cutting in recent years. This is the practice of leveling all the trees in a particular area rather than selective cutting of mature trees. Clear-cutting is defensible if done on a modest scale and on trees such as the Douglas fir of the Pacific Northwest that need direct sunlight to regenerate themselves. But the Forest Service has permitted it in the mixed hardwoods of the East and sometimes on steep slopes and along streams, with catastrophic effects of soil erosion and water pollution.

Because conservationists have lost confidence in the Forest Service's capacity to resist timber company pressures, they have sued in the courts to compel the service to obey its own basic mandate, the Organic Act of 1897. In a historic decision, a United States District Court ruled in *Izaak Walton League v. Butz* in 1973 that the Forest Service had, indeed, violated the law by its irresponsible management practices in the Monongahela National Forest in West Virginia.

After the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed this decision, the Government chose not to carry the issue to the Supreme Court. Instead, the timber companies are seeking to overturn the decision by having Congress rewrite the law. They are strongly supporting a bill that, strangely enough, is being sponsored by Senator Hubert Humphrey, normally a staunch conservationist. The Humphrey bill contains impressive verbiage but it lacks enforceable standards or specific restraints. It would open the way for even worse abuses by the timber companies and a compliant Forest Service. Senator Humphrey's sponsorship is inexplicable.

Senator Jennings Randolph of West Virginia and Representative George Brown Jr. of California have introduced a far better bill that would modernize the basic law while protecting the essentials of the Monongahela decision, setting clear standards, and thereby freeing the Forest Service from industry pressures.

Passage of the Humphrey bill would be a grave blow to the precious heritage that the national forests represent. They must not be converted into mere tree farms. Timber production is only one of their uses, and not necessarily the most important—certainly not to the point of their destruction as a precious segment of the nation's wild and natural heritage.

Ice Age Analysis

Back in 1971, the National Science Foundation sponsored the creation of a team of scientists to study the history of the world's climate over the past million years. Named Project CLIMAP, this team recently published some of its first results, two studies of the last ice age some 18,000 years ago.

One study has reconstructed what the surface of the earth must have looked like when the average water level was about 300 feet below what it is now because huge amounts of moisture were frozen into glaciers and ice sheets. The second study has presented a model of what the global climate may have been like during that ice age.

How can scientists reach back to this period for which there are neither scientific observations nor written records? The answer, unexpectedly enough, is, by the use of mathematics. Two of the main tools are factor analysis, which has often been used by psychologists, and regression equations, which are a mainstay of economic statisticians.

The technique employed is essentially this: First, the contemporary distribution of temperature-sensitive microorganisms in the sea—plankton—has been studied so that equations can be obtained linking the pattern of main types of plankton with the present temperature pattern. Then, by means of cores dug from the sea bed at different points around the world, the distribution of the plankton at the time of the last ice age is determined. Finally, the equations obtained earlier enable this knowledge of ice age plankton abundance to be translated into a pattern of ice age sea temperatures.

A few years ago some climatologists—mathematical historians—created a sensation by arguing that their equations suggested the need for radically revised ideas about slavery before the Civil War. That debate still continues, but now we see mathematics plumbing geological and climatological history. Is there no end to the uses to which mathematics can be put? Probably not.

Steel Imports: The President's Objective

To the Editor:
Your March 21 editorial "The Steel Deal" contains several inaccuracies which I believe require correction. The Ford Administration does believe in the effectiveness of the market system. The investigation of the International Trade Commission and President Ford's subsequent consideration of its report led to his conclusion that the specialty steel industry was being injured by import competition.

Your statement that he has instructed me to seek limitations on imports of all types of steel is not correct. He has directed that negotiations within the current Multilateral Trade Negotiations be conducted on a sectoral basis with respect to steel trade to try to liberalize trade in steel and in that context to find a basis for overcoming the problems of cyclical distortions in this trade which have led foreign governments to interfere.

The President's objective in seeking orderly marketing agreements during the next ninety days is to better accommodate the solution to the needs of our major trading partners as well as the United States. Since this product category's impact ratio on the wholesale price index, according to the Bureau of Labor statistics, is .00165 or less than 2/10 of 1 percent, the effect on American consumers is negligible, whereas our purpose is to restore employment levels in an industry segment in which unemployment

ran to excess of 25 percent last year. You also stated that prior to the Trade Act of 1974 American business had to prove unfair competition such as subsidies or dumping to obtain special protection. The fact is that any industry in any country under the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade has access to import relief under Article XIX when it suffers serious injury from import competition. U.S. law since World War II has provided such an escape clause or safeguard against disruptions from "fair" competition.

President Ford has reiterated on a number of occasions that he believes in an open, expanding world trading system but that acute and unique circumstances must be dealt with in accordance with our domestic laws, whose procedures are open for participation by all interested parties at home or abroad. With worldwide levels of unemployment at their current levels, governments must consult carefully over trade matters and not resort to threats of trade wars or other unilateral acts which can only serve to discourage the economic recoveries which are under way in much of the industrialized world.

Our purpose is thus to avoid trade wars, not "head into" them.
FREDERICK B. DEWIT
Washington, March 24, 1976
The writer is President Ford's Special Representative for Trade Negotiations.

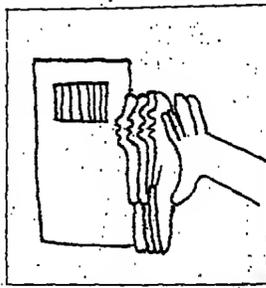
The 'Social Handicaps'

To the Editor:
Roger Wilkins (column March 30) is correct in connecting crime in New York City with drug abuse. However, when I was mugged last November by three young men, one with a gun at my head and two with knives at my chest, I knew well that they were out on drugs. They were simply juvenile delinquents and in need of money.

In order to alleviate crime in New York City, a cohesive, multifaceted program is necessary to tackle the problem from its socio-economic and law-enforcement aspects:

By decriminalizing morally related crimes, namely drug addiction, prostitution and gambling, not only would the city have half of its law-enforcement force free to combat other crimes, it would also improve on the hygiene and moral implications of these three social handicaps by allowing better drug safety and therapy for addicts and better control of the economic effects of gambling and prevent venereal disease related to prostitution.

Also, it would take these crimes



MARY SHIMAN

from the control of the underworld organized crime syndicates. Nonetheless, the Federal and state governments should take greater share in the socio-economic burden of the cities, particularly New York City, where unemployment and welfare costs are the highest in the country, especially by taking a wider role in community service for the city such as related to health and mass transportation.

HASKEL M. HANCOCK, M.D.
New York, March 30, 1976

Transit: How to Raise Productivity

To the Editor:
I thoroughly agree with your April 2 editorial "Dismal Pattern." May I suggest that it need not be a "maybe" in productivity. Please follow up for the sake of New York.

I retired from the transit system in August of 1963 after having worked there for 32-plus years—from car cleaner to supervisor of cars and shops. There was a short period when the transit management actually succeeded in accomplishing increased productivity through efficiencies. In the early 1960's, under D. Palmundo, a group was formed, went into the field and made time studies and million revisions, saving several millions of dollars.

As you point out, there has been a marked decrease in production per man. Example: I was on a job which required replacing a defective universal valve (heart of pneumatic system). It normally took some fifteen to twenty minutes but eventually evolved into a two-hour overtime job.

Engineering revisions have made it possible for cars to be inspected every 7,500 miles, when once they were brought in every 2,000 to 3,000 miles. This should have created a tremendous saving. Did it? You now have plastic seats instead of rattan, another move calculated to save. Did it?

Economics can be effected if and when management is allowed to institute efficiencies. Did you ever watch a group do a small job in a subway station? They have a ridiculous number of people, calling them craftsmen, to make a few square inches of concrete and only that. Somebody else sets an iron gate, etc. etc. Overtime,

The Times welcomes letters from readers. Letters for publication must include the writer's name, address and telephone number. Because of the large volume of mail received, we regret that we are unable to acknowledge or to return unpublished letters.

itself a tremendous cost factor (though I don't know its frequency), became the only time certain work was done.

The unions are rapidly succeeding in making us a nation of inefficient, less-productive people, as their demands seem to be based more and more on the philosophy of "more money for less work."

All T.A. management should ask for is agreement to make industrial engineering studies and changes in work schedules that will maintain safety and increase efficiency. Believe me, there will be millions saved without too much effort with reduction of forces and overtime through attrition while changes are reassessed periodically. [Editorial April 12.]
BAYSIDE, N. Y., April 2, 1976

Exodus Promoters

To the Editor:
Union Carbide's disastrous decision to abandon New York is a classic example of the reality Governor Carey and Mayor Beame must face immediately. Like others before it, Union Carbide joined the destructive cycle of departure largely because of its problems in attracting employees willing to live and work in New York's environment.

Ironically, it is to "attract" business that New York officials—notably Governor Carey and Commerce Commissioner Dyson—have been undermining environmental standards. Yet the very reason big employers are leaving New York is its environment—dirty air, excessive noise, dirty water. Who needs it?

Unless strong new emphasis is put on creating an environment in which people want to live, New York's chance of stopping the jobs exodus is exactly zero. [Editorial March 24.]

ARLIE SCHARBY
Executive Director
Environmental Defense Fund
Washington, March 25, 1976

On 'Ethnic Purity'

To the Editor:
"Ethnic purity" was most certainly an unfortunate and regrettable choice of words fully deserving of the approval made by Jimmy Carter. However, furor caused among liberals by statements raises another issue, of "liberal purity."

My neighborhood (Sutton Place, Beekman Place), while voting for Mo Udall and ooh pointing ragged fingers at Governor Carr white and upper-income, and is heard a discouraging word this status quo. My own building has a black family in residence here, a black employee.

While I am sure that a small number of blacks do tenant the area, majority of blacks one sees are nannies, supermarket checker, delivery men.

If a low-income housing were arbitrarily thrust into safe, arbitrarily smug bast liberalisms, half the population move, another 25 percent would be scanning real-estate with more than casual interest.

Well, if outrage is the order of the day, I am happy to join in liberal of long standing who is and fully sick of the great fib which is to say the liberals' support—with faces shining and brave—scatter-site housing, mention busing, as long as it is one else's neighborhood and a cleave's children.

BARBARA I.
New York, April

To the Editor:

Presidential candidate Jimmy Carter's stand on "ethnic purity" neighborhoods, or "maintain the identity of neighborhoods if it has been established that way" support for residential which is now being tested courts. The idea that person ethnic grouping should not be encouraged or shown priority where the majority of homes of another ethnic origin in the hood is practiced in many ties and is being challenged housing organizations and hood associations interest pluralistic society. To oppose by race, religion or ethnicity on the one hand and support homogeneity of neighborhood other is real-estate double communities have beard for time.

SAMUEL M.
South Orange, N. J., April

A Twice-Divided Land

To the Editor:
It is fine for Anthony Lew a bona fide Israeli to support policies for Israel (column). But in the process he invites arguments.

For example, if I loaded like the garment claimed bants, each claiming the solution is a Solomonian why does not Lewis notice that matter, why does not self notice that the divide ready been made, twice.

Eliav admits that his father claimed the land to the Jordan as well. In 1924 Secretary Winston Churchill first division by turning fourths of the territory to the Balfour Declaration to land for the Jews and set kingdom of Transjordan. If second division was made, Jews with one-eighth of territory.

Also, why does not Lewis with the Arabs out to press for the liquidation of Israel, he not ask them to accept the existence of Israel, or the onus be upon Israel to by the granting of territory (Rabbi) JAC
Philadelphia, Pa.

Selective Boycott

To the Editor:
It is worthwhile to note that needs come first to Arab governments. While daily of their actions regards business relations with companies and the use of the blacklist, they convenient the U.S. Government.

It would be reasonable that the U.S. Government occupy first place in terms and blacklist, for it is the United States that promotes trade arms to that nation, pro economic assistance for Israel, and, if not now, would prohibit the inclusion of products in Defense Department for supplies to our army.

In addition, the U.S. Government does business firms that have on their employ ardent supporters. The least we Americans is ask that the boycott and be evenbandedly applied include the U.S. Government would have no need or remorse time debating arms to nations that do a use of boycotts and black

JEFFREY
Bayside, N. Y., April

The New York Times Company
229 West 48th St., N.Y. 10036

Corporate
ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Chairman and President
JOHN J. MCCABE, Senior Vice President

The New York Times
JAMES C. GOODALE, Executive Vice President
MICHAEL E. RYAN, Secretary
RALPH BOWMAN, Treasurer

Affiliated Companies
WALTER MATSON, Executive Vice President
JOHN MORTIMER, Senior Vice President
JOHN D. POMFREY, Senior Vice President
DONALD A. NISSEN, Vice President
FRED D. THOMPSON, Vice President

STUDNEY GRUSON, Executive Vice President
BENJAMIN RANDELMAN, Senior Vice President
CHARLES H. BRAKEFIELD, Vice President
WILLIAM H. DAVIS, Vice President
JOHN R. HARRISON, Vice President
ROBERT S. NOVEMBER, Vice President
ARNOLD ZORN, Vice President

مركز البحث

Ado
Reds
rope

By Ingrid

THE NEW YORK TIMES
is a national
newspaper
published
daily except
on Sundays
and public
holidays.
It is owned
and published
by The New
York Times
Company, Inc.
229 West 48th
Street, New
York, N.Y.
10036.
Telephone
NY 10-1000.
Subscription
rates: \$12.00
per year in
advance.
Single copies
15 cents.
Second-class
postage paid
at New York,
N.Y., and at
additional mailing
offices.
Postmaster:
send address
changes in New
York, N.Y., to
The New York
Times, P.O. Box
1216, New York,
N.Y. 10108.
Outside the
United States,
send to The New
York Times,
Herald Square,
New York, N.Y.
10036.
Copyright © 1976
by The New York
Times Company, Inc.
All rights reserved.
Printed in the
United States of
America.

Back

By Russell Baker

Herewith, the full text of
Russell Baker's column
"The Day After Tomorrow"
from the New York Times
of April 12, 1976.

OBSERVE

THE NEW YORK TIMES
is a national
newspaper
published
daily except
on Sundays
and public
holidays.
It is owned
and published
by The New
York Times
Company, Inc.
229 West 48th
Street, New
York, N.Y.
10036.
Telephone
NY 10-1000.
Subscription
rates: \$12.00
per year in
advance.
Single copies
15 cents.
Second-class
postage paid
at New York,
N.Y., and at
additional mailing
offices.
Postmaster:
send address
changes in New
York, N.Y., to
The New York
Times, P.O. Box
1216, New York,
N.Y. 10108.
Outside the
United States,
send to The New
York Times,
Herald Square,
New York, N.Y.
10036.
Copyright © 1976
by The New York
Times Company, Inc.
All rights reserved.
Printed in the
United States of
America.

Down Where Course for Independence Was Set Celebrates the Bicentennial

Village Renewing Resolves

ROY REED
The new York Times
...of dignitaries were
celebrate the 200th
today of the
...other celebration
...of what they
the Halifax street
...it reached the
...of its moment
...by was death assist
...all over town
...signs large "We
...democracy's con-
...nor here:
...E. Holshausen
...from Raleigh in
...saw in the cele-
...chance to put down
...critics and "wash
...mud splashed on
...and by the
...snow-it-also flow-
...to their mire of
...carping and com-
...ndred black people
...their hand, saw a
...to tell the white
...of Halifax that a
...relevance similar to
...1776 still exists in
...Carolina. They
...democratically up
...le of Main Street
...ugh the wide-eyed
...al celebrators, to
...eir message.
...ing considered the
...Halifax feel good
...town's surviving
...It was stricken by
...pidemic within five
...the state's Pro-
...mpted the here
...1776 and approved
...es that in the 13
...o a course toward
...ce.
...ish General Lord
...marched through
...way to Virginia
...nd, coming on the
...smallpox epidemic,
...town easy prey.
...airload destroyed
...river, shipping in
...and then in the
...Civil War, uproot-
...plantation, slavery
...institution on which
...slavery.
...re buildings are left
...from the Revolu-
...a. Even the court-
...the Fourth Pro-
...gress, wrote the
...is gone without a
...that was a center
...ivity, the place
...state's 1776 Con-
...ras drafted a few



Residents in Colonial dress celebrating the 200th anniversary of the Halifax Resolves. In the background in front of the courthouse in the North Carolina town are a group of 200 blacks that proclaimed a new set of 'Halifax Resolves,' including resolves to rid the nation of bigotry, racial injustice and economic discrimination.

Georgia-Pacific will go up this year a mile and a half way.
...think that after this year Halifax will come into its own.
...John M. Oliver, the county's industrial development director, who also serves as chairman of the Bicentennial Committee, said yesterday during a tour of the restored area.
...Mr. Oliver predicted that the town's population, which has sunk to 325 from its peak of more than 1,000 during the late 1700's, will begin to grow again.
...Variations on the impulse that moved the Carolina geographers to rebellion in 1776 could be seen here this week.
...A group of black people chanting "people power" marched through the town this morning to draw attention to their protest of a recent event in the neighboring town of Scotland Neck.

A white woman was charged there with killing a black man. The protesters contend that she has received gentle and professional treatment because of her color.
...The march was led by Golden Frinks, of Edenton, N.C., national program director of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference, the now-diminished civil rights organization founded by the late Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr.
...Mr. Frinks is widely hated and feared by Carolina whites. He has led numerous civil rights protests in the state and has spent considerable time in jail. Indeed, he spent Friday night in jail for picketing without a permit in Scotland Neck.
...Halifax was litigated at every entrance during the weekend and today by state troopers and National Guardsmen. They were there to control automobile traffic, according to the officials. Some speculated that they were also on hand to control demonstrators. The march was, however, led by a police car.
...Mr. Frinks addressed the marchers from the courthouse steps. He read a new set of "Halifax Resolves," including resolves to rid the nation of bigotry, racial injustice and economic discrimination.
...The democratic spirit stirred here in other ways, as well. The town was turned into a kind of state fair with exhibits to show off the tools and resources that have sustained the ordinary people of Halifax since the 18th century. There were odes to tobacco and peanuts.
...Men and women of the town mingled with the visiting crowds in costumes of the 1700's, the women in long dresses and bonnets and the men in tight breeches and tricornered hats.
...Some seemed a trifle embarrassed by the get-up. They made a point of speaking quickly and gently to strangers, as if to assert their classlessness and allay any doubts as to who they really were.
...The Rev. Charles Farrar of St. Mark's Episcopal Church embellished the theme in a sermon yesterday morning at the town's new amphitheater. He asked the worshippers to remember and bark to "the ghostly spirit that moves among us."
...Then he asked them to shoulder the spirit of freedom. He said, "If future generations are to honor those who honor here today, honor them for the permanent contribution they made to the human race. They must boor us, too—or honor none at all."

North Carolina First to Give Approval

By ISRAEL SHENKER
Independence was hailed, supported, opposed. With what seemed to some the most exasperating deliberateness, and to others the most outrageous license, the colonies prepared to move from war's reality to freedom's adventure.
...It was North Carolina that first approved independence. The Fourth Provincial Congress, sitting at Halifax on April 12, 1776, unanimously adopted the Halifax Resolves, thereby empowering the colony's delegates in the Continental Congress to "concur" with the delegates of the other Colonies in declaring independence and forming foreign alliances.
...Behind that decision lay a year of ragged skirmishes (Lexington and Concord) and inclusive debates. A Continental Congress—with delegates from 12 of the 13 colonies—had opened in Philadelphia in 1774. Ignoring Parliament, it appealed to England's King George III and to his people for the right to legislate domestic affairs. A second Congress, opening in May 1775, established an army, appointed George Washington commander and moved toward ever-stronger assertions of American rights.
...The colonies' Olive Branch Petition was scorned by the King, and in August 1775 he declared that rebellion existed and that all efforts should be made to suppress it "and to bring the traitors to justice."

and declaring all colonial ships lawful prize, their crews subject to impressment. In Philadelphia, Congress debated measures of retaliation and on April 6 authorized the King to send commissioners to treat with the Americans. Moots went by.
...Where the plague are these commissioners? Robert Morris demanded in April. "If they are to come what is it that detains them?"
...To May, George Washington said that many in Congress "are still feeding themselves upon the dainty food of reconciliation," and

wanted that commissioners would turn out to be Hessians and other foreign mercenaries.
...George III had asked the Dutch to lend troops, but the Dutch refused, excusing their own struggle against Spanish oppression. Russia's Catherine the Great rejected Britain's entreaties as well.
...The King finally bought soldiers from his Most Serene Highness the Hereditary Prince of Hesse-Cassel. In 1776, almost 22,000 German troops—about half of British total forces—entered George's service, lending credit to the suggestion that it was not the British who opposed the colonies but the Germans.
...Hessians Were Cheaper
...George's Minister, Lord North, explained that the Hessians were cheaper than British troops, but Lord Camden called the transaction a compound of the most sordid mockery, fallacy and gross imposition" and recalled Sir Walter Raleigh's strictures against mercenaries as "seditious, unfaithful, disobedient, devourers and destroyers of all places and countries whither they are drawn."
...But events could not wait even on the arrival of these devourers, and the war intensified. When local patriots in Falmouth (Portland), Me., attacked the ship of Captain

Bicentennial

This is another in a series of articles marking the observance of the American Bicentennial.
...ically, "that it would throw a delicate person into fits to look it in the face."
...Though the Prohibitory Act was hardly an olive branch, it authorized the King to send commissioners to treat with the Americans. Moots went by.
...Where the plague are these commissioners? Robert Morris demanded in April. "If they are to come what is it that detains them?"
...To May, George Washington said that many in Congress "are still feeding themselves upon the dainty food of reconciliation," and

Continued on Page 40, Column 2



On Feb. 27, 1776, a British force of Scots Highlanders was routed by patriots at Moore's Creek Bridge, near Wilmington, N.C. The victory encouraged the North Carolina provincial congress to meet at Halifax and approve resolves that set a course toward independence.

Special Report
Jerry Brown
76 On
...marketplaces in the town has dispersed people do their 1 Roanoke Rapids, Va.
...11 million in state, federal money has to restore and he scant remains a preservationist as at the Halifax strict. It is a kind 1 on the order of 1e Williamsburg, history as a lure —some want this bration to become annual event—the s to begin rebuild- nothing more than
...County has had industrial devel- ogram since 1965 on the debilitating o of young white people. New plants built in east drive e of Halifax. A o paper mill by
...t Antes Up \$2
...New \$2 Bill
...GTON, April 12
...ident Ford band-
...pair of \$1 bills
...exchange for the
...ne 400 million \$2
...reasury is issuing
...Bicentennial.
...ter take it." Mr.
...the Treasury Sec-
...lliam E. Simon,
...ceremony in the
...se Oval Office.
...a secretary of the
...seven turns down
...e. Simon replied,
...e two bills into a
...handing the Pres-
...first new \$2 bill
...a glass frame.
...bill will go into
...ulation tomorrow,
...thomas Jefferson,
...re appears on the
...e bill.

es
...VEST
...sold
...VEST

News Summary and Index

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1976

The Major Events of the Day

International
...Greece and the United States have reached virtual agreement on a four-year accord under which the four American military bases in Greece will continue operation. The accord, which parallels a four-year agreement on American bases signed with Turkey last month that aroused deep concern in Athens, promises Greece \$700 million in military assistance. [Page 1, Column 8.]
...Syrian troops were said to be establishing encampments six miles inside eastern Lebanon and there were other conflicting, un-announced reports that Syrian troops were moving elsewhere in Lebanon. The reports eclipsed Lebanon's preoccupation with the question of who will be the country's next President. [1-4.]
...The Club of Rome, which aroused intense controversy three years ago with the report it commissioned on "The Limits to Growth," now recognizes that further global growth is essential if the problems of world poverty and threats to peace are to be solved. The club, whose members are scholars and businessmen, held a meeting in Philadelphia in honor of the Bicentennial and there Aurelio Peccei, the club's founder, said that the limits-to-growth report, which sold more than 2 million copies worldwide, had served its purpose of "getting the world's attention" focused on the ecological dangers of un- planned and uncontrolled population and industrial expansion. It was also announced that the club had commissioned a new, major study from the Nobel Laureate, Prof. Jan Tinbergen of the Netherlands on the creation of "a new international order." [1-5.]
...National
...Final sentencing of Patricia Hearst, convicted last month of armed robbery, was postponed and Judge Oliver J. Carter of Federal District Court in San Francisco sent her, at the request of her defense counsel, to a Federal institution for 90 days of diagnostic study. Miss Hearst faces a maximum of 25 years in prison, but Judge Carter said he intended to reduce that. [1-2.]
...An official Treasury Department report disclosed that in 1973 Donald C. Alexander, the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue, personally ordered subordinates to shelve an audit of Senator Joseph M. Montoya's tax returns. In addition, the Treasury's investi- gation disclosed that Mr. Alexander subse-

The Other News

International
...Saudi plane is forced down in Israel. Page 2
...Arab voting on West Bank is peaceful. Page 3
...Cyprus police repulse Greek demonstrators. Page 4
...Britain ponders inquiry against Shell, B.P. Page 7
...Political crisis sends lira to new low. Page 10
...Prague offers some hope to Dubcek allies. Page 10
...Ex-courier well off in East Germany. Page 14
...Economic crimes continue to plague Soviet. Page 17
...Government and Politics
...Goldin defends debt-service budget item. Page 24
...Jersey parleys called victory for Humphrey. Page 24
...Ford vetoes bill easing Hatch Act. Page 24
...Campaign staffs said to lack women executives. Page 24
...No progress made in talks on Stavisky bill. Page 25
...Levit hopeful on achieving spring borrowing. Page 26
...Protest by addicts stirs mixed reaction. Page 36
...General
...Encl of indeterminate sentences urged. Page 20
...Giancana slaying suspect is called old friend. Page 22
...State asks contract details from transit aides. Page 24
...Metropolitan Briefs
...Metropolitan Briefs. Page 37
...Anker aides enter protesting West Side school. Page 37
...Blecker St. yard to be named for schoolboy. Page 37
...Ex-guardian won't appeal the Quinlan decision. Page 40
...Industry and Labor
...Nonlawyer employees and unions discussed. Page 24
...250 workers at Grossinger's go on strike. Page 36
...Education and Welfare
...New York educator to head Antioch College. Page 12
...Some West Pointers blame academic pressures. Page 45
...Health and Science
...Flu vaccine bill cleared by the House. Page 18

Quotation of the Day

"The public reacts to what it feels is the harshness of the honor code. But the public also thinks we're supermen. We're not. We're really no different from anyone else."—Greg Fountain, a West Point cadet, discussing the academy's honor code. [45-4.]

Amusements and the Arts

Meoubio is taking a year's "vacation." Page 26
...Anthology of small-press pieces published. Page 26
...Bockett's "Cascado" staged by Mabou Mines. Page 27
...Secret Service" is staged by Phoenix. Page 28
...Southern rock alive and well at the Beacock. Page 28
...Later styles modify jazz of New Orleans band. Page 28
...Judith Blegen with Johann Strauss Ensemble. Page 28
..."Casper" and "Casper" men- oirs reviewed. Page 31
...Family" ends six-part series tonight. Page 67
...Going Out Guide Page 26
...Family Style
...Leg warmer among ready-to-wear novelties. Page 38
...Women's help center is operating in Queens. Page 39
...Obituaries
...William E. Miller, a Federal judge. Page 36
...Sol A. Dann, one of Jack Ruby's lawyers. Page 36
...Business and Financial
...Stocks are mixed as trading pace slows. Page 47
...G.A.W. Signal are seeking Signal shares. Page 47
...Eastman Kodak to introduce instant camera. Page 47
...Interest rates in credit markets move down. Page 47
...Du Pont profits continue to rise. Page 47
...Koppers tells S.E.C. of payments abroad. Page 47
...GEICO's president not re-elected by board. Page 47
...I.B.M. profits post an increase. Page 47
...Page
...Advertising News. 50
...Amer. Exchange. 53
...Bond Sales. 52
...Business Briefs. 51
...Business Records. 54
...Commodities. 46
...Dividends. 49
...Foreign Exchange. 49
...Grains. 45
...Market Indicators. 45
...Market Place. 45
...Money. 45
...Mutual Funds. 46
...N.Y. Stock Exch. 48
...Out-of-Town. 48
...Over the Counter. 48

New York Lottery Will Be Directed By Michigan Man

John D. Quinn, who has been deputy commissioner of the Michigan state lottery since 1972, has been named by Governor Carey to direct the revamped New York State lottery, which is expected to begin this summer.
...In announcing the appointment yesterday, Mr. Carey said that "Mr. Quinn helped direct a successful lottery operation in Michigan and will provide the experienced leadership and technical knowledge to restore complete public confidence in the lottery in New York."
...The former lottery, which had drawn charges of mismanagement, was suspended by the Governor last October when it was discovered that hundreds of duplicate tickets had been printed for a special drawing. That drawing, which had been scheduled to award \$1.4 million in prize money that had not been won in regular weekly lotteries, is one of five suspended drawings to be continued under new lottery legislation signed by the Governor on April 1.
...The legislation also requires that new lottery games award all major prizes each week. The former lottery had been criticized because it was designed to provide a chance that some prizes would not be won in some weeks, with the surplus used to create larger pools for later drawings.
...However, the new restriction does not apply to prizes of less than \$5,000, which will allow the state to develop a so-called "instant lottery," in which some winning tickets may not be sold.
...As director of the lottery, Mr. Quinn's major task will be to overcome months of controversy and public suspicion that accompanied the demise of the old lottery, and to develop drawings popular enough to net the state \$60 million a year, the target set by Governor Carey.

CORRECTION

The obituary of B. Iden Payne, the actor and director, which appeared in The Times April 7, contained misinformation about his survivors. They are his widow, the former Barbara Rankin Charlton; a daughter, Lady Donald Wolff; widow of the British actor; a son, John Padgett Payne, and two granddaughters.

FOUNDATION LISTS ACADEMIC GRANTS

Rockefeller Group Names 35 Humanities Winners

The Rockefeller Foundation yesterday announced the names of 35 award winners in the second annual competition for grants to pursue projects in the humanities.

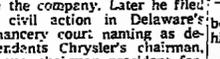
The fellowship program was established last year and was described by the foundation as a means to "support the production of works of humanistic scholarship through a private and assess the value of contemporary civilization."

Following are the new "humanities fellows" and their projects: ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

Sol A. Dann, Who Won Reversal Of Ruby's Death Sentence, Dies

Made Decision That Led to One Man, One Vote Rule

SAN DIEGO, April 12 (AP)—Sol A. Dann, a retired Detroit lawyer who represented Jack Ruby and managed to set aside his death sentence on conviction of murdering Lee Harvey Oswald, died at his home here yesterday.



Sol A. Dann

Ruby died in jail before his new trial could begin. Mr. Dann was credited earlier with bringing about management charges at the Chrysler Corporation through a stockholder's suit. His suit was filed after he announced at the 1960 annual meeting that he had evidence of payoffs, kickbacks, incompetence and waste at the company.

Mr. Dann was credited earlier with bringing about management charges at the Chrysler Corporation through a stockholder's suit. His suit was filed after he announced at the 1960 annual meeting that he had evidence of payoffs, kickbacks, incompetence and waste at the company.

Police Officer's Testimony

In 1964, when Ruby was convicted of premeditated murder in the Oswald slaying, Mr. Dann, at the behest of the Ruby family, became one of half a dozen lawyers who pressed a number of appeals, one of which led to a reversal by the Texas Court of Appeals two years later.

The court held that key testimony by a police officer should not have been allowed because it was based on a statement made by Ruby after he was in police custody. The officer had quoted Ruby as saying that he had planned the slaying, thus, supporting the prosecution contention, accepted by the jury, that the killing had been premeditated.

Walter Smith, Officer Abroad Of Young & Rubicam, Dies

Walter H. Smith, deputy chairman of European operations since 1974 for Young & Rubicam International Inc., died Saturday in London. He was 61 years old.

Mr. Smith, a 1936 graduate of Princeton University, where he was president of the Triangle Club, first joined the Young & Rubicam advertising agency in 1940.

In World War II, he rose to lieutenant colonel in the Army. After the war he worked with the Curtis Publishing Company and CBS Inc., rejoining Young & Rubicam in 1954.

250 Workers at Grossinger's Walk Out in Dispute Over Pact

LIBERTY, N. Y., April 12—As well as the temporary workers receive \$2.30 an hour, the staff of about 300 at Grossinger's went on strike this morning in a contract dispute as the Catskill resort prepared for the weeklong Passover observance. At 7 A.M., about 50 workers began picketing on a road just off Route 17 at the base of the hill on which the 62-year-old resort is situated.

WILLIAM E. MILLER, U.S. JUDGE, 68, DIES

Made Decision That Led to One Man, One Vote Rule

CINCINNATI, April 12 (AP)—Federal Judge William E. Miller, whose landmark decision on reapportionment of the Tennessee Legislature paved the way for the Supreme Court's "one man, one vote" decision, died today. He was 68 years old.

Judge Miller also presided over the first trial of the Teamsters Union leader James R. Hoffa and the first school desegregation case in Nashville. Judge Miller collapsed, apparently from a heart attack, during a judicial conference, according to Chief Judge Harry Phillips of the United States Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit.

Judge Miller had served on the Circuit court since 1970. He was the presiding United States district judge in Nashville from 1955 until 1970.

In 1959, Judge Miller ruled that the Tennessee Legislature must correct apportionment of its districts to bring it into balance with population. His decision led to the Supreme Court ruling that all United States legislative districts, down to the city council level, must be reapportioned to give one man one vote. Proudly, the Federal courts had been reluctant to step into state reapportionment cases.

Judge Miller's other decisions included one that was widely adopted throughout the South as a model for implementing the Supreme Court's 1954 ruling outlawing racial segregation in public schools. In 1956, after several states had had violent demonstrations over high school integration, Judge Miller approved a plan calling for integration of Nashville's first grade classes.

As the first graders progressed, so did integration in the schools. The decision became known as the "stairstep integration plan." The Hoffa Trial In 1962, Judge Miller presided over the Nashville trial that resulted ultimately in the conviction of Mr. Hoffa on jury-tampering charges.

Mr. Hoffa was tried on a two-count indictment charging conspiracy to violate the Taft-Hartley Act governing labor-management relations. Judge Miller declared a mistrial after jurors reported they had been approached.

Subsequently, Mr. Hoffa was tried in Chattanooga and convicted on the jury-tampering charges. He disappeared last July. Judge Miller, a graduate of the Yale Law School, is survived by his wife, Carolyn, and daughter, Mrs. Charles E. Wright Jr.

ALBERT FRISCH, 60, COMPOSER OF SONGS

Albert T. Frisch, who composed such songs as "Two Different Worlds," "This Is No Laughing Matter" and "I Won't Cry Any More," died Sunday in the Veterans Administration Hospital in the Bronx. He was 60 years old and lived in Blauvelt, N.Y.

Mr. Frisch, who started as a saxophonist and pianist, entered the Army in World War II as a musician, but transferred to radar operator with an anti-aircraft unit and won five battle stars in the campaigns of the Third Army across Europe.

He wrote a weekly column, "Music in Print," for Billboard magazine. He composed the music for "Bordello," a musical based on the life of the artist Toulouse-Lautrec. Julian More was librettist for the show, which ran for several weeks in London. Mr. Frisch also wrote special music for television shows.

Surviving are his wife, the former Celia Hirschorn; a daughter, Myra; his mother, Rose Frisch; a sister, Helen Trautenberg; and a brother, Eugene.

CLARA COHANE

Clara Cohane, for 10 years registrar of the Graduate School of New York University, died of cancer Sunday in St. Vincent's Hospital. She was 59 years old and lived at 51 Seventh Avenue South.

MARTIN H. WEHNCKE

Martin H. Wehncke, a former treasurer of the New York Commodity Exchange who retired in 1949 as president of Branzels Goldschmidt & Company Inc., died yesterday at Copley Hospital in Morrisville, Vt. He was 92 years old and lived in Craftsbury, Vt.

Mr. Wehncke served during World War II as a member of the Board of Economic Warfare. He leaves his second wife, the former Barbara Fletcher Twombly; a son, John, and a daughter, Mrs. Robert Merrill, both children of his earlier marriage to the late Evangeline Wehncke-Chenck, and eight grandchildren.

Deaths

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

Deaths

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

Deaths

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution... ALAN GOODMAN, Yale Law School, who will study the history of the American Constitution...

AT WALTER B. COO IMMEDIATE CREMATION SERVICES CAN BE ARRANGED FOR \$2 The charge includes local removal of the deceased, vehicle and licensed staff service. The charge made by the crematory is not included. At Walter B. Cooke, immediate cremation arranged without membership in an organ society or other prior commitment required. For more information, call 628-8700.

مکان الهم

Winter Forecast: Color by Day, Glitter by Night



By BERNADINE MORRIS

Special to The New York Times
PARIS, April 11—Nobody should get cold feet next winter. Designers have taken good care of the extremities. Pants have done the job satisfactorily for the last several years. Now pants are thrust into heavy-soled boots, French Fries, so to speak, and if that's not enough, leg warmers are added.

These are knitted tubes, preferably in screaming stripes, pulled over the pants like leggings, enabling civilized women to walk comfortably through tundra.

Nobody seriously accuses fashion of being completely rational, so the bundled legs, ready for the next ice age, are matched by a paucity of coats.

Oh, of course there are coats. But they are so rare that when a good one comes along, everybody cheers. Saint Laurent has a good one, a peasant-like style outlined in braid, and it's being hailed as the greatest discovery since pantyhose.

Dior has his duffie coats, Lagerfeld has some nice coats for Chloé, including roomy plaids, but for the most part, designers say "let them wear blankets." If not blankets, then ponchos or capes.

Starting Easy

It takes some skill to drape a blanket, so start practicing now. One can start with a beach towel and work up to fleeces.

Dresses are almost as scarce as coats. Ungaro's are pretty with pleated skirts. Most of the pretty ones have pleated skirts.

When they do show dresses, most designers feel compelled to put a pair of pants underneath. Stovepipe slim, but still pants.

The watchword in fashion is still separates. Lagerfeld calls them "detached pieces," but what he means is separates. Layered, of course.

Yves Saint Laurent glorified them in his peasant collection, which everybody calls the hit of Paris.

This involves full skirts with tucks over the hips, pleated skirts, braid-bound vests and jackets, shawls, sweaters and practically everything else you can think of. Except pants.

Saint Laurent stands alone in playing down pants. He



For the young crowd: striped Lurex tunic with pants stuffed into boots. Dorothee Bis, left; Kenzo's long cardigans worn over striped turtleneck pullovers. Miniskirts are wrapped over the pullovers, tights and

shows a couple of skinny ones with gold piping for evening, but for the most part gets by without them for day. They're hardly missed.

Everybody else has plenty, both tapered and bloused. Either way, they're plunged into those boots.

Nobody talks about skirt lengths, except when they're startlingly abbreviated, like Kenzo's. Or a few at Dorothee Bis or Ter et Bantine. Then the legs are so muffled to heavy wool tights, leg warmers and boots, the effect is hardly revealing. But most

store buyers would like not to think about the revival of the mini, in any shape.

The most obvious thing about next fall's clothes is the intensity of the colors. Winter has been a somber season for some time now.

So the explosion of carnival colors—pinks, oranges, greens and so on, of neon intensity—is something of a shock. All very well for vacations in the tropics, but on city streets? In heavy woolens? How will they look without a suntan?

No matter. It's certainly a cheering note.

For further cheer, add glitter at night. Lurex, gold braid, lamé. It's all there, taking the place of spangles, metallic embroidery and other kinds of sparkle.

The truth is, it looks cheap. Nobody is transfixed by it. Advocates say it will look fine in discotheques. From the number of American store buyers and even designers at the collections, taking it all in, it seems certain to travel across the

ocean. Possibly improved upon. But at the moment seem that other dress at night investigation.

Despite the and the occasion inspiration, as Laurent collection one of the first imagination so. In fact, it says Avenue, when fall collections month, hasn't up to.



Saint Laurent's glorified peasant look, above, involves braided bolero, multiple patterns, glistening petticoat. Daytime version, left, is built on pleated blaid wool skirt.

DAVID WEBB

Pendant — Rock crystal, diamonds set in platinum and South Sea pearl \$4,800.
Earrings — Rock crystal, diamonds set in platinum \$3,000.
Ring — Rock crystal, diamonds set in platinum \$2,000.

7 East 57th Street, New York, N.Y. 10023 / (212) HA1-3030 / Houston / Palm Beach

DESIGNS COPYRIGHTED © WEBB

A Susan Bennis / Warren Edwards Design
Exclusively for Couture Collection®
The Chelsea Cobbler
122 East 55th Street / New York
/ 755-4197

I know it's only a game, but I take my dressing seriously. Today I'm icy pink and cool as a strawberry frost! Dressing like this takes planning and that's why I leave it to Tennis Lady. With all that competition on the courts, they know how a girl wants to look. Loomtogs Tennis Whites does it in pink just for Tennis Lady... and me... In soft and breezy polyester jersey with scoop neck and elasticized waistband striped in pink and white. Sizes 4 to 16. Only \$26. Add sales tax plus \$1.50 handling charge on mail orders c/o Madison Avenue address.

I look so tempting he can hardly keep his eye on the ball... thank you

Tennis Lady
765 Madison Avenue
535-8601
White Plains
197 Mamaroneck Avenue
(914) 428-5190

When your own initials are enough

BOTTEGA VENETA
655 Madison Ave. & 211 E. 60th St

Off-duty, and at ease. In military trim.

Saks Fifth Avenue

مكازم الأصيل

When Coping Becomes Difficult

Sandra Tashoff, a youthful, blue-jeaned woman, picked up the ringing telephone. "Hello," she answered, "this is All the Queens Women."

"I got your name from women's lib in Manhattan," said a distraught voice on the other end of the line. "My husband has left me after 28 years and I don't know what to do. Can you help me?"

Mrs. Tashoff replied, "I think so. That's what we're here for. We're a center for queens women who need help. Why don't you come and talk to us?"

About an hour later, Angela Ricci (not her real name), a middle-aged woman, arrived at the center's cluttered waterfront office in a lower middle-class section of Flushing. She explained to Mrs. Tashoff, the co-director of the center, that her husband had "kicked out of their house," leaving an often-repeated refrain.

Struck at Home
Mrs. Ricci wouldn't let me have my friends over and he wouldn't let me work," Mrs. Ricci said. "Now my children are grown up and left the house. I'm all alone and I don't know what to do."

At a high school guidance counselor, was offered vocational counseling one evening at the center, or she is at 163-23 Depot St. She took Mrs. Ricci to her home and spoke to her privately behind a brown cloth curtain.

When Mrs. Ricci emerged from the makeshift booth, she turned to Mrs. Tashoff. "I says she will help me with a job and she wants me to join a consciousness-raising group," Mrs. Ricci said. "What does she mean?"

"A consciousness-raising group," Mrs. Tashoff explained, "is just a few women who get together to talk about their problems and to help each other solve them. It's like getting advice from friends. I think you will find it very helpful. I was in one and I really liked it. I came back to the center the next day and we will help you find a consciousness-raising group. We will also show you how to fill out forms for welfare. You

will probably need it to tide you over until you get a job."

"Thank you very much," said Mrs. Ricci as she left the center. "I didn't think people would be so helpful who they didn't even know me. I'll see you tomorrow morning."

As the door closed behind Mrs. Ricci, Mrs. Tashoff smiled. "That's just the kind of woman we need to reach, someone who doesn't know that there are solutions to her problems," she said. "Queens is full of people like that. We really want them to know that we are here and that they don't have to stick it out at home alone."

All the Queens Women, a three-month-old women's help center, is attempting to reach and involve lower-middle-class neighborhood women who have had no contact with and little knowledge of the women's movement.



The New York Times/Meyer Liberman
Women can get counseling at the All the Queens Women Center. Ann Jawan, left, is the employment coordinator.

will probably need it to tide you over until you get a job."

"Thank you very much," said Mrs. Ricci as she left the center. "I didn't think people would be so helpful who they didn't even know me. I'll see you tomorrow morning."

As the door closed behind Mrs. Ricci, Mrs. Tashoff smiled. "That's just the kind of woman we need to reach, someone who doesn't know that there are solutions to her problems," she said. "Queens is full of people like that. We really want them to know that we are here and that they don't have to stick it out at home alone."

All the Queens Women, a three-month-old women's help center, is attempting to reach and involve lower-middle-class neighborhood women who have had no contact with and little knowledge of the women's movement.

Uninvolved Element
The new Queens center, whose phone number is 762-9140, is one of a number of groups, including the Council of Neighborhood Women in Brooklyn, Women Office Workers in Manhattan and the Coalition of Labor Union Women, a national organization with an active New York chapter, that have recently begun to involve women who were previously ignored by the feminist movement.

Joan Kellman, a co-director of All the Queens Women was the one who first decided that such a grass-roots meeting place was necessary. Mrs. Kellman, a psychiatric nurse who lives in Flushing, said she had never belonged

to any of the women's organizations and explained that she had become a feminist while working in drug programs and in hospital psychiatric wards.

"I got a picture of what is really happening to women," she said. "No one really cares about women who aren't smart, aren't pretty and are over 35. There are lonely women, battered women, older women who have no one to talk to and nowhere to go. We need a place we can all share. Women suffer terribly from isolation."

Mrs. Kellman said that when she began to organize the center, she found out that the Queens chapter of the National Organization of Women had been thinking about starting one for more than a year. "But it never got off the ground," she said. Mrs. Kellman talked about the idea to her friends in the middle-class housing development she lives in, as well as to strangers. One

of the women she interested was Mrs. Tashoff, who had become involved in the feminist movement through joining a consciousness-raising group. Mrs. Tashoff had spent the last 15 years at home, taking care of her two sons. Since she has become involved with the center, she has been out of the house most of the time.

More Cheerful
"It's wonderful to have somewhere to go and something to do," she said. "My family doesn't mind my absence as much as they might because when I'm home now, at least I'm in a good mood."

Eventually, Mrs. Kellman and Mrs. Tashoff enlisted 24 women as center members. Each contributed \$10 and promised to work at the center four hours a month. One anonymous donor contributed \$1,000 to the project and NOW agreed to pay for and staff a telephone "helpline" offering information about psychiatric, abortion, employment and child care resources and women's activities throughout the city.

"Most of our women," Mrs. Tashoff said, "belong to NOW or have been in a consciousness-raising group or participated in some of the programs at the Queens College women's center. It is going to take us a while to really get our outreach program into operation."

SHOP TALK

On Taking Care Of Small Things

By ENID NEMY

It's been said that if one takes care of the small things, the big things take care of themselves, but it isn't necessarily true. Looking after small chores won't improve the subway system or the postal service, but it does improve one's disposition and that's worth something these days.

Almost everyone has, on occasion, knocked a finger off a statue, cracked a plate, chipped a glass or broken something valuable, irreplaceable or merely sentimentally important.

What to do? The cheapest solution is to go to the dime store, buy some glue and attempt home repairs. Occasionally, this solution works. Most often it doesn't; it's a delaying action in the process of finding an adept professional.

Two such professionals are Hess Repairs at 200 Park Avenue South (at 17th Street) and Sano Studio at 767 Lexington Avenue (at 60th Street). Both have considerable experience in the field, and offer a wide variety of services.

Gabriel Hirsch, who took over the Hess business 25 years ago, says he repairs everything from A (antiques and alabaster) to Z (unusual items). He also has a few unusual specialties, such as replacing (not always, but often) lost or broken decanter stoppers, and blue glass liners for silver dishes.

Mr. Hirsch can also refit old combs, brushes and mirrors with new teeth, bristles and glass, but his most interesting offering is making glass dinner bells from a customer's own wine glass. Don't ask how it's done, but in the end the wine glass is upside down and the effect is fetching. The price for this is \$10.

Hess prices generally are moderate to expensive, depending on the item and the amount of time and delicacy required for the repair. The time needed varies, but the promised date is usually reliable. The telephone number is 260-2255.

The Sano Studio, upstairs in a large Lexington Avenue office building, has been under the direction of Jadwiga Baran for the last two years.

Mrs. Baran, who was a textile designer in her native Poland before her arrival here a decade ago, is particularly adept at replacing missing pieces and making new parts for statues, large and small. She works with almost every material, including porcelain, tortoise shell, ivory, glass, quartz, malachite and jade.

Prices here are also moderate to expensive (\$25 to meet a cup broken in several pieces). The telephone number is PL 9-6131.

There is seemingly no limit to the number of needlework enthusiasts and, over the years, a lot of them have worn down the pavement between their homes and the small shop of Rose Riff.

Mrs. Riff, who started her business 30 years ago, mounts needlepoint—everything from pillows and handbags to belts, door stops, wall hangings, picture frames and tennis racket covers.

The shop has an impressive number of fabrics, including velvet, leather, linen, silk and corduroy, for pillow backings, borders and linings, and Mrs. Riff, who has dabbled in design most of her life, is knowledgeable and helpful in suggesting color coordinates.

Prices are reasonable, with small pillows mounted at a starting price of \$14, and slightly larger ones (12 inches square) starting at \$21. There's a \$5 difference between knit and box style pillows. Most of the work is finished in two weeks, but larger pieces can require another week.

Rose Riff is at 242 East 71st Street. The telephone number is 628-8623.



You're invited to feather your nest with the natural and extraordinary talent available to you at the Lord & Taylor Interior Design Studio. Imagine, it costs no more than the furniture and furnishings you purchase to create a room or a whole house that's yours alone! Call for your appointment today, WI 7-3300, extension 696. Eighth Floor, Lord & Taylor. Also at Westchester, Garden City, Millburn, Ridgewood-Paramus, Stamford, Bala-Cynwyd, Jenkintown, Washington-Chevy Chase and Falls Church, Virginia.

Off-duty, and at ease. My coverall in military trim. And it's from **Saks Fifth Avenue**.
NEW YORK • WHITE PLAINS • SPRINGFIELD • GARDEN CITY

Tennis, anyone?

Or volleyball . . . or jogging, or beach-combing, or pool-side sunning. Whatever the action, this halter top shortfall applies. And whatever the temperature, it keeps you cool. In white cotton denim with blue ric-rac trim and blue buttons. By Chequers, in 5-13 sizes 23.00. Check it out in our 56th street windows or at Pearl's Place, Seventh Floor.

BONNIE TELLER

Mail and phone. (212) EL 3-2600 any hour. Add 1.35 outside delivery area, and sales tax where applicable. Fifth Avenue at 56th Street, and all Bonwit Stores.

KENNETH LANE . . .

has designs on you. Like this masterpiece of contemporary jewelry. A spectacular triple-strand pendant-necklace—intermingling genuine abalone and mother-of-pearl with simulated ivory, coral and agates. Sensational color additives, adding up to \$5.00.

Costume Jewelry—on 1
Mail and phone—call Joan Taylor
Brooklyn, Garden City, and Huntington only.

BROOKLYN—open tonight 'til 6:00;
BABYLON, HUNTINGTON
GARDEN CITY AND SMITH HAVEN MALL 'til 9:30.

the man who's launched a thousand faces

Mr. Fred Fowler, Alexandra de Markoff's own makeup genius-in-residence—here all this week to work his wizardry on you. Have him custom design a makeup and a beauty regime that works just for you. He'll also help you choose from the famed Countess Islerlyn collection by Alexandra de Markoff—the skincare luxuries and cosmetics covered by discriminating women the world over. Be our guest—this is a beauty treat you won't want to miss. At the Alexandra de Markoff Counter in Cosmetics, Street Floor, New York only.

blomingdale's
1000 Third Avenue, New York. 355-5900. Open late Monday and Thursday evenings.

SPYGLASS

Hunter Blanks Orioles

Special to The New York Times
BALTIMORE, April 12—While the Baltimore Orioles awaited their \$3 million man, Reggie Jackson, the \$6 million man and the \$3.5 million man were on display at Memorial Stadium tonight.

N.B.A. Obtains Labor Peace And Plans Talks With A.B.A.

By SAM GOLDAPER

The National Basketball Association put its house in order yesterday and began turning its attention to its neighbor's house—the American Basketball Association.

whereby a player will receive \$75 a month for each year of service, payable at age 50; additional cost-of-living increases will be paid retroactively from September 1975 through 1981.

The minimum salary was raised from \$20,000 to \$30,000.

Meal money for players on the road was increased from \$19 per diem to \$24, retroactive to the beginning of the season, and will jump to \$26 by the end of the contract.

Medical and dental coverage was increased and term life insurance was increased from \$35,000 to \$50,000.

The total pool for the playoffs, which began tonight, was raised from \$950,000 last season to \$1 million, and will reach \$1,150,000 by the end of the contract.

against the N.B.A. was instituted in 1970 by Robertson, then a player with the Milwaukee Bucks. It contended that the common draft, the option clause and the N.B.A.'s equivalent of football's Rozelle rule (which compensates the team a player has left to sign with another), violate antitrust laws.

O'Brien estimated that the settlement would cost each team \$25,000 a year. The teams have spent far more money in recent years as their share of court fees and lobbying for merger in Congress.

"The main thing," said Paul Silas of the Boston Celtics, president of the N.B.A. Players' Association, "is that now it is dismissed.

The class-action suit Continued on Page 44, Column 8

New York! New York! It's No Playoff Town

By GERALD ESKENAZI

In the world of Emmette Bryant Lebrun, it was the time of Milton and Len Chappell. A modest number of today's Knick and Ranger fans, it was ago that these names, once of the New York baseball by scene, probably evoke cub-camp corners.

"I'm lonesome," says Mike Burke, the Knicks' president. "The taste of life has gone a little flat for the moment. This is an unusual state."

"I feel frustrated and very empty," says Bill Jennings, the Rangers' head man. "I think everyone is sad about this season."

Sad? Toots Shor goes home early these days. In fact, he's going to keep his garden, across from Madison Square Garden, closed on weekends, starting Saturday.

Unhappy? Poor Garden stockholders, who had the playoffs to keep their fingers crossed that panic selling doesn't set in.

Disgruntled? "We need every positive thing we can get," laments Charles Gillett of the Convention and Visitors Bureau, which began the Big Apple campaign.

The city, with the Knicks and Rangers eliminated shortly after April Fool's

Continued on Page 44, Column 1



Fans buying tickets for the circus instead of for the Rangers

Knicks Are Wary of Islanders

HERMAN The New York Times April 12—There is a gloom in Buffalo, although the defeated Islanders, 5-3, in one of their bitterest series are quite wringing preliminary prize money from the Islanders.

Buffalo ahead by at least two goals throughout the game. "They're a good physical team and they're clean. After them we would play Montreal and then Philadelphia. It's going to be along, hard road to the Stanley Cup."

the Islanders' highest scoring line of Billy Harris, Bryan Trotter and Clark Gillies. "You combat offense with offense," said Martin. "Let them worry about you."

Who's the Master Who Didn't Fear Nicklaus

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 12—When Jack Nicklaus established a Masters record with a 72-hole score of 271 in 1965, the late Bobby Jones shook his head.

"Jack Nicklaus," said the best golfer of half a century ago and the designer of the Augusta National course, "plays a game with which I am unfamiliar."

Bobby Jones was unavailable for comment on Raymond Floyd's performance in equalling Jack Nicklaus's record. But most golf realists believe that in winning the Masters by eight shots with a total that was 17 under par, Raymond Floyd was playing a game with which Raymond Floyd was unfamiliar. Not that he isn't a quality golfer.

Beginning in 1969, only five golfers have won as many as two major tournaments—Floyd two (the Professional Golfers Association title in 1969 and now the Masters), Tony Jacklin two, Gary Player three, Lee Trevino four and Jack Nicklaus seven. Of that group, only Jacklin vanished into virtual obscurity. Raymond Floyd isn't likely to do that, even if he probably will never dominate a major tournament as he did in earning his size 44-regular green jacket.

"I want to win more golf tournaments," he says. "I want to win the Tournament of Champions this week if I can. I'm tired of being a mediocre player."

Raymond Floyd doesn't sound like some of those recent Masters champions who appeared to have fulfilled their careers when they won here—Tommy Aaron, Charles Coody, George Archer, Boh Goelby and Gay Brewer. None of them won a major tournament after having put on the green jacket.

"But my Masters record was tied by a very accomplished golfer," Nicklaus says. "I'm surprised that it was tied, but an accomplished golfer did it."

Gusts Buoy Nicklaus Raymond Floyd did it despite the invisible intimidation of Jack Nicklaus lurking behind him. Even with Raymond Floyd entering the final round with an eight-shot lead on the five-time Masters champion, some people believed that somehow Jack Nicklaus would find a way to win, or Raymond Floyd would find a way to lose. Jack Nicklaus believed that more than anyone else. In the locker room before the final round, Nicklaus was talking about the gusts that were swirling over the course.

"That's good," Nicklaus mentioned. "Why, somebody said, 'is it good?'"

"If you've got to make up eight shots, it's good," he said.

"But it's not a day you could shoot 63," somebody said.

"Why not?" Jack Nicklaus said. Jack Nicklaus shot 73 instead. In the locker room,

Missing Them Slow

Nicklaus has always been a deliberate putter who takes a long time to stroke the ball once he locks himself into his stance. But he appeared to be taking longer than ever, as many as 25 to 30 seconds sometimes. Gena Sarazen always says, "Miss 'em fast," but Nicklaus was missing them slow. He didn't take as long as Ben Hogan did in his declining years, but he appeared more deliberate than ever.

To his detriment. Even so, most of his contemporaries continued to hold Nicklaus in awe despite Raymond Floyd's triumph. Raymond Floyd is no fluke, but he's no Jack Nicklaus either.

"Is Floyd," Larry Ziegler was asked, "another Nicklaus?" "I don't think," said Ziegler, who shared third place with Nicklaus, "we'll ever have another Nicklaus in our era."

And the runner-up, Ben Crenshaw, had a similar feeling. "Gosh," said the 24-year-old Texan after being paired with Nicklaus in Friday's round, "as much as you try, you just can't keep from watching him."

Raymond Floyd was watching, too, but he wasn't intimidated. But for Raymond Floyd, winning the Masters meant more than defeating Nicklaus by 11 shots or collecting \$40,000 or wearing a green jacket. Back in his playboy years when he dated exotic dancers, he was competing here when a lady wearing a badge assigned to "Mrs. Raymond Floyd" was escorted off the course by a Pinkerton guard because of her skimpy attire. The next day a different lady with the same badge and similar attire also was escorted off the course. But last night, as the essence of his reformation, the real Mrs. Raymond Floyd, the first and only, accompanied her husband to the Augusta National clubhouse for the champions' dinner. Bobby Jones was unavailable for comment.



Commissioner Larry O'Brien of the N.B.A. announces agreement on collective bargaining with the players. With him are Paul Silas, left, president of the Players' Association, and Larry Fleisher, players' counsel.

Mets Hit the Road; Legal Problems Stay

By JOSEPH DURSO

The Mets will open their first and longest trip of the season today in Chicago, but behind them in New York they have left two legal problems involving their brightest names. Tom Seaver and Willie Mays.

The team flew into Chicago last night only 25 days after the first workout of baseball's shortened spring. Since then, the Mets had lost 11 of 15 exhibition games in Florida, but had won two of three regular games in Shea Stadium over the weekend. Now they face 12 games in 13 days in Chicago, Pittsburgh, St. Louis and Houston.

They continued to make up for lost time yesterday by working out in the stadium before heading for La Guardia Airport. When they meet the Cubs this afternoon, Craig Swan will pitch against Rick Reuschel, with Seaver and Jon Matlack lined up to work the final two games of the series.

The pitching rotation was still the chief problem confronting the Mets' rookie manager, Joe Frazier, who had worked as a player and manager in the minor leagues for most of the last 27 years. Seaver and Matlack were sold in their opening starts, but Mickey Lolich was removed for a pinch-hitter Sunday after only two innings against the Montreal Expos.

Normally, the fourth starter would be Jerry Koosman, but the 32-year-old left-hander missed one week of practice recently because of the illness and death of his father. So the designation went to Swan, a 26-year-old right-hander who pitched six times for the Mets last season and 26 times for their Tidewater farm club. But Swan came out of spring training with 10 straight scoreless innings, and so he was inserted into the rotation ahead of Koosman.

These tactical problems, though, were still being outweighed by the Mets' contract problems with Seaver and Mays. After a long and bitter argument with Seaver this



Associated Press Willie Mays



Don't save the Queen. Bombay Gin, imported from England. Superbly dry and gentle. One taste and you'll be one of its loyal followers.

Tomorrow wake up... 12 (UPI)—... wake up... 12 (UPI)—... wake up...

WOLF 76 VOLVO 5599... Hear the who made 9999... Playoffs... Various advertisements for cars and services.

Giants: Tickets 2 Sites

Giants yesterday announced two ticket plans for the new Meadowlands stadium in New Jersey...

Tough Academic Regime Blamed by Some Cadets

By JAMES FERON Staff Writer for The New York Times

WEST POINT, April 12—The one of them was asked cadets at the United States Military Academy who were willing to talk today seemed to blame academic pressures for the cheating scandal that may become the worst in West Point's 174-year history...



Cadets Ron Bertha, left, and Duncan Cameron at West Point yesterday. Cadet Cameron, a second-classman from Pittsburgh, said, "Having a strong honor code is important."

Cheating at West Point Strict Ban at the Academies Contrasts With Tacit Tolerance at Other Colleges

By GENE I. MAEROFF

A standard cartoon subject in the old college humor magazines had to do with cheating and the extent to which students would go to beat the system—crib notes on the soles of their shoes...

Cunningham Study Now Turns to Carey

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

Patrick McKew, who was campaign treasurer and is now assistant director of the Housing Finance Agency, or Robert Laird, who was campaign press secretary and now holds the same position in the Governor's office...

Prices of Commodity Futures

Table with multiple columns showing commodity prices for various items like wheat, soybeans, and cotton on Monday, April 12, 1976.

FUTURES IN COCOA CONTINUE TO RISE

May Delivery Jumps 20-Cent Soviet Buying is Cited

By ELIZABETH M. FOWLER The strong uptrend in cocoa futures prices continued yesterday on the New York Cocoa Exchange, where the May delivery jumped the 2-cent pound limit to close at 78.20 cents a pound...

Cash Prices

Table showing cash prices for various commodities including metals, grains, and oils on Monday, April 12, 1976.

Actor Backing Carter

BEVERLY HILLS, Calif., April 12 (UPI)—George Peppard, the actor, was one of 168 persons attending a Democratic Party grassroots caucus for Jimmy Carter yesterday...

Hotel Fire Toll Up to Nine

MIAMI, April 12 (AP)—Two more people have died from burns suffered in a fire that burned through a Miami hotel a week ago...

Open Interest

Table showing open interest for various futures contracts on Monday, April 12, 1976.

SCHOLARS FAVOR GLOBAL GROWTH

Continued From Page 1, Col. 5

view here that the M.I.T. group had "punctured the myth of exponential growth" but that it was now essential to find solutions to the problems of which their report had warned.

Any effort to do so, he said, would require "puncturing a second myth—the myth of national competence."

This meeting in Philadelphia in honor of the American Bicentennial was used by the Club of Rome to draw the veil partly back from a new, major study it has commissioned the Nobel Laureate, Prof. Jan Tinbergen of the Netherlands, to do on the creation of "a new international order." Professor Tinbergen is working with 20 other experts from developing and developed countries. Their study, called by the acronym RIO ("Reviewing the International Order"), is to be released next October.

The call for a "new international economic order" was made at the sixth and seventh special sessions of the United Nations General Assembly. Although the meaning of the term is vague, it has generally been taken to signify a world order that would better serve the interests of developing countries, and in particular their poor masses.

The Tinbergen report will set forth concrete proposals for achieving ends in 10 major areas:

1. The international monetary system. The report is expected to call for additional creation of monetary reserves for the purpose of financing more rapid development of the third world.

2. Income redistribution and the financing of development. The report will probably call for substantial increases in transfer payments to third world countries, especially the poorest, with particular attention on the use of these resources for directly addressing the poverty problem. The Tinbergen report will openly endorse the principle of greater equity for the poor nations, which it regards as an essential principle for the achievement of world peace.

3. Industrialization, trade and international division of labor. The report is expected to call for closer collaboration among regional blocs and for more "multilaterality" rather than bilateral relations in trade. It will also call for reduction of import impediments to industrial products from the third world.

4. Food production and distribution. The report favors implementation of decisions made at the World Food Conference in Rome for adequate stockpiling, to be furthered by the pressure of agricultural organizations on the governments of industrialized countries.

5. Energy, ores and minerals. The report favors extra efforts for research on fusion, nuclear, solar and geothermal energy, possibly to be coordinated by a World Energy Research Authority.

6. Environmental programs and ocean management. The report favors preparation of a 1977 conference on the law of the sea by a group of experts, with concentration on building a federation of international organizations.

7. Transnational enterprises. Mr. Pececi favors the internationalization of multinational corporations. He recognizes that this may be difficult to do in the short run, but he feels that it is urgent to separate multinational corporations from the national governments of their home countries.

8. Scientific research and technology. The report favors a system of subsidizing the prices at which technological expertise is made available to third world countries.

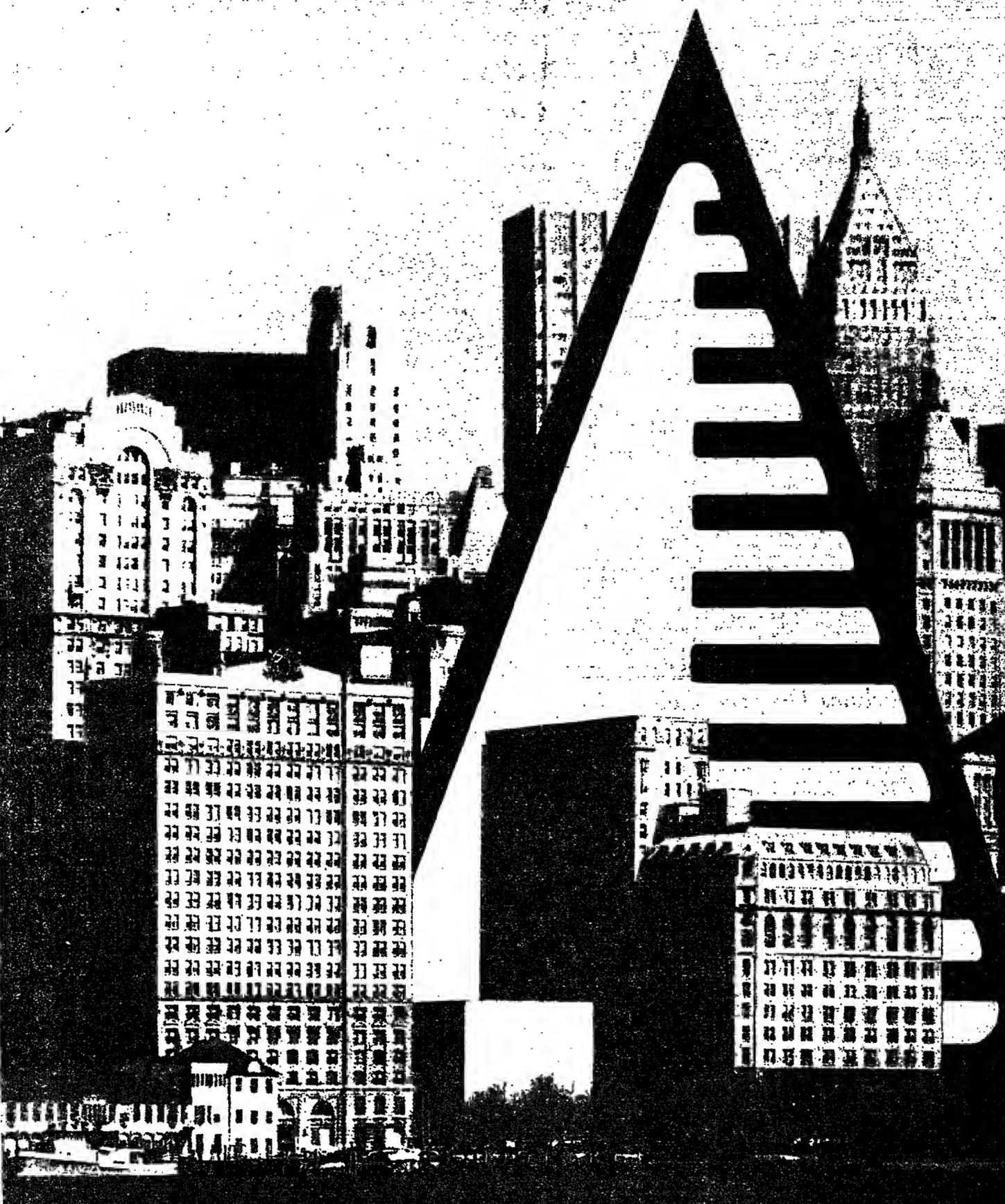
9. Arms reduction. The Tinbergen study will call for reinforcement of the United Nations peace force and the exertion of pressures on the superpowers (the United States and the Soviet Union) to redirect military expenditures toward development, since "underdevelopment constitutes a more serious threat to world peace than the other superpowers."

10. A general category that includes increasing the efficiency of the United Nations.

The thrust of the Tinbergen report will be to substitute international economic planning for the uncontrolled play of market forces. Mr. Pececi indicated that this would doubtless mean building the new order on regional and industrial groups—including not only the European Common Market or the Andean Pact but even the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries. "We have got drunk on cheap oil in the industrialized world," he said.

John R. Bunting, an unorthodox Philadelphia banker who is chairman of the First Pennsylvania Corporation and who served as host of the Club of Rome conference in Philadelphia, agreed with Mr. Pececi on the necessity of long-range planning—for the United States as well as for the world economy.

"The market, essential as it is," Mr. Bunting said, "is myopic; it is good for dealing with problems that lie only five or seven or possibly 10 years ahead, but our most serious problems are long-range problems."



You're looking at one of the largest financial structures in the world.

In terms of assets, experience and expertise, the Bankers Trust symbol should be recognized as a landmark.

But, to many people, we're still just "the bank for trusts."

For 25 years, this bank for trusts has been one of the 10 largest commercial banks in the nation.

(At the moment, we rank seventh.)

Our assets are over 19 billion dollars.

Our scope is worldwide, in thirty-four countries on six continents.

We've been a major financial presence in New York for over 70 years, in London for over 50 years.

Our dealings with Sweden and Brazil, for example, go back over 60 years, with Moscow nearly 15 years.

We offer a staggering variety of quality services. A

list of our divisions alone would fill up this page.

As you might expect, our staff is professional to the core. But that doesn't mean we're traditional to the core. We've been responsible for a wide variety of banking innovations.

Like the Floating Rate Note in the Eurobond market. Or the first computerized letter of credit system.

Or the Money Center, a modern centralized headquarters for dealing with government and municipal bonds, foreign exchange, and money market instruments.

And yes, we're also "the bank for trusts"—the pre-eminent bank in the field of employee benefits, a leader in almost every aspect of trust administration and investment.

Not to mention the nation's foremost Director-Trustee, the recognized pioneer in the fields of life insurance, research, savings plans, stock purchase and employee record keeping, to name a few.

Wherever you see the Bankers Trust Pyramid, you're dealing with a full service bank in the fullest sense of the word, with the capacity to raise, lend and manage money worldwide.

Ask anyone who has done business with us—a visit to the Pyramid can be a rewarding experience.

Bankers Trust Company

New York, London, Milan, Paris, Tokyo, Singapore and Nassau. International Banking Subsidiaries in Chicago, Houston, Los Angeles and Miami. Affiliated Institutions in Toronto, Brussels, Frankfurt, Rome, Zurich, Panama City, Buenos Aires, Sydney, Hong Kong and Bangkok. Representative Offices in Chicago, Houston, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Toronto, Birmingham, Manila, Brussels, Copenhagen, Madrid, Rome, Mexico City, Bogotá, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Rio de Janeiro, São Paulo, Lagos, Beirut, Tehran, Hong Kong, Jakarta, Manila, Seoul, Sydney, and

مكزامن التجهيل

Warehouse and I

Profile
(Some of the)
CORPORATIONS
Control Data
IEM
Owens-Illinois
PPG Industries
Time Inc.
Westinghouse

PPG Industries

By 253.5% in 1975

PPG Industries Inc. reported a 253.5 percent increase in earnings per share in the first quarter of 1976 over the same quarter in 1975. The increase was due to a combination of factors, including a sharp rise in the price of glass, which is the company's primary product. The company's earnings were \$1.56 a share in the first quarter of 1976, compared with \$0.02 a share in the first quarter of 1975. The company's sales were \$1.2 billion in the first quarter of 1976, compared with \$0.8 billion in the first quarter of 1975.

Owens-Illinois

Owens-Illinois Inc. reported a 253.5 percent increase in earnings per share in the first quarter of 1976 over the same quarter in 1975. The increase was due to a combination of factors, including a sharp rise in the price of glass, which is the company's primary product. The company's earnings were \$1.56 a share in the first quarter of 1976, compared with \$0.02 a share in the first quarter of 1975. The company's sales were \$1.2 billion in the first quarter of 1976, compared with \$0.8 billion in the first quarter of 1975.

Declines Outpace As Dow Edges

By VARTANIG G. VARTANIG

Sharp gains in the securities market yesterday and a substantial drop in the price of international business. The Dow Jones Industrial Average rose 1.27 points to 871.27. The general market, however, showed no clear trend and exhibited a rather subdued character.

Slowest Session of Year

The Dow Jones Industrial Average closed at 871.27, its lowest point since Jan. 2, the first trading day of 1976. The Dow was down 1.27 points, or 0.15 percent, from its previous close of 872.54. The Dow's decline was the result of a sharp drop in the price of international business, which fell 1.27 points to 871.27. The Dow's decline was also due to a sharp drop in the price of international business, which fell 1.27 points to 871.27.

Colombian Coffee

By JUAN DE OCHOA

Colombian coffee prices are expected to rise sharply in the second quarter of 1976. The price of Colombian coffee is expected to rise from \$1.20 a pound in the first quarter to \$1.50 a pound in the second quarter. The rise in price is due to a combination of factors, including a sharp rise in the price of coffee beans, which is the primary product of Colombian coffee growers. The price of coffee beans is expected to rise from \$1.20 a pound in the first quarter to \$1.50 a pound in the second quarter.

Bankers Trust Company

Bankers Trust Company is a leading financial institution in the world. We offer a wide variety of banking services, including international banking, trust administration, and investment services. Our assets are over 19 billion dollars, and we have a global presence in over 30 countries. We are committed to providing the highest quality of service to our clients.

Bankers Trust Company

Bankers Trust Company is a leading financial institution in the world. We offer a wide variety of banking services, including international banking, trust administration, and investment services. Our assets are over 19 billion dollars, and we have a global presence in over 30 countries. We are committed to providing the highest quality of service to our clients.

Bankers Trust Company

Bankers Trust Company is a leading financial institution in the world. We offer a wide variety of banking services, including international banking, trust administration, and investment services. Our assets are over 19 billion dollars, and we have a global presence in over 30 countries. We are committed to providing the highest quality of service to our clients.

Westinghouse and I.B.M. Profits Rise

Advance of 43% Registered

Westinghouse Electric reported yesterday a 43 percent increase in first-quarter profits, reflecting gains in recovery from its problems of several weeks.

Company	1st Quarter Earnings 1976	Percent Change From 1975
Control Data	\$10,100,000	+ 6.5
IBM	\$44,400,000	+ 24.5
Owens-Illinois	\$1,800,000	+ 236.2
PPG Industries	\$5,000,000	+ 253.5
Time Inc.	\$7,600,000	+ 32.5
Westinghouse	\$7,200,000	+ 43.0

Some improvement was almost entirely due to power transmission equipment, and a company earnings of \$1.4 billion compares with a 1975 first-quarter profit of \$33 million, or 33 cents a share on 11.3 billion.

PPG Industries Net Rose By 253.5% in 1st Quarter

PPG Industries Inc.'s profits rose 253.5 percent to \$5 million, or \$1.68 a share, the highest for any quarter in the history of the diversified manufacturer of glass, industrial and resin.

The general market, meanwhile, showed no clear trend and exhibited a rather subdued tone. Declines outnumbered advances by an 8-to-6 ratio on the New York Stock Exchange, while the Dow Jones industrial average edged up 2.99 points to 971.27.

First Quarter Is Ahead by 24.5%

The International Business Machines Corporation announced yesterday a 24.5 percent increase in profits for the first quarter.

The Control Data Corporation reported a decline of 8.5 percent in net income and, in another development in the computer industry, the Burroughs Corporation introduced four new models of its large-scale 7700 computer.

Time Inc., he diversified publishing and forest products company, achieved increases of 32.5 percent in earnings to \$10.6 million of \$1.06 a share and 15 percent in revenues to \$228.8 million in the opening quarter.

There were delayed openings in the trading of Signal and Gulf and Western stock on the New York Stock Exchange yesterday morning.

G. & W. AND SIGNAL SEEKING SHARES

A Joint Offer of \$20 Each Is Made for Signal Stock as Investment of Funds

By HERBERT KOSHEZ

Gulf and Western Industries, a conglomerate based in New York, and the Signal Companies of Beverly Hills, Calif., announced jointly yesterday that they would make a cash tender offer of \$20 a common share for a total of 6.4 million shares of Signal Companies common stock.

Mr. Shumway said Signal Companies was making no recommendation that any shareholder dispose of his stock.

Du Pont Reports Profit Is Continuing to Increase

By GENE SMITH

WILMINGTON, Del., April 12—First-quarter earnings of E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Company "will approximate \$2.80 per share on total sales of about \$2.1 billion," Irving S. Shapiro, chairman, told some 2,000 stockholders at the annual meeting here today.

Noting depressed year-earlier earnings of 39 cents a share on sales of almost \$1.6 billion, Mr. Shapiro suggested that more meaningful comparisons could be made with last year's final quarter, when the recovery was well under way.

KODAK TO UNVEIL INSTANT CAMERA

A Self-Developing Film and System Will Be Shown Here Next Tuesday

By VICTOR McLEHNEY

The Eastman Kodak Company announced yesterday that it planned to unveil a self-developing film and camera system at a news conference in New York City next Tuesday.

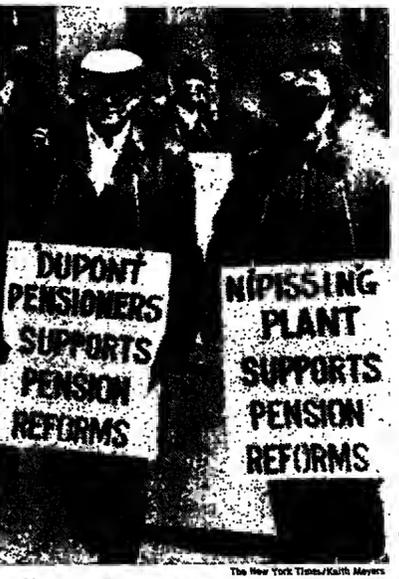
The announcement of plans for the exhibition, to be held in the grand ballroom of the Pierre Hotel one week before the Kodak annual shareholders' meeting in Flemington, N.J., ended months of speculation about Kodak's plans to show its long-planned entry into the instant-picture field.

The manufacturing of film and cameras for instant photography, with the photographic darkroom incorporated into the film itself, has been dominated by the Polaroid Corporation since it introduced a camera for making sepia prints in Boston in November 1948.

Kodak's annual sales of nearly \$5 billion are more than five times as large as Polaroid's. Both companies are primarily in the photographic field. But Kodak markets many types of chemicals and fibers.

Polaroid still sells polarizing plastic sheets, used in sunglasses and other products, from which it derived its corporate name.

In the announcement from corporate headquarters in Rochester yesterday, Kodak spokesmen gave no indication of making a bid for Polaroid.



Outside E. I. du Pont de Nemours annual meeting in Wilmington, Del., yesterday pickets urged pension reforms.

Du Pont Reports Profit Is Continuing to Increase

By GENE SMITH

WILMINGTON, Del., April 12—First-quarter earnings of E.I. du Pont de Nemours & Company "will approximate \$2.80 per share on total sales of about \$2.1 billion," Irving S. Shapiro, chairman, told some 2,000 stockholders at the annual meeting here today.

Noting depressed year-earlier earnings of 39 cents a share on sales of almost \$1.6 billion, Mr. Shapiro suggested that more meaningful comparisons could be made with last year's final quarter, when the recovery was well under way.

He reported that this year's record first-quarter sales were 7 percent higher than in the fourth quarter of 1975, reflecting an approximate 5 percent improvement in fiscal volume and a 2 percent increase in average selling prices.

Mr. Shapiro also noted that estimated first-quarter earnings were "about 2 percent below" fourth-quarter earnings of \$2.87 a share, which included recurring accounting adjustments of "some 16 cents a share."

Outside the du Pont building where the meeting was held, union pickets marched carrying signs asking for more liberal pension and retirement benefits.

Inside, the lengthy meeting in the Du Pont Building here, Mr. Shapiro pledged that "We continue to be committed to forego business rather than engage in practices in conflict with [company] policy."

The decision on Mr. Peck, who is 58 years old, was reached Saturday at a special meeting of the GEICO board in Washington. He has been president for two years.

Two weeks ago, at the company's annual meeting, Norman Giddens, chairman, announced that he would take early retirement at the end of March 1977 as part of an effort to overhaul management.

At last Saturday's meeting, Mr. Giddens was elected to the additional post of president and acting chief executive officer. Mr. Peck will continue with the company as a special consultant to the chairman.

Mr. Peck's departure from the GEICO management team is the latest in a series of actions being taken by the company to reorganize itself after



Inside, Irving S. Shapiro, the chairman, conducted the shareholders meeting.

Peck, GEICO President, Not Re-elected by Board

By REGINALD STUART

The management of the financially troubled Government Employees Insurance Company announced yesterday that company directors did not re-elect Ralph C. Peck as president and chief operating officer.

The decision on Mr. Peck, who is 58 years old, was reached Saturday at a special meeting of the GEICO board in Washington. He has been president for two years.

Two weeks ago, at the company's annual meeting, Norman Giddens, chairman, announced that he would take early retirement at the end of March 1977 as part of an effort to overhaul management.

At last Saturday's meeting, Mr. Giddens was elected to the additional post of president and acting chief executive officer. Mr. Peck will continue with the company as a special consultant to the chairman.

Koppers Tells the S.E.C. It Paid \$1.5 Million Abroad in 5 Years

Special to The New York Times

PITTSBURGH, April 12—The Koppers Company said today that it had paid approximately \$1.5 million to respond to demands by various individuals connected with certain of the company's foreign customers over the last five years.

The disclosure came in a report to the Securities and Exchange Commission in connection with a proposed merger between Koppers and the Thiem Corporation of Milwaukee.

More than half of the total foreign commissions were made in cash, Koppers said. It added that the payments "in no case exceeded normal or acceptable sales commissions for the products sold."

CREDIT MARKETS SHOW RATE DROP

Treasury Bills Fall by 12 Basis Points—Corporate Bonds Move Ahead

SOHIO PLANS OFFERING

Registration With the S.E.C. Will Be for \$250 Million of Debentures Due 2001

By JOHN H. ALLAN

Interest rates on short-term and intermediate-maturity securities declined yesterday as commercial banks, which have not uncovered a pickup in loan demand, sought to increase yields on their investments by purchasing securities with somewhat longer maturities.

Treasury bill rates dropped as much as 12 basic points, a substantial one-day move, and Treasury note prices climbed as much as 16/32-point, also a good-sized advance.

Much of the credit markets remained convinced that the Federal Reserve would not move to tighten credit until the Treasury's mid-May refinancing operations have been completed, and the conversation among traders was optimistic.

"Everyone has been waiting for the great spring turnaround in loan demand, and it hasn't developed so far," one Government securities dealer remarked.

The Federal Reserve purchased \$200 million in Treasury bills for one of the foreign or international accounts that it handles and it arranged a repurchase agreement for one of its customer accounts. Both actions helped the market's advance, for they could have been done directly by the Fed without involving the marketplace, dealers said.

Corporate Bonds Gain

In the corporate bond market, prices also continued to gain, extending a slow-paced advance that began on April 1.

The Sohio Pipe Line Company announced that it would register with the Securities and Exchange Commission \$250 million of guaranteed debentures due 2001 to help pay a portion of the company's 33.34 percent share of the cost of construction of the Trans Alaska Pipeline System.

Morgan Stanley & Company is expected to manage the debenture sale. A syndicate co-managed by Morgan Stanley and Robert G. Baird & Company announced that an offering of \$30 million of convertible debentures, due 2001, of Rexford Inc. would be made tomorrow instead of next week.

The Ohio Power Company filed a \$50 million issue of bonds to be sold at competitive bidding May 12.

In the tax-exempt securities market, underwriters readied their bids for today's heavy schedule of new issues—\$125 million of Oregon bonds, \$100 million of Washington State bonds, \$25 million of Ohio

Royal-Globe Insurance

Our business interruption coverage keeps the cash flowing.

140 William St. New York, N.Y. 10038

MAKERS INCREASE PRICES

Advance to 70c on Whole Plate Cathodes

Prices for certain cathodes were advanced yesterday by most manufacturers.

The companies, whose prices were raised by the same amount to 66 cents.

per pound increase of 66 cents in whole plate electrocathodes was announced following the

Dodge Corporation Mining Corporation, the Company, Anaconda Corporation, and the Company said subsidiary prices of refined

shares of ground brass Company

of refined shares of ground brass Company

of refined shares of ground brass Company

of refined shares of ground brass Company

of refined shares of ground brass Company

of refined shares of ground brass Company

of refined shares of ground brass Company

of refined shares of ground brass Company

Declines Outpace Gains As Dow Edges Up 2.99

By VARTANIG G. VARTAN

Sharp gains in the securities of Signal Companies and a substantial drop in the price of International Business Machines were yesterday's market features among actively traded issues.

The general market, meanwhile, showed no clear trend and exhibited a rather subdued tone. Declines outnumbered advances by an 8-to-6 ratio on the New York Stock Exchange, while the Dow Jones industrial average edged up 2.99 points to 971.27.

At noon, the Dow was ahead by more than 7 points, but it failed to sustain upward momentum after last week's bruising decline, and prices eased during the afternoon.

Slowest Session of Year. Trading volume ran only 18.03 million shares—the second slowest session of this year. On Jan. 2, the first trading day of 1976, turnover was 10.30 million shares.

Nationwide trading in all issues listed in the Big Board declined to 18.50 million shares from Friday's 19.05 million shares.

The common stock of Signal, whose products range from Mack trucks to aircraft engines and aerospace components, rose 3 1/2 points to 19 1/2 as the Big Board's most active issue.

Heretofore this year, the stock had been a lackluster performer, closing on Friday with a fraction of this year's low price.

What sent Signal's shares rocketing yesterday was the joint announcement by the company and Gulf and Western Industries of a plan to buy a total of 6.4 million shares of

Signal common at \$20 a share. Under terms of the proposal, Signal would buy the first shares tendered up to 2.5 million shares and Gulf and Western, an acquisition-oriented company, would buy the next 3.9 million shares tendered.

Gulf and Western, which would end up owning up to about 20 percent of Signal's common, characterized its purchase "solely as an investment." Signal said it was buying its own shares because they offered "the most attractive investment" for its excess funds.

Signal's two convertible preferred issues also rose sharply and joined the common stock as the Big Board's best percentage gainers.

I.B.M., which appears infre-

KODAK TO UNVEIL INSTANT CAMERA

A Self-Developing Film and System Will Be Shown Here Next Tuesday

By VICTOR McLEHNEY

The Eastman Kodak Company announced yesterday that it planned to unveil a self-developing film and camera system at a news conference in New York City next Tuesday.

The announcement of plans for the exhibition, to be held in the grand ballroom of the Pierre Hotel one week before the Kodak annual shareholders' meeting in Flemington, N.J., ended months of speculation about Kodak's plans to show its long-planned entry into the instant-picture field.

The manufacturing of film and cameras for instant photography, with the photographic darkroom incorporated into the film itself, has been dominated by the Polaroid Corporation since it introduced a camera for making sepia prints in Boston in November 1948.

Kodak's annual sales of nearly \$5 billion are more than five times as large as Polaroid's. Both companies are primarily in the photographic field. But Kodak markets many types of chemicals and fibers.

Polaroid still sells polarizing plastic sheets, used in sunglasses and other products, from which it derived its corporate name.

In the announcement from corporate headquarters in Rochester yesterday, Kodak spokesmen gave no indication of making a bid for Polaroid.

Colombian Coffee Prices Soar to a Record

By JUAN DE ONIS

BOGOTA, Colombia, April 12—On the big board that traces international coffee quotations at the Colombian National Coffee Growers Federation here, the price lines have literally gone through the ceiling.

Dozens of delegates to the federation's national congress, representing this country's 200,000 coffee growers, stared at the wall-high board as green, red and yellow graph lines, representing various grades of mild coffee, hit the top mark of \$120 a pound, with no room to go higher.

"We didn't plan on this. We need a new board," said one of the federation's economists, as the delegates speculated to excited conversations on how much higher coffee prices would go in the present boom.

Colombia, with an exportable production of 7.5 million bags this year, is one of the major beneficiaries of the coffee price rise, which is mainly a result of severe frost damage that decimated some of Brazil's major coffee-growing regions last year.

The export prices now for Colombian mild coffee beans

Cocoa Futures Up

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

Cocoa futures prices continued to rise yesterday on rumors of buying by the Soviet Union. The May delivery rose the 2-cents-a-pound daily limit to close at 76.20 cents a pound. Page 45.

of refined shares of ground brass Company

Stock Market Indicators

The tables for the most active trading, percentage changes, dealer leaders and the market diary continue to the consolidated page for all activity yesterday in the listed on the New York Stock Exchange and the American Stock Exchange. The market averages, however, are based on the 4 P.M. New York closing price.

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1976

N.Y.S.E. Index

Index	High	Low	Last	Chg.
Industrial	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
Transport	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Utilities	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Finance	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

S&P Averages

Index	High	Low	Last	Chg.
25 Industrials	113.90	113.80	113.80	-0.10
15 Railroads	113.90	113.80	113.80	-0.10
40 Utilities	113.90	113.80	113.80	-0.10
300 Stocks	113.90	113.80	113.80	-0.10

Consolidated Trading for N.Y.S.E. Issues

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Up-Down Volume

Index	High	Low	Last	Chg.
Industrial	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
Transport	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Utilities	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Finance	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

Amex Index

Index	High	Low	Last	Chg.
Industrial	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
Transport	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Utilities	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Finance	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

NASDAQ Index

Index	High	Low	Last	Chg.
Industrial	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
Transport	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Utilities	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Finance	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

Changes

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Odd Lot Trading

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

The Dow Jones Stock Averages

Index	High	Low	Last	Chg.
Industrial	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
Transport	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Utilities	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
Finance	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

Consolidated Trading Amex Issues

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Most Active

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Consolidated Trading Amex Issues Most Active

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

O.T.C. Most Active

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Volume by Exchanges

Exchange	Volume
NYSE	1000000
AMEX	500000
NASDAQ	200000

Market Diary

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Consolidated Trading Amex Issues Most Active

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

O.T.C. Market Diary

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Volume by Exchanges

Exchange	Volume
NYSE	1000000
AMEX	500000
NASDAQ	200000

Market Diary

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Consolidated Trading Amex Issues Most Active

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

O.T.C. Market Diary

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Volume by Exchanges

Exchange	Volume
NYSE	1000000
AMEX	500000
NASDAQ	200000

Market Diary

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Consolidated Trading Amex Issues Most Active

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

O.T.C. Market Diary

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Volume by Exchanges

Exchange	Volume
NYSE	1000000
AMEX	500000
NASDAQ	200000

Market Diary

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000

Consolidated Trading for N.Y.S.E. Issues

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1976

Symbol	Chg.	Vol.
1000	+	1000
2000	+	2000
3000	+	3000
4000	+	4000
5000	+	5000
6000	+	6000
7000	+	7000
8000	+	8000
9000	+	9000
10000	+	10000

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE INDEX

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE VOLUME

12-MONTH TREND WEEKLY CLOSE

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

1976 Stocks and Div. Sales

Symbol	High	Low	Last	Chg.
1000	132.45	132.32	132.32	-0.16
2000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
3000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
4000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10
5000	117.20	117.10	117.10	-0.10

Are you overlooking a source of future market strength?

For many months economic recovery and the stock market have appeared to be working in tandem. Now, we seem to have reached a critical juncture. Can the uptrend continue in spite of the widening disparity between stock and bond yields?

The answer hinges on some frequently overlooked positives which are yet to be felt, and which evolve logically as corporate earnings reach fuller potential. Our current Investment Strategy report analyzes the situation in detail. In addition, it suggests three promising stocks in an industry that appears poised for a turnaround.

We also discuss a significant change in corporate accounting which more knowledgeable investors will want to watch for in current and future annual reports. The subject matter of our April report is pivotal and timely; send the coupon now for your copy.

Kidder, Peabody & Co. INCORPORATED
 Founded 1845
 Members New York and American Stock Exchanges

NEW YORK: 10 Hanover Square • 532 Fifth Ave. • 460 Park Ave. WHITE PLAINS: White Plains Plaza • NEWARK: 11 Commerce St. Boston Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco Los Angeles Atlanta Dallas

Gentlemen: Please send me a copy of your latest Investment Strategy report.

Name _____
 Address _____
 City _____ State _____ Zip _____ Tel: _____

Market Place

Tax Impact on Option Spreads

By ROBERT METZ

Many investors to call options are persuaded by brokers to try spreads but are often not informed of the tax consequences.

A call gives the owner the right to buy 1

G Industries Inc. Lists a 253% Gain for Quarter Stocks on Amex and Counter Show Drops in Slow Trading

Continued From Page 47... early from its United States...

STALEY (A.E.I. MFG. CO.)... announced a substantial gain in first-quarter profits...

Therefore, the company noted, net earnings throughout the remainder of 1976 are unlikely to be as favorable as those in the current quarter...

People with substantial incomes and assets need informed, attentive help with their banking affairs...

For uncommon personal banking service, consider Morgan Guaranty

With an account at Morgan you're served by a professional who knows you personally and understands your special requirements...

If your banking needs are uncommon, and you keep upward of \$2,000 in your checking account, compare Morgan's services with those you're getting now...

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

Locke McLean heads the metropolitan banking group at Morgan Guaranty's 23 Wall Street office.

Member, FDIC

Contract Awards... Technologies Corporation received yesterday contracts totaling \$121.4 million...

Contract Awards... Lockheed Martin Corp. was awarded a \$46.8 million contract for development and acquisition of new early warning radar equipment...

Contract Awards... S.A., a French industrial gas company, said in order valued at about \$118 million for construction of an oxygen production center near Johannesburg...

Contract Awards... Carrier Corporation division of the Carrier Corporation announced a contract exceeding \$10 million to supply compressors for a naphtha-cracking plant to be built in Rumania...

STALEY (A.E.I. MFG. CO.)... announced a substantial gain in first-quarter profits...

Therefore, the company noted, net earnings throughout the remainder of 1976 are unlikely to be as favorable as those in the current quarter...

People with substantial incomes and assets need informed, attentive help with their banking affairs...

For uncommon personal banking service, consider Morgan Guaranty

With an account at Morgan you're served by a professional who knows you personally and understands your special requirements...

If your banking needs are uncommon, and you keep upward of \$2,000 in your checking account, compare Morgan's services with those you're getting now...

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

Locke McLean heads the metropolitan banking group at Morgan Guaranty's 23 Wall Street office.

Member, FDIC

Contract Awards... Technologies Corporation received yesterday contracts totaling \$121.4 million...

Contract Awards... Lockheed Martin Corp. was awarded a \$46.8 million contract for development and acquisition of new early warning radar equipment...

Contract Awards... S.A., a French industrial gas company, said in order valued at about \$118 million for construction of an oxygen production center near Johannesburg...

Contract Awards... Carrier Corporation division of the Carrier Corporation announced a contract exceeding \$10 million to supply compressors for a naphtha-cracking plant to be built in Rumania...

Contract Awards... Lockheed Martin Corp. was awarded a \$46.8 million contract for development and acquisition of new early warning radar equipment...

STALEY (A.E.I. MFG. CO.)... announced a substantial gain in first-quarter profits...

Therefore, the company noted, net earnings throughout the remainder of 1976 are unlikely to be as favorable as those in the current quarter...

People with substantial incomes and assets need informed, attentive help with their banking affairs...

For uncommon personal banking service, consider Morgan Guaranty

With an account at Morgan you're served by a professional who knows you personally and understands your special requirements...

If your banking needs are uncommon, and you keep upward of \$2,000 in your checking account, compare Morgan's services with those you're getting now...

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

Locke McLean heads the metropolitan banking group at Morgan Guaranty's 23 Wall Street office.

Member, FDIC

Contract Awards... Technologies Corporation received yesterday contracts totaling \$121.4 million...

Contract Awards... Lockheed Martin Corp. was awarded a \$46.8 million contract for development and acquisition of new early warning radar equipment...

Contract Awards... S.A., a French industrial gas company, said in order valued at about \$118 million for construction of an oxygen production center near Johannesburg...

Contract Awards... Carrier Corporation division of the Carrier Corporation announced a contract exceeding \$10 million to supply compressors for a naphtha-cracking plant to be built in Rumania...

Contract Awards... Lockheed Martin Corp. was awarded a \$46.8 million contract for development and acquisition of new early warning radar equipment...

STALEY (A.E.I. MFG. CO.)... announced a substantial gain in first-quarter profits...

Therefore, the company noted, net earnings throughout the remainder of 1976 are unlikely to be as favorable as those in the current quarter...

People with substantial incomes and assets need informed, attentive help with their banking affairs...

For uncommon personal banking service, consider Morgan Guaranty

With an account at Morgan you're served by a professional who knows you personally and understands your special requirements...

If your banking needs are uncommon, and you keep upward of \$2,000 in your checking account, compare Morgan's services with those you're getting now...

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

Locke McLean heads the metropolitan banking group at Morgan Guaranty's 23 Wall Street office.

Member, FDIC

Contract Awards... Technologies Corporation received yesterday contracts totaling \$121.4 million...

Contract Awards... Lockheed Martin Corp. was awarded a \$46.8 million contract for development and acquisition of new early warning radar equipment...

Contract Awards... S.A., a French industrial gas company, said in order valued at about \$118 million for construction of an oxygen production center near Johannesburg...

Contract Awards... Carrier Corporation division of the Carrier Corporation announced a contract exceeding \$10 million to supply compressors for a naphtha-cracking plant to be built in Rumania...

Contract Awards... Lockheed Martin Corp. was awarded a \$46.8 million contract for development and acquisition of new early warning radar equipment...

STALEY (A.E.I. MFG. CO.)... announced a substantial gain in first-quarter profits...

Therefore, the company noted, net earnings throughout the remainder of 1976 are unlikely to be as favorable as those in the current quarter...

People with substantial incomes and assets need informed, attentive help with their banking affairs...

For uncommon personal banking service, consider Morgan Guaranty

With an account at Morgan you're served by a professional who knows you personally and understands your special requirements...

If your banking needs are uncommon, and you keep upward of \$2,000 in your checking account, compare Morgan's services with those you're getting now...

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

Locke McLean heads the metropolitan banking group at Morgan Guaranty's 23 Wall Street office.

Member, FDIC

Contract Awards... Technologies Corporation received yesterday contracts totaling \$121.4 million...

Contract Awards... Lockheed Martin Corp. was awarded a \$46.8 million contract for development and acquisition of new early warning radar equipment...

Contract Awards... S.A., a French industrial gas company, said in order valued at about \$118 million for construction of an oxygen production center near Johannesburg...

Contract Awards... Carrier Corporation division of the Carrier Corporation announced a contract exceeding \$10 million to supply compressors for a naphtha-cracking plant to be built in Rumania...

Contract Awards... Lockheed Martin Corp. was awarded a \$46.8 million contract for development and acquisition of new early warning radar equipment...

Indicators... Consolidated... Changes... Volume by Exchanges... N.Y.S.E. listing for N.Y.S.E.

Table of stock prices and financial data for various companies including GOLDSLATT BROTHERS, PFI FASHION INDUSTRIES, STALEY (A.E.I. MFG. CO.), etc.

Table of stock prices and financial data for various companies including STALEY (A.E.I. MFG. CO.), TEXAS AMERICAN BANKSHARES, TEXAS COMMERCE BANKSHARES, etc.

Table of stock prices and financial data for various companies including WESTINGHOUSE ELECTRIC CORP., ZODCON CORP., SOUTHERN INDUSTRIES, etc.

Table of stock prices and financial data for various companies including KEystone FOODS, KID'S DEPARTMENT STORES, KID'S BICK STORES, etc.

Table of stock prices and financial data for various companies including KEystone FOODS, KID'S DEPARTMENT STORES, KID'S BICK STORES, etc.



Locke McLean heads the metropolitan banking group at Morgan Guaranty's 23 Wall Street office.

Member, FDIC

New York Stock Exchange Bond Trading

MONDAY, APRIL 12, 1976

Table with columns: U.S. Govt. Bonds, Other Bonds, Foreign Bonds, Total All Bonds. Includes sub-sections for Bond Issues Traded and Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg.

Table with columns: Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg. for various bond issues.

Table with columns: Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg. for various bond issues.

Table with columns: Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg. for various bond issues.

Table with columns: Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg. for various bond issues.

Table with columns: Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg. for various bond issues.

Table with columns: Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg. for various bond issues.

Table with columns: Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg. for various bond issues.

Table with columns: Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg. for various bond issues.

Table with columns: Current Sales in High/Low/Last/Chg. for various bond issues.

COPPER MAKERS INCREASE PRICES

Continued From Page 47

ny announced that it was increasing the price of its brass mill products by four cents per pound of copper content to 70 cents from 66 cents...

Highs and Lows

Monday, April 12, 1976

Table with columns: NEW HIGHS-UP, NEW LOWS-DOWN, and various stock symbols and prices.

Shearson Hayden R Quarter Net Ros

Shearson Hayden R diversified investment (today reported first-quarter income of \$4.4 million...

Goodyear Rebuffed in Court

WASHINGTON, April 12—The United States Court of Customs and Patent Appeals prohibited today continued use by Goodyear Tire and Rubber Company of the name "Powersteel" for a line of tires it has marketed since 1971...

Other U.S. and Foreign Stock Exchanges

Monday, April 12, 1976

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

Table with columns: MIDWEST, PACIFIC, and various stock symbols and prices.

CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

Recently, several factors have dictated the need for Construction Management services. The Owner/Architect/Construction Manager team approach provides cost-saving recommendations during the planning and design stage...

W.J. BARNEY CORP.

360 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10017. Phone: (212) 972-7020. Building Construction since 1917.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of The General Tire & Rubber Company 1 1/2% Subordinated Debentures due April 1, 1981...

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of The General Tire & Rubber Company 1 1/2% Subordinated Debentures due April 1, 1981...

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of The General Tire & Rubber Company 1 1/2% Subordinated Debentures due April 1, 1981...

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of The General Tire & Rubber Company 1 1/2% Subordinated Debentures due April 1, 1981...

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of The General Tire & Rubber Company 1 1/2% Subordinated Debentures due April 1, 1981...

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of The General Tire & Rubber Company 1 1/2% Subordinated Debentures due April 1, 1981...

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of The General Tire & Rubber Company 1 1/2% Subordinated Debentures due April 1, 1981...

MINNESOTA GAS COMPANY

723 Marquette Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55402. Common Stock Dividend. The Board of Directors of Minnesota Gas Company...

NOTICE OF MATURITY

CONSOLIDATED NATURAL GAS COMPANY. To the Holders of Consolidated Natural Gas Company 3 1/2% Debentures due October 1, 1976...

NOTICE OF MATURITY

CONSOLIDATED NATURAL GAS COMPANY. To the Holders of Consolidated Natural Gas Company 3 1/2% Debentures due October 1, 1976...

American Exchange Bond Trading

Table with columns: American Exchange Bond Trading, including various bond symbols and prices.

FOREIGN BONDS

Table with columns: FOREIGN BONDS, including various international bond symbols and prices.

London

Table with columns: LONDON, including various London stock symbols and prices.

TOKYO

Table with columns: TOKYO, including various Tokyo stock symbols and prices.

FRANKFURT

Table with columns: FRANKFURT, including various Frankfurt stock symbols and prices.

PARIS

Table with columns: PARIS, including various Paris stock symbols and prices.

AMSTERDAM

Table with columns: AMSTERDAM, including various Amsterdam stock symbols and prices.

JOHANNESBURG

Table with columns: JOHANNESBURG, including various Johannesburg stock symbols and prices.

BRUSSELS

Table with columns: BRUSSELS, including various Brussels stock symbols and prices.

BUENOS AIRES

Table with columns: BUENOS AIRES, including various Buenos Aires stock symbols and prices.

MILAN

Table with columns: MILAN, including various Milan stock symbols and prices.

ZURICH

Table with columns: ZURICH, including various Zurich stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

MONTE

Table with columns: MONTE, including various Monte stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

STOCK

Table with columns: STOCK, including various stock symbols and prices.

FOREIGN STOCK

Table with columns: FOREIGN STOCK, including various foreign stock symbols and prices.

<

Highs and Lows
Monday, April 12, 1976

American Stock Exchange Transactions: Consolidated Summary of Yesterday's Trading

Foreign Stocks
Monday, April 12, 1976

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
Am. Int'l. Corp.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4

Monday, April 12, 1976

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
Am. Int'l. Corp.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4

Monday, April 12, 1976

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
Am. Int'l. Corp.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4

Monday, April 12, 1976

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
Am. Int'l. Corp.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4

Monday, April 12, 1976

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
Am. Int'l. Corp.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4

Monday, April 12, 1976

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
Am. Int'l. Corp.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4

Monday, April 12, 1976

Stock	High	Low	Open	Close	Change
Am. Int'l. Corp.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10 1/4	10 1/4	10 1/2	+1/4

American Exchange Options

Monday, April 12, 1976

Option	Price	Vol.	Last	Change
Am. Int'l. Corp.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4

Chicago Board Options Exchange

Monday, April 12, 1976

Option	Price	Vol.	Last	Change
Am. Int'l. Corp.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Int'l. Sec.	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4
Am. Overseas	10 1/2	10	10 1/4	+1/4

United States notes, rates of dividends in the foreign...
 * Not traded. * No option interest.
 † Total volume 2,354. † Net interest 89.24.
 ‡ Net volume 2,354. ‡ Net interest 89.24.
 § Last is premium (purchase price).

People and Business

Greenspan Sees Economic Calm

For two months, Alan Greenspan, chairman of the President's Council of Economic Advisers, has not had "a really major concern" about the domestic economic outlook.

Speaking at a luncheon of the Ninth Annual Institutional Investor Conference at the New York Hilton here, Mr. Greenspan said, "This is one of those very rare times in the business cycle"—usually about half way through the recovery—when there is enough evidence to confirm the momentum of the cycle and not enough to indicate an imbalance that could soon end the recovery.

The economist does not expect such tranquility to persist for the next 4 or 5 months. That would be "quite unlikely and unprecedented," he said.

The Girl Scout Council of Greater New York Inc. conferred its first awards on members of the business community last night at a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Mary Wells Lawrence, chairman of Wells, Rich, Greene Inc., the advertising agency she founded, received a "woman achiever award."

David J. Mahoney, chairman of Norton Simon Inc., the diversified consumer products company, was given a "corporate leadership award."

A special tribute was given to Gustave L. Levy, for his "tremendous effort" in acting as chairman of the Girl Scouts' first corporate dinner.

Mr. Levy, managing partner of Goldman, Sachs & Company, and a widely known Republican fund-raiser, is a director of Norton Simon and of Braniff International, the airline whose chairman, Harding L. Lawrence, is the husband of Mrs. Lawrence.

The top executives of two major carriers yesterday told a Senate Aviation subcommittee that there was nothing substantially wrong with the Airline Industry or the form of regulation that is applied by the Civil Aeronautics Board.

Robert F. Six, chairman of Continental Air Lines Inc., noted that the "radical surgery" of deregulation will not lead to a more competitive situation.

He said it was more likely to result in a period of initial layoffs and ultimately in a situation in which "most of our air transportation system will be in the control of a few industry giants."

Albert V. Casey, chairman of American Airlines, informed the subcommittee that the real problem of the airline industry had been "an inability to stay abreast of rapidly escalating costs."

Mr. Casey pointed out that while American Airlines earned \$20 million in 1974 the company had a loss of \$20 million in 1975 when costs increased 8.2 percent and revenues rose only 4.2 percent.

Both executives were testifying in response to Administration and C.A.B. requests for legislation to reduce the agency's regulatory powers.

Both men also denied the basic premise for deregulation—that airline fares are too high. They also argued that the industry was highly competitive and that there was no need to legislate rules to induce easier market entry to increase competition.

Dr. James G. Affleck, chairman and president of the American Cyanamid Company, believes there is no question that "we will again face oil shortages in the foreseeable future."

In a speech before a meeting of the American Institute of Chemical Engineers in Kansas City, Mo., he warned that at present "lawmakers setting controls on the oil industry are supplying short-range relief in exchange for long-range grief."



Mary Wells Lawrence, Recipient of a Girl Scout Council award.

Dr. Affleck said there was every indication that government restrictions were discouraging the search for new sources of energy.

KOPPERS REPORTS PAYMENTS ABROAD

Continued From Page 47

cant enough to require a report to the S.E.C.

Yesterday, however, he said that pressures from the S.E.C.'s corporate finance division to release the information made it advisable to file the report.

"The difficulty is that, in order to get the registration statements released, the corporate finance people of the S.E.C. said we had to amend the registration," he said. "It was done strictly because of that. My position hasn't changed since the day of the annual meeting."

Koppers is a diversified company involved in chemicals, engineering, building products, wood products and construction. It had its first \$1 billion sales year in 1975.

Treasury Bill Yields Off in 3 and 6 Months

WASHINGTON, April 12—Yields declined on Treasury bills auctioned today to both the 91-day and 180-day maturities.

The average rate for the three-month bill was 4.830 percent, down from 4.957 percent for the preceding week. The average rate for the six-month bill was 5.068 percent, down from 5.293 percent from the previous week.

Table with columns: Treasury bills, 3 months, 6 months, 9 months, 1 year, 180 days, 270 days, 360 days. Includes average price, discount rate, coupon yield, low price, discount rate, coupon yield, bid price, discount rate, coupon yield, accepted, N.Y. covered for, N.Y. uncovered.

NORTHROP REPAYS U.S. FOR CLAIMS

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7

Agency suggested that Northrop had billed the Government for millions of dollars of questionable costs involving payments to foreign consultants, lobbying entertainment and related expenses.

The \$2.3 million reflects a series of adjustments and repayments for the benefit of the Federal Government and was provided for in the 1975 financial statements. The sum includes \$583,000 previously repaid, which concerns fees Northrop paid to a one-time consultant, William Savy, Mr. Savy had returned substantial sums to Northrop for use in illegal political contributions.

The I.R.S. chief counsel's review in Washington is reviewing the company's possible tax deficiencies and whether the company and its officials should be charged with fraud.

Business Records

BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK, April 12, 1976. Chapter XI Petition for reorganization filed by...

Advertisement for BARRON'S magazine, featuring the headline "bread isn't loaf" and "BARRON'S".

Advertisement for THE NEW YORK HILTON, featuring the headline "Put a little dash into your next dash to New York." and details about the hotel's location and services.

Advertisement for ARAB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT, THE GENERAL ORGANIZATION FOR GREATER CAIRO WATER SUPPLY, and FOSTAT WATER WORKS, including details about water supply projects and tenders.



Advertisement for JAL JAPAN AIR LINES, featuring the headline "We never forget how important you are" and details about flight routes, services, and contact information.

Advertisement for HUGHBY'S DIVISION, featuring a large image of a car wheel and text about automotive products.

Handwritten Arabic text: "مكاتبنا في القاهرة"

Over-the-Counter Quotations

Quotations supplied through NASDAQ as of 4:00 P.M. Quotes do not include retail markup, markdown or commissions. Volume represents shares that changed ownership during the day. Figures include only transactions effected by NASDAQ market-makers but may include some duplication where market-makers traded with each other.

Table of Over-the-Counter Quotations for various stocks, including columns for Bid, Asked, and Volume.

Table of Foreign Securities, including columns for Bid, Asked, and Volume for international stocks.

CVG advertisement with logo and contact information for a career-related service.

SALES REPRESENTATIVE advertisement for a company seeking qualified individuals.

TRIAL PRODUCT ENGINEER advertisement for a technical position.

1763 TIMES advertisement for a publication or service.

CAREER REPLACEMENT advertisement for a recruitment agency.

AUTHORITY BONDS

Table of Authority Bonds with columns for Bid, Asked, and other financial details.

United States Government and Agency Bonds

Table of United States Government and Agency Bonds, including Treasury and Agency issues.

MUTUAL FUNDS

Table of Mutual Funds, listing various investment vehicles and their performance metrics.

Supplementary O-T-C

Table of Supplementary O-T-C (Over-the-Counter) securities and their prices.

مكاتبنا للتحويل

Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, including 'MILLERS' and '60 EAST END AVE'.

Real estate listings in the first column, including 'THE CENTURY' advertisement and various apartment listings.

Real estate listings in the second column, including 'CONCORD VILLAGE' and 'SEA RISE' advertisements.

Real estate listings in the third column, including 'UNIQUE' and 'WAVE CREST GARDENS' advertisements.

Real estate listings in the fourth column, including 'Lefrak City' and 'SILVERTOWN' advertisements.

Real estate listings in the fifth column, including 'HOTEL GEORGE WASHINGTON' and 'HOTEL LATHAM' advertisements.

Real estate listings in the sixth column, including 'HOTEL MASSU' and 'HOTEL DIXIE' advertisements.

Real estate listings in the seventh column, including 'HOTEL HENRY HUDSON' and 'HOTEL EMPIRE' advertisements.

Real estate listings in the eighth column, including 'HOTEL HENRY HUDSON' and 'HOTEL EMPIRE' advertisements.

Real estate listings in the ninth column, including 'HOTEL HENRY HUDSON' and 'HOTEL EMPIRE' advertisements.

Real estate listings in the tenth column, including 'HOTEL HENRY HUDSON' and 'HOTEL EMPIRE' advertisements.

Large advertisement for accountants and secretaries: '428 jobs for accountants 254 jobs for programmers 702 jobs for secretaries'.

Large advertisement for 'The New York Times' job advertising: 'The New York Times No. 1 in New York in job advertising'.

Two Guards Slain in 42d Street Holdup

Continued From Page 1, Col. 1

door, apparently without any money. A theater guard said a tray in the manager's office, being prepared for the day's ticket takers and the day's first show at 9 A.M., had been left with "nickels and dimes" on it.

The New Amsterdam was the home of Florenz Ziegfeld's Follies, "glorifying the American girl" from 1913 to 1927. A moving-picture theater since 1937, its marquee and entrance lobby yesterday were proclaiming a twin bill on armed robberies.

Both films' crimes involved robbers who also used ski masks — "Velvet Smooth," a first run with Johnnie Hill and Emerson Boozer, the New York Jets football running back in his movie debut, and "The Getaway," a 1972 film with Steve McQueen and Ali MacGraw.

Just last Tuesday, three men — two in ski masks and a third, masked by a red bandanna — ambushed two Wells Fargo guards as they delivered money to a Citibank branch in the Daily News Building, 220 East 42d Street, and made off with \$831,000. The police said the descriptions of the suspects in the first holdup differed from those in yesterday's.

The New Amsterdam's last show had gone off at about 3 A.M. and night porters were still at work when the invaders entered through the usually locked back door. They forced their way in with a cleaner, according to Inspector Duffy.

Then they kept corraling captives—the manager, Jack Reby, who got into a shootout in 1960 to foil a holdup at the Anco Theater, 254 West 42d Street; ticket takers, visitors. Two night porters from the Harris Theater, at 228 West 42d Street, were among those seized at 7 A.M.

One porter, who gave his name as F. Smith, said he was entering from 42d Street when a shadow out of the dark said to be cool, "they weren't going to hurt me, just wanting me to go downstairs." The other who said he was O. Martinez, was seized in the lobby as he looked for Mr. Smith. William Duggan, supervisor of the Cinema Circuit Theater Corporation, said he reported for work at 7:15 A.M. and walked into a sawed-off shotgun. The robbers also had two pistols.

Captives Reassured

Mr. Duggan said he had been taken to the manager's office, where he and Mr. Reby had both the guards they were unable to open a large safe because Purulotor guards alone had the combination.

They and the other captives were taken into the downstairs lounge, and their hands were tied in front of them, with clothesline the robbers appeared to have brought along.

"They told us not to worry," Mr. Duggan said. "They wouldn't take our watches, and they wouldn't take our money. They were waiting for the armored car."

Richard Montgomery, a guard

for the theater for seven years, arrived at 7:40 A.M. from the 42d Street entrance. "One guy said, 'Freeze,' and another guy stepped out and put a gun at my head," he said.

"Who's this?" he said one robber asked another, "is this the armed, security, guard?" the other replied, "I frisked me, ripped my coat open and took my gun, a Smith and Wesson .38 Police Special," Mr. Montgomery said.

He said the robbers had told the captives they were only "out to get the truck."

In the lounge, he said, the robbers were courteous. "If you wanted to smoke, they said that was all right," he said. They asked if the ropes were too tight, and counseled, "Just relax."

Then the bound captives heard shots up on the main level—four or five. Somebody said, "Sit still, don't be a hero." The last robber guarding them had left, and Mr. Duggan, with his hands still bound, managed to reach into a pocket for two nickels.

He made his way to a nearby telephone, dialed the police emergency number, 911, and warned that a holdup was in progress at the New Amsterdam.

The Purulotor truck had arrived at about 8:15 A.M. on a regular visit to pick up receipts. One of the crew who had driven in from Beyside, Queens, John Harvey, 33, remained with the armored car. He later told the police he had seen nothing of what had happened inside.

The two guards who were in had been a team for years. Mr. Clarke had joined the Armored Carrier Corporation in



Police officers helping Emilio Monte, one of the hostages, who suffered an apparent heart attack during attempted robbery of the Amsterdam Theater on West 42d Street.

1937 and Mr. Cotter in 1953. The concern was acquired by Purulotor Inc., which has had an armored-car subsidiary since 1969.

The bandits may have been waiting inside the theater, which has a screen on the west end. The guards started for the manager's office down the long lobby with tall mirrors on the west wall and elevators on the east side leading to the fourth-floor offices of 18 companies, mostly apparently the interests of Merk I. Finkelstein, owner of the building.

Guard Falls Wounded

Deputy Police Commissioner Francis J. McLoughlin, in charge of public information, said one guard had fallen wounded just outside the metal doors of the auditorium.

The other was shot near the outside glass door of the entrance lobby and appeared to be trying to shoot back—a black smear on the tile floor suggested his bullet hit the floor and ricocheted into the rear wall, which had a similar mark.

Which guard was where was not immediately known. Mr. Clarke was shot in the chest, Mr. Cotter in the back. The police said both were bachelors. Mr. Cotter lived at 3052 Kingsbridge Avenue and Mr. Clarke at 2882 Heath Avenue, both in the West Bronx.

The New Amsterdam was built as a musical show theater, opening Nov. 2, 1903 with "A Midsummer Night's Dream." Klav end Erlanger built the place as their premier house, according to Mary C. Henderson's history, "The City and The Theater." A surviving Playbill for the 1924 Follies shows Will Rogers and Ann Pennington as stars. Mr. Ziegfeld moved to his own theater in 1927; he died in 1932.

The building has a roof theater that used to seat 700 and

was used by Mr. Ziegfeld for his "Midnight Frolics" for years. Later it became a rehearsal hall. The Real Estate Directory of Manhattan lists the ownership as Andour Enterprises Inc., with Mr. Finkelstein as principal, in a purchase Oct. 3, 1961 of the eight-story office building on E. 25th by 197-foot lot.

Mr. Finkelstein is also listed as the principal owner of four other buildings in the block at 210-12, 226, 230-2 and 234-55 West 42d Street. He was unavailable yesterday for comment.

Four executives of a New York record company, convicted of a conspiracy and fraud charges, were sentenced today by a Federal judge who said that the record industry appeared to be a "dirty business."

Nat Tarnopol, 45 years old of Purchase, N.Y., president of the Brunswick Record Corp., was sentenced to three years in jail and fined \$10,000 for his part in a conspiracy to sell records for cash and not report the income.

Peter Garris, 51, of Bayside, Queens, vice president Irving Wiegman, 65, of Valley Stream, L.I., secretary, and Lee Shep, 44, of Murray Hill, N.Y., production manager, were sentenced to two years in jail and fined \$10,000 each.

Judge Comments

Federal District Judge Frederick Lacey said attorneys had argued during the seven-week trial that cash payments were a way of life in the record industry and part of the promotion end of the business.

"If this is true, then the record industry is a dirty business indeed," said Judge Lacey.

The trial was the result of a two-year nationwide investigation of the record industry, Payola, outlawed by the Federal Government in the 1950's, is the practice of record companies giving cash to radio disk jockeys to promote certain records.

During the trial, the Government produced 24 witnesses, including three disk jockeys, and introduced 1,700 documents supporting its case. The defendants made \$350,000 from under-the-table sale of records.

The Government also said the defendants paid money to disk jockeys across the country and defrauded recording artists and song writers of royalties.

"I am in the deepest disgrace of my life. The last three

Four Record Company Executives Given Prison Terms for Payola

NEWARK, April 12 (UPI)—years of my life have been the worst you can imagine because of the fact that I was convicted of a conspiracy and fraud charges, and sentenced today by a Federal judge who said that the record industry appeared to be a "dirty business."

Nat Tarnopol, 45 years old of Purchase, N.Y., president of the Brunswick Record Corp., was sentenced to three years in jail and fined \$10,000 for his part in a conspiracy to sell records for cash and not report the income.

Peter Garris, 51, of Bayside, Queens, vice president Irving Wiegman, 65, of Valley Stream, L.I., secretary, and Lee Shep, 44, of Murray Hill, N.Y., production manager, were sentenced to two years in jail and fined \$10,000 each.

Judge Comments

Federal District Judge Frederick Lacey said attorneys had argued during the seven-week trial that cash payments were a way of life in the record industry and part of the promotion end of the business.

"If this is true, then the record industry is a dirty business indeed," said Judge Lacey.

The trial was the result of a two-year nationwide investigation of the record industry, Payola, outlawed by the Federal Government in the 1950's, is the practice of record companies giving cash to radio disk jockeys to promote certain records.

During the trial, the Government produced 24 witnesses, including three disk jockeys, and introduced 1,700 documents supporting its case. The defendants made \$350,000 from under-the-table sale of records.

The Government also said the defendants paid money to disk jockeys across the country and defrauded recording artists and song writers of royalties.

"I am in the deepest disgrace of my life. The last three

THE ADAMS CHRONICLES
Chapter Thirteen (1886-1893)

Serial
The Phantom
Rebel

Simon McPhee, Lance
Elizabeth Chubbuck

Weather Reports and Forecast

Summary

Clear skies and mild or warmer temperatures are expected today across most of the country east of the Mississippi River. Showers and thunderstorms will develop from the western Gulf Coast into the Central and Southern Plains States. It will be sunny in the Northern Plains States, northern and southern Rockies and the Southwest. Showers will be scattered from the central Rockies across the northern and central plateau region to the Pacific Coast; it will be mild in the Plains States and northern Rockies, and unseasonably cool or cold elsewhere.

Except for clouds over extreme northern New England and portions of the Gulf States, skies were clear yesterday across the eastern half of the country. It was unseasonably cold in the Northeast and lake region, and quite cool elsewhere in the eastern third of the country. Thunderstorms, accompanied by marble-sized hail, swept through Oklahoma, northern and central Texas and New Mexico. Dense fog and low clouds prevailed early in the day along the western portions of the Plains States; it was sunny in the Northern and Central Plains States. Clouds prevailed from the Rockies to the Pacific Coast as rain spread inland from the Pacific Northwest into the northern and central plateau region; some snowfalls were recorded to the mountains of the Far West.

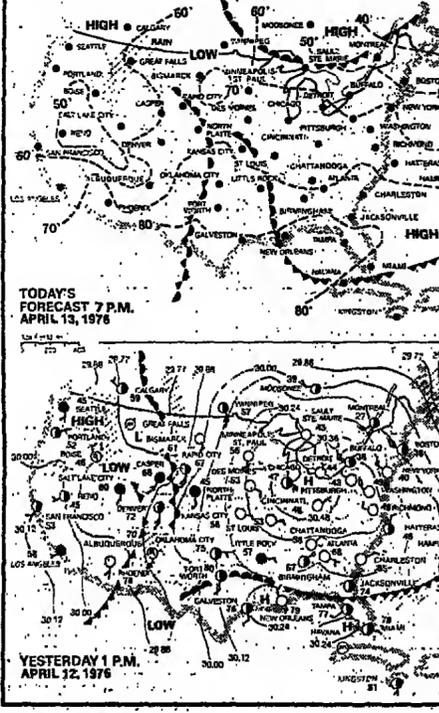


Figure beside Station Circle is temperature. Cold front a boundary between cold air and warmer air, under which the colder air pushes the warmer air aside. Warm front a boundary between warm air and a retreating wedge of colder air over which the warmer air is forced as it advances, usually north and east. Occluded front a line along which warm air is lifted by opposing wedges of cold air, often causing precipitation. Shaded areas indicate precipitation. Dashed lines show forecast attention maximum temperatures. Solid lines with blacked-out equal barometric pressure in inches, forming an arrow pattern. Winds are counter-clockwise toward the center of low-pressure systems, clockwise outward from high-pressure areas. Pressure systems usually move east.

Clouds: C, clear; O, overcast; S, scattered; B, broken; TS, thunderstorm; SH, shower; R, rain; SN, snow; FG, fog; BR, mist; HZ, haze; DU, dust; SA, sand; AS, ash; VC, volcanic ash; GR, graupel; PL, sleet; IC, ice crystal; CR, ice crystal; SN, snow; GR, graupel; PL, sleet; IC, ice crystal; CR, ice crystal.

Forecast

National Weather Service 14 of 11 P.M.

NEW YORK CITY—Sunny today, high in the mid-50's, winds westerly 10 to 15 miles per hour, becoming in the afternoon to 15 to 20 miles per hour. Tonight, low in the low 40's, high in the mid-50's, fair and partly sunny. Precipitation probability near zero through tonight.

ROCKLAND AND WESTCHESTER COUNTIES—Sunny today in the low to mid-50's, fair tonight, low in the upper 30's to mid-40's, partly sunny and mild tomorrow.

LONG ISLAND AND LONG ISLAND SOUND—Sunny today, high in the mid-50's, winds westerly 10 to 15 miles per hour, becoming in the afternoon to 15 to 20 miles per hour. Tonight, low in the low 40's, high in the mid-50's, fair and partly sunny. Precipitation probability near zero through tonight.

Temperature Data

(19-hour period ended 7 P.M.)

Lowest, 25 at 5:25 A.M.

Highest, 43 at 2:30 P.M.

Mean, 34.

Normal on this date, 51.

Departure from normal, -17.

Departure this month, +119.

Lowest this date last year, 26.

Highest this date last year, 51.

Average this date last year, 42.

Lowest temperature this date, 43 in 1947.

Lowest mean this date, 30 in 1918.

Highest mean this date, 48 in 1947.

Degree day yesterday, 31.

Normal this date, 1,428.

Total last season to this date, 4,391.

24-hour period ended 7 P.M.

Normal on this date, 51.

Departure from normal, -17.

Departure this month, +119.

Lowest this date last year, 26.

Highest this date last year, 51.

Average this date last year, 42.

Lowest temperature this date, 43 in 1947.

Lowest mean this date, 30 in 1918.

Highest mean this date, 48 in 1947.

Degree day yesterday, 31.

Normal this date, 1,428.

Total last season to this date, 4,391.

Precipitation Data

(24-hour period ended 7 P.M.)

Normal this month, 3.38.

Normal this season, 8.95 to 8.27 in 1974.

Least amount this month, 0.82 in 1974.

Most amount this month, 12.27 in 1974.

Extended Forecast

(Thursday through Saturday)

METROPLANET NEW YORK CITY AND NORTH JERSEY—Partly cloudy Thursday; mostly sunny Friday; partly cloudy Saturday. Highs in the 50's, lows in the 40's to low 50's. Fair and warmer tomorrow.

WESTCHESTER COUNTIES—Sunny today in the low to mid-50's, fair tonight, low in the upper 30's to mid-40's, partly sunny and mild tomorrow.

LONG ISLAND AND LONG ISLAND SOUND—Sunny today, high in the mid-50's, winds westerly 10 to 15 miles per hour, becoming in the afternoon to 15 to 20 miles per hour. Tonight, low in the low 40's, high in the mid-50's, fair and partly sunny. Precipitation probability near zero through tonight.

Yesterday's Records

Eastern Standard Time

Time	Temp.	Humid.	Wind	Bar.
1 P.M.	32	52	W 12	30.24
2 P.M.	35	50	W 12	30.24
3 P.M.	38	48	W 12	30.24
4 P.M.	41	46	W 12	30.24
5 P.M.	44	44	W 12	30.24
6 P.M.	47	42	W 12	30.24
7 P.M.	49	40	W 12	30.24
8 P.M.	51	38	W 12	30.24
9 P.M.	53	36	W 12	30.24
10 P.M.	55	34	W 12	30.24
11 P.M.	57	32	W 12	30.24

Planets

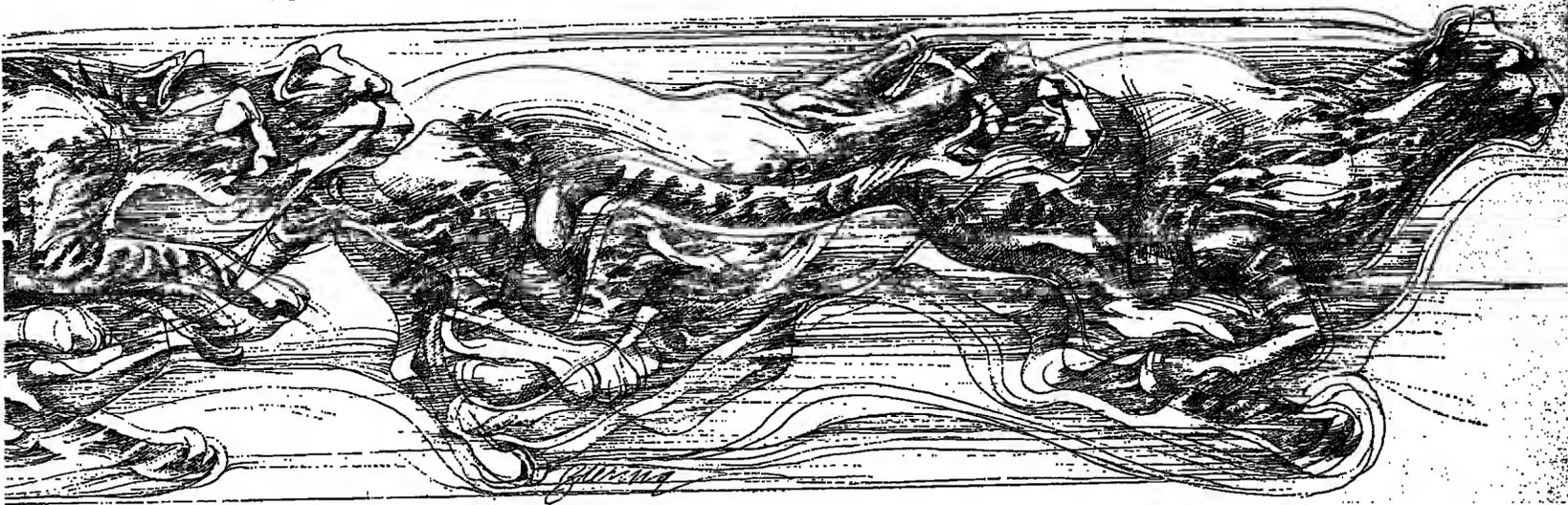
New York City (1976 GMT - 4:07)

Planet	Phase	Time
Mercury	Waxing Crescent	10:07 A.M.
Venus	Waxing Crescent	10:07 A.M.
Earth	Full	10:07 A.M.
Mars	Waxing Crescent	10:07 A.M.
Jupiter	Waxing Crescent	10:07 A.M.
Saturn	Waxing Crescent	10:07 A.M.
Uranus	Waxing Crescent	10:07 A.M.
Neptune	Waxing Crescent	10:07 A.M.
Pluto	Waxing Crescent	10:07 A.M.

U.S. and Canada

In the following record observations, the number of observations in the United States, high and low temperatures are in degrees Fahrenheit, and precipitation is in inches. In the 24-hour period ended at 7 P.M., precipitation totals are in tenths of an inch. All times are in Eastern Standard Time.

City	High	Low	Precip.	Cond.
Albany	47	26	0.00	Shower
Albuquerque	47	26	0.00	Shower
Anchorage	48	28	0.00	Cloud
Asheville	48	28	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Ga.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.C.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, S.C.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, D.C.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, W.Va.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Md.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Pa.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.Y.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, N.J.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Del.	52	32	0.00	Cloud
Atlanta, Va.				



Momentum

When a magazine's first quarter PIB ad revenues are up 12% over a year ago—

When its ad pages have increased by 99 over a year ago—

When its circulation averages 20 million copies weekly and is 2 million over its rate base—

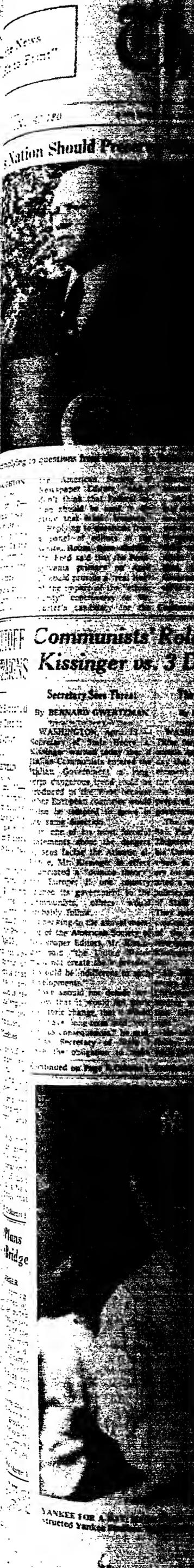
When a magazine is number one in circulation and ad revenues, and continues to leap forward in growth—

That's momentum.



TRIANGLE PUBLICATIONS, INC.

First in circulation.
First in advertising revenue.



مكزامن التّصهیل